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(54) Title: SUBSTITUTED PYRAZOLES AS p38 KINASE INHIBITORS

(57) Abstract

A class of pyrazole derivatives is described for use in treating p38 kinuse mediated disorders. Compounds of particular interest are defined by Formula (1) wherein R. R., R., R. and R. are as described in the specification.

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SUBSTITUTED PYRAZOLES AS p38 KINASE INHIBITORS

5 Cross-Reference to Related Application

This application claims priority from U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/047,570 filed May

10 Field of the Invention

This invention relates to a novel group of pyrazole compounds, compositions and methods for treating p38 kinase mediated disorders.

15 Background of the Invention

Mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAP) is a family of proline-directed serine/threonine kinases that activate their substrates by dual phosphorylation. The kinases are activated by a variety of signals including nutritional and osmotic stress, UV light, growth factors, endotoxin and inflammatory cytokines. The p38 MAP kinase group is a MAP family of various isoforms, including p38α, p38β and p38γ, and is responsible for phosphorylating and activating transcription factors

25 (e.g. AFF2, CHOP and MEF2C) as well as other kinases (e.g. MAPKAP-2 and MAPKAP-3). The p38 isoforms are activated by bacterial lipopolysaccharide, physical and chemical stress and by pro-inflammatory cytokines, including tumor necrosis factor (TNF-α) and interleukin-1

30 (IL-1). The products of the p38 phosphorylation mediate the production of inflammatory cytokines, including TNF and IL-1, and cyclooxygenase-2.

 $TNF-\alpha$ is a cytokine produced primarily by activated monocytes and macrophages. Excessive or unregulated TNF production has been implicated in mediating a number of diseases. Recent studies indicate that TNF has a causative role in the pathogenesis of rheumatoid

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arthritis. Additional studies demonstrate that inhibition of TNF has broad application in the treatment of inflammation, inflammatory bowel disease, multiple sclerosis and asthma.

TNF has also been implicated in viral infections, such as HIV, influenza virus, and herpes virus including herpes simplex virus type-1 (HSV-1), herpes simplex virus type-2 (HSV-2), cytomegalovirus (CMV), varicella-zoster virus (VZV), Epstein-Barr virus, human herpesvirus-6

10 (HHV-6), human herpesvirus-7 (HHV-7), human herpesvirus-8 (HHV-8), pseudorabies and rhinotracheitis, among others.

IL-8 is another pro-inflammatory cytokine, which is produced by mononuclear cells, fibroblasts, endothelial

cells, and keratinocytes, and is associated with 15 conditions including inflammation.

II-1 is produced by activated monocytes and macrophages and is involved in the inflammatory response II-1 plays a role in many pathophysiological responses including rheumatoid arthritis, fever and reduction of bone resorption.

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TNF, IL-1 and IL-8 affect a wide variety of cells and tissues and are important inflammatory mediators of a wide variety of disease states and conditions. The inhibition of these cytokines by inhibition of the p38 kinase is of benefit in controlling, reducing and

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alleviating many of these disease states.

Various pyrazoles have previously been described.

U.S. Patent No. 4,000,281, to Beiler and Binon, describes

4,5-aryl/heteroaryl substituted pyrazoles with antiviral

activity against both RNA and DNA viruses such as myxoviruses, adenoviruses, rhinoviruses, and various viruses of the herpes group. WO 92/19615, published November 12, 1992, describes pyrazoles as novel fungicides. U. S. Patent No. 3,984,431, to Cueremy and Renault, describes derivatives of pyrazole-5-acetic acid as having anti-inflammatory activity. Specifically, [1-

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isobutyl-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl}acetic acid is described. U. S. Patent No. 3,245,093 to Hinsgen et al, describes a process for preparing pyrazoles. WO 83/00330, published February 3, 1983, describes a new

- process for the preparation of diphenyl-3,4-methyl-5-pyrazole derivatives. WO 95/06036, published March 2, 1995, describes a process for preparing pyrazole derivatives. US patent 5,589,439, to T. Goto, et al., describes tetrazole derivatives and their use as
- herbicides. EP 515,041 describes pyrimidyl substituted pyrazole derivatives as novel agricultural fungicides.
 Japanese Patent 4,145,081 describes pyrazolecarboxylic acid derivatives as herbicides. Japanese Patent 5,345,772 describes novel pyrazole derivatives as inhibiting acetylcholinesterase.
 - Pyrazoles have been described for use in the treatment of inflammation. Japanese Patent 5,017,470 describes synthesis of pyrazole derivatives as anti-inflammatory, anti-rheumatic, anti-bacterial and anti-
- 101 Intrammatory, anti-mediment, anti-processes and anti-processes describes 4-imidazolyl-pyrazole derivatives as inhibitors of thromboxane synthesis. 3-(4-Isopropyl-1-methylcyclohex-1-yl)-4-(imidazol-1-yl)-1H-pyrazole is specifically described. WO 97/01551, published Jan 16, 25 1997, describes pyrazole compounds as adenosine
 - 1997, describes pyrazole compounds as adenosine antagonists. 4-(3-0xo-2,3-dihydropyridazin-6-yl)-3-phenylpyrazole is specifically described. U.S. Patent No. 5,134,142, to Matsuo et al. describes 1,5-diaryl pyrazoles as having anti-inflammatory activity.
- 10. U.S. Patent No. 5,559,137 to Adams et al, describes novel pyrazoles (1,3,4,-substituted) as inhibitors of cytokines used in the treatment of cytokine diseases. Specifically, 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(4-methylsulfinylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5H-pyrazole is described. WO 96/03385, published February 8, 1996,

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describes 3,4-substituted pyrazoles, as having anti-

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inflammatoxy activity. Specifically, 4-[1-ethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-trifluoromethyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)benzenesulfonamide is described.

The invention's pyrazolyl compounds are found to show usefulness as p38 kinase inhibitors.

Description of the Invention

A class of substituted pyrazolyl compounds useful in treating p38 mediated disorders is defined by Formula I:

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wherein

R' is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,

- 15 cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene,
 heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl,
 haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl,
 hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,
 arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,
- 20 alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino,
 - 25 alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylsminoalkylene,

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alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,

5 alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

 R^1 has the formula

wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R²⁵ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,
heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,
aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,
alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and
heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and
R²⁶ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl,
alkynyl, cycloalkylankylene, aralkyl,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R⁷⁷ is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,
25 aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,
cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,
cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene,
alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,
alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,
aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,
alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene,
alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene,

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aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,

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alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene,

- alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene,
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,
 alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,
 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,
 cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,
 aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,
- 15 arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,
- alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or
- R²⁷ is -CHR²⁸R²⁹ wherein R²⁸ is alkoxycarbonyl, and R²⁹ is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and
- aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro. Or

R²⁴ and R²⁷ together with the nitrogen atom to which 35 they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more

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radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl,

heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,

alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,

alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and

alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,

independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals

and

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R² is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl,

heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, 12

arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio,

carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, 20

alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, 25

epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted with one or more radicals independently cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylBulfonyl, 30

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arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

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R2 has the formula:

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(III)

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and

m is 0 or 1; and

alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, R^{30} and R^{31} are independently selected from hydrogen, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, R³² is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,

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alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,

R33 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(0)R35, heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

-C(0)OR35, -SO2R36, -C(0)NR37R38, and -SO2NR39R49, wherein R35 R36, R37, R38, R38 and R40 are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and 15

R34 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or 50

heterocyclyl; and

 R^2 is -CR $^{41}R^{42}$ wherein R^{41} is aryl, and R^{42} is hydroxy;

R³ is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl,

quinolinyl, purinyl,

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wherein R⁴¹ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; and

wherein the R' pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and 5 purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl,

- aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl,
- alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylaminocarbonyl, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl,

alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl,

- 20 alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR"R" wherein R" is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R" is alkyl or aralkyl; and
- R* is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,
 cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein
 R* is optionally substituted with one or more radicals
- 25 R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene,
- 30 alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,
- 35 arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; provided R³ is not 2-pyridinyl when R⁴ is a phenyl

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ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R¹ is hydrido; further provided R² is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R⁴ is hydrido; and further provided R⁴ is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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10 25 20 15 30 ω G state in a human, or other mammal, which is excacerbated and for use as antipyretics for the treatment of fever or caused by excessive or unregulated TNF or p38 kinase limited to, the treatment of any disorder or disease chronic pulmonary inflammatory disease. The compounds arthritic conditions. Such compounds would be useful for arthritis, spondyloarthropathies, gouty arthritis, arthritis, including but not limited to, rheumatoid effective cytokine-interfering amount of a compound of mediated disease which comprises administering an production by such mammal. Accordingly, the present immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), AIDS, ARC (AIDS infections, including sepsis, septic shock, gram negative are also useful for the treatment of viral and bacterial syndrome, pulmonary sarcoisosis, asthma, silicosis, and inflammation, including adult respiratory distress the treatment of pulmonary disorders or lung arthritis, osteoarthritis, gouty arthritis and other osteoarthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus and juvenile Compounds of the invention would be useful to treat limited to, the treatment of inflammation in a subject, Formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. invention provides a method of treating a cytokinerelated complex), pneumonia, and herpesvirus. The infection or malignancy, cachexia secondary to acquired sepsis, malaria, meningitis, cachexia secondary to Compounds of Formula I would be useful for, but not Compounds of Formula I would be useful for, but not

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would be useful to treat gastrointestinal conditions such and cardiac reperfusion injury, renal reperfusion injury, autoimmune disease including graft vs. host reaction and allograft rejections, cardiovascular diseases including atherosclerosis, thrombosis, congestive heart failure, angiogenic disorders. Compounds of the invention also dermatitis, keloid formation, scar tissue formation, resorption diseases, such as osteoporosis, endotoxic related conditions such as psoríasis, eczema, burns, compounds are also useful for the treatment of bone diabetes, systemic lupus erthrematosis (SLE), skintreatment of influenza, multiple sclerosis, cancer, The compounds are also useful for the liver disease and nephritis, and myalgias due to shock, toxic shock syndrome, reperfusion injury, as inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease,

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gastritis, irritable bowel syndrome and ulcerative colitis. The compounds would also be useful in the treatment of ophthalmic diseases, such as retinitis, artinopathies, uveitis, ocular photophobia, and of acute injury to the eye tissue. Compounds of the invention also would be useful for treatment of angiogenesis, including neoplasia, metastasis; ophthalmological conditions such as corneal graft rejection, ocular neovascularization, retinal neovascularization including neovascularization following injury or infection.

neovascularization, retinal neovascularization including neovascularization following injury or infection, diabetic retinopathy, retrolental fibroplasia and neovascular glaucoma; ulcerative diseases such as gastric ulcer; pathological, but non-malignant, conditions such as hemaginomas, including invantile hemaginomas, angiofibroma of the nasopharynx and avascular necrosis of bone; diabetic nephropathy and cardiomyopathy; and disorders of the female reproductive system such as

endometriosis. The compounds of the invention may also 35 be useful for preventing the production of cyclooxygenase-2.

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Besides being useful for human treatment, these compounds are also useful for veterinary treatment of companion animals, exotic animals and farm animals, including mammals, rodents, and the like. More preferred animals include horses, dogs, and cats.

The present compounds may also be used in cotherapies, partially or completely, in place of other conventional anti-inflammatories, such as together with steroids, cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitors, DMARD's,

inmunosuppressive agents, NSAIDs, 5-lipoxygenase inhibitors, LTB4 antagonists and LTA4 hydrolase inhibitors.

As used herein, the term "TNF mediated disorder" refers to any and all disorders and disease states in

by TNF plays a role, either by control of TNF itself, or by TNF causing another monokine to be released, such as but not limited to IL-1, IL-6 or IL-8. A disease state in which, for instance, IL-1 is a major component, and whose production or action, is exacerbated or secreted in

20 response to TNF, would therefore be considered a disorder mediated by TNF.

As used herein, the term "p38 mediated disorder"

refers to any and all disorders and disease states in

which p38 plays a role, either by control of p38 itself, 25 or by p38 causing another factor to be released, such as but not limited to IL-1, IL-6 or IL-8. A disease state in which, for instance, IL-1 is a major component, and whose production or action, is exacerbated or secreted in response to p38, would therefore be considered a disorder 30 mediated by p38.

As TNF- β has close structural homology with TNF- α (also known as cachectin) and since each induces similar biologic responses and binds to the same cellular receptor, the synthesis of both TNF- α and TNF- β are

35 inhibited by the compounds of the present invention and thus are herein referred to collectively as "TNF" unless

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specifically delineated otherwise.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein

R¹ is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower

5 cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower haloalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower mercaptoalkyl, lower alkylthioalkylene, amino, lower alkylamino, lower arylamino, lower

10 alkylaminoalkylene, and lower heterocyclylalkylene; or $R^1\ has\ the\ formula$

erein:

i is 0, 1 or 2; and

phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower phenoxyaminoalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower phenoxycarbonylalkylene, and

R²⁶ is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

25 R²⁷ is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkynyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower cycloalkenylalkylene, lower cycloalkylarylene, lower cycloalkylcycloalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylphenylalkyl, lower phenylalkylphenylene, lower

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alkylheterocyclyl, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower

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alkylheterocyclylphenylene, lower
phenylalkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower
alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl, lower
alkoxyheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkoxyphenylene, lower
phenoxyphenylene, lower phenylalkoxyphenylene, lower

- 5 phenoxyphenylene, lower phenylalkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, lower phenoxyalkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, lower
- 10 aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkylene, lower phenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower

aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower

- alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene
 15 lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower
 phenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower
 alkylphenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower
- phenylcarbonylphenylene, lower
 alkylphenylcarbonylphenylene, lower
 o alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylphenylene, lower
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylphenylene, lower
 alkoxycarbonylalkoxylphenylene, lower
 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylphenylene, lower
 alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, lower
 alkylthiophenylene, lower phenylalkylthiophenylene, lower
 beterocyclylthiophenylene, lower
- phenylthioalklylphenylene, lower
 phenylsulfonylaminoalkylene, lower
 alkylsulfonylphenylene, lower
 alkylsulfonylphenylene, lower
 alkylaminosulfonylphenylene; wherein said lower alkyl,
- 30 lower cycloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyphenylene, lower phenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower
- 35 phenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenylcarbonylphenylene, lower alkylthiophenylene, lower

alkylsulfonylphenylene groups are optionally substituted lower alkyl, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, with one or more radicals independently selected from phenylthioalklylphenylene, and lower heterocyclylthiophenylene, lower

alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, phenylalkoxyalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower R²⁷ is -CHR⁴⁶R⁴⁷ wherein R⁴⁶ is lower alkoxycarbonyl, and R" is selected from lower phenylalkyl, lower

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amino, nitro, and cyano; or

or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one phenylalkylthioalkylene; wherein said phenylalkyl and lower alkylthioalkylene, and lower and nitro; or 15

R26 and R27 together with the nitrogen atom to which wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring heterocycle, one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkylphenoxyalkylene, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, lower 20

phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl selected from substituted with one or more radicals independently and lower phenoxyalkylene radicals are optionally phenylalkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino and lower 25 30

aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, lower selected from halogen, lower alkyl and lower alkoxy; and R² is selected from hydrido, halogen, lower alkyl, haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower

heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkynylamino

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phenylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower

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alkylaminoalkylamino, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, heterocyclylalkylamino, lower phenylalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower

heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl,

alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower

heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl, and cycloalkenyl groups heterocyclylsulfonyl, lower heterocyclyloxy, and lower are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, lower alkyl, heterocyclylthio; wherein the aryl, heterocylyl, 10

epoxyalkyl, carboxy, lower alkoxy, lower aryloxy, lower phenylalkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower lower alkynyl, phenyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower 15

alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl amino(hydroxyalkyl), lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lowėr lower phenylalkylsulfonyl, and phenylsulfonyl; or 20

R2 has the formula:

wherein:

25

jis 0, lor 2; and

m is 0;

alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, R30 and R31 are independently selected from hydrogen,

aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and 30

R¹² is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,

heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,

- ហ $-C(0)OR^{35}$, $-SO_2R^{36}$, $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{38}$, and $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$. R^{33} is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, $-C(0)R^{35}$, wherein R35 is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl,
- 10 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyarylene, haloalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, arylarylene, arylheterocyclyl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, arylcycloalkyl, cycloalkenylalkylene,

aryloxyalkylene, aralkoxyalkylene, cycloalkyloxyalkylene

- 15 arylcarbonyloxyalkylarylene, and alkylthioalkylene; alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aralkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylarylene,
- 25 20 selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl groups are optionally arylheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyalkylene, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or substituted with one or more radicals independently cycloalkoxyalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and
- alkylarylsulfonylamino, and R49 is selected from aralkyl, amino, alkylamino, and aralkylamino; or R^{15} is CHR**R** wherein R^{40} is arylsulfonylamino or
- R³⁵ is -NR⁵⁰R⁵¹ wherein R⁵⁰ is alkyl, and R⁵¹ is aryl;

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alkoxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylaminoarylene heterocyclylheterocyclyl, carboxyarylene, alkoxyarylene, alkenylarylene, arylarylene, aralkyl, aralkenyl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, alkylarylene, wherein R36 is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl,

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alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl,

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with one or more radicals independently selected from alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted aralkyl, alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, and alkylsulfonylaralkyl, and arylsulfonylheterocyclyl; alkylamino, alkylaminoarylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, arylcarbonylaminoalkylheterocyclyl, alkylaminoarylene

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- 10 keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and wherein R38 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, wherein R37 is selected from hydrogen and alkyl; and
- 15 aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, arylcycloalkyl, arylarylene, cycloalkylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,
- 20 alkylthioarylene, alkylsulfonylaralkyl, and alkylaminoaralkyl, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylcarbonylcarbonylalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, substituted with one or more radicals independently aralkyl, and heterocyclylalkylene groups are optionally aminosulfonylaralkyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy,
- 25 is alkylthioalkylene; or haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or R^{30} is -CR $^{52}R^{53}$ wherein R^{52} is alkoxycarbonyl, and R^{53}

they are attached form a heterocycle; and \mathbb{R}^{39} and \mathbb{R}^{40} have the same definition as \mathbb{R}^{26} and \mathbb{R}^{27} in R37 and R38 together with the nitrogen atom to which

claim 1; or R² is -CR⁵⁴R⁵⁵ wherein R⁵⁴ is phenyl and R⁵⁵ is hydroxy;

õ

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R2 is selected from the group consisting of

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(VII) (VI

(VIII)

wherein

R56 and R57 form a lower alkylene bridge; and R56 is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and R'' is hydrogen or lower alkyl; or k is an integer from 0 to 3; and

Rs* is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, alkylsulfonyl, aralkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, -C(0)R59, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl,

9

cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylarylene, aralkyl, wherein R59 is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl -SO₂R⁶⁰, and -C(0)NHR⁶¹;

haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl; wherein independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, optionally substituted with one or more radicals said aryl, heterocyclyl, and aralkyl groups are alkylheterocyclyl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, aralkoxy, 15

wherein R⁶⁰ is selected from alkyl, aryl, cyano; and 20

heterocyclyl, alkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, aralkyl, selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy heterocyclylheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene, alkylamino, substituted with one or more radicals independently heterocyclyl, and aralkyl groups are optionally alkylaminoarylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, and arylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl, 25

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haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

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alkylarylene, and alkoxyarylene; wherein said aryl group haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, wherein R⁶¹ is selected from alkyl, aryl,

R³ is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl,

quinolinyl, purinyl, and

cyano; and .

lower aminoalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkenoxyalkyl wherein R43 is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl and lower aryloxyalkyl; and 9

wherein the R' pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or

phenylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower alkylsulfinyl, cyano, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower phenylalkenyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, halo, more radicals independently selected from lower lower alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, lower 15

arylamino, lower aralkylamino, nitro, halosulfonyl, lower lower alkenylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower aminoalkyl, alkoxy, amino, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkylamino, alkylcarbonylamino, lower haloalkyl, hydroxy, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower 20

alkoxyphenylalkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower phenylalkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, hydroxyalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower 25

alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁶³ is lower alkyl or lower lower alkoxyphenylalkylamino, hydrazinyl, lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR⁶²R⁶³ wherein R⁶² is lower 30

21

phenylalkyl; and

R' is selected from hydrido, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, and 5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl; wherein the lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, aryl and 5-10

- 5 lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, aryl and 5-10 membered heterocyclyl groups of R' are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, lower
- 10 alkoxy, lower aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower heterocyclyl, lower haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, lower alkylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer hereof.

A class of compounds of particular interest consists of these compounds of Formula I wherein R¹ is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl,

isopropy1, tert-buty1, isobuty1, fluoromethy1,
difluoromethy1, trifluoromethy1, chloromethy1,
dichloromethy1, trichloroethy1, pentafluoroethy1,
heptafluoropropy1, difluorochloromethy1,
dichlorofluoromethy1, difluoroethy1, difluoropropy1,

dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethenyl, propenyl,
25 ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl,
piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl,
morpholinylmethyl, morpholinylethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl,
piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridinylmethyl,
thienylmethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, amino,

methylamino, dimethylamino, phenylamino, methylaminoethyl methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, methylaminoethyl dimethylaminoethyl, ethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, mercaptomethyl, and methylthiomethyl; and

 R^2 is selected from hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo.

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methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, phenyl, biphenyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl,

- 5 difluorochloromethyl, dichlorocthyl, difluorocthyl, difluoropropyl, dichlorocthyl, pyridinyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, pyridinyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, piperidinyl,
- piperazinyl, morpholinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl,
 methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino
 N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-npropylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-methyl-N-phenylamino,
 N-phenylamino, piperadinylamino, N-benzylamino, N-
- propargylamino, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropenyl, cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, N,N-
- 20 dimethylaminoethylamino, N.N-dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, 1,1dimethylethoxycarbonyl, 1,1-
- 25 dimethylethoxycarbonylaminoethylamino, 1,1dimethylethoxycarbonylaminopropylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, and 1,1dimethylethoxycarbonylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are
- optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, benzyl, carboxy, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, and 1,1-
- 35 dimethylamino, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, and 1,1dimethylethylcarbonyl; or

R² is -CR⁵⁴R⁵⁵ wherein R⁵⁴ is phenyl and R⁵⁵ is hydroxy; and

puriny1; wherein R³ is optionally substituted with one or R3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, and

- methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, more radicals independently selected from methylthio, aminosulfonyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, isobutyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, difluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, 'n
 - fluorophenylethenyl, chlorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylmethyl, fluorophenylethyl, chlorophenylmethyl, chlorophenylethyl, dichloromethyl, chloromethyl, hydroxy, 10
- fluorophenylpyrazolyl, chlorophenylpyrazolyl, carboxy, methoxy, ethoxy, propyloxy, n-butoxy, methylamino, aminoethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, phenylamino, methylbutylamino, propargylamino, aminomethyl, ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, 2-15
 - ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, N,Ncyclopropylamino, nitro, chlorosulfonyl, amino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, diphenylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, methylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino, 20
- morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, 25
- R' is selected from hydrido, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, or -NR°2R63 wherein R63 is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R63 is methyl, ethyl or phenylmethyl; and methoxyphenylmethylamino, hydrazinyl, 1-methyl-30
 - cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylenyl, cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, 35

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isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl, piperidinyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazinyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydropyridinyl,

benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein groups of R4 are optionally substituted with one or more methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, ethynyl methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, amino, cyano, nitro, dihydrofuryl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrofuryl, radicals independently selected from methylthio, 10

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or thereof.

15

Another class of compounds of particular interest

hydroxyethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl or consists of these compounds of Formula I wherein R^1 is hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propargyl, morpholinylethyl; 20

wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, and pyridinyl groups are R' is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl dimethylamino, N-phenylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, and piperazinylamino; phenyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, N,Noptionally substituted with one or more radicals 25

quinolinyl; wherein R³ is optionally substituted with one R' is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, and trifluoromethyl; 30

bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, 35

25

dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl;

R' is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl,

5 dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of R' are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy,

10 benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

15 A class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein

R1 is hydrido or methyl;

 R^2 is selected from hydrido, methyl or ethyl; R^3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or

20 quinolinyl; wherein R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl,

25 amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl;
R' is selected from phenyl which is optionally

substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy,

30 trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

Still another class of compounds of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein R^1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl,

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isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, difluorochloromethyl,

- 5 dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethenyl, propenyl, ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, morpholinylmethyl, morpholinylethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridinylmethyl,
- thienylmethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, phenylamino, methylamino, methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, methylaminoethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, ethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl, hydroxymethyl, mercaptomethyl, and

methylthiomethyl; and R² has the formula:

$$-\frac{1}{100} \left(\frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{100}\right)^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{100}\right)^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^$$

20 wherein:

j is 0, 1 or 2; and m is 0; and

 R^{30} and R^{31} are independently selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl;

phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower phenylaminoalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene, and lower heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

 R^{33} is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, -C(0) R^{35} , -C(0) QR^{35} , -C(0) QR^{35} , and -SO₂ QR^{35} , -C(0) QR^{35} , and -SO₂ QR^{35}

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wherein R¹⁵ is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower

- s cycloalkenylalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclyl, phenylphenylene, lower phenylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower
- 10 phenylalkoxyalkylene, lower cycloalkyloxyalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, lower alkylcarbonyloxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower
- 15 phenylalkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl, lower phenylcarbonyloxyalkylphenylene, and lower alkylthioalkylene; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower
 - phenylalkyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower phenylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower cycloalkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl groups are optionally
- anytranzong more of more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano, or

R¹⁵ is CHR⁴⁶R⁴⁹ wherein R⁴⁶ is phenylsulfonylamino or 30 lower alkylphenylsulfonylamino, and R⁴⁹ is selected from lower phenylalkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, and lower phenylalkylamino; or

R³⁵ is -NR⁵⁰R⁵¹ wherein R⁵⁰ is lower alkyl, and R⁵¹ is aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl; and wherein R³⁶ is selected from lower alkyl, lower

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haloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and

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naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, phenylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylalkenyl, lower heterocyclylheterocyclyl, carboxyphenylene, lower

alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower alkylcarbonylaminophenylene, lower alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, lower

alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, lower phenylcarbonylaminoalkylheterocyclyl, lower

alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylamino, lower

10 alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, lower

alkylsulfonylphenylalkyl, and lower phenylsulfonylpherocyclyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower

alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, and lower alkylsulfonylphenylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano;

20 and wherein \mathbb{R}^{17} is selected from hydrogen and lower

alkyl; and wherein R^{38} is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and

25 naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower phenylcycloalkyl, phenylphenylene, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower

phenylalkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower
alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyphenylene, phenylcarbonyl,
lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower
alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower

alkylcarbonylcarbonylalkylene, lower alkylaminoalkylene, lower alkylaminophenylalkyl, lower alkylthiophenylene, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, lower alkylthiophenylene,

lower alkylsulfonylphenylalkyl, and lower

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aminosulfonylphenylalkyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, and lower heterocyclylalkylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy,

lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or $R^{38} \text{ is } -CR^{22}R^{53} \text{ wherein } R_{32} \text{ is lower alkoxycarbonyl},$

u

and R₅₇ is lower alkylthioalkylene; or
10 R³⁷ and R³⁸ together with the nitrogen atom to which
they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring heterocycle;
R³⁸ and R⁴⁰ have the same definition as R²⁶ and R²⁷ in

R2 is selected from the group consisting of

claim 2; or

15

(VI) (VII) (VIII)

erein

k is an integer from 0 to 2; and R³⁵ is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and R³⁷ is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and R³⁸ is selected from hydrogen lower alkyl;

20

R** is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower phenylalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl. lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower phenylalkylsulfonyl, -C(O)R**, -SO₂R**, and -C(O)NHR**;

25

wherein R⁵⁹ is selected from lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower cycloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower

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alkylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy, loewr phenylalkoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl; wherein said alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl; wherein said

5 aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, and lower phenylalkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkyl, and cyano; and

wherein R⁶⁰ is selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower beterocyclylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower

15 heterocyclylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxypnenylene, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, and lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, and lower phenylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, and lower phenylalkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano;

wherein R*i is selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and napthyl, lower alkylphenylene, and lower alkoxyphenylene; wherein said aryl group is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

R³ is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, and purinyl; wherein R³ is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, aminosulfonyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl,

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isobuty1, cyano, methoxycarbony1, ethoxycarbony1,
aminocarbony1, methylcarbonylamino, trifluoromethy1,
difluoromethy1, fluoromethy1, trichloromethy1,
dichloromethy1, chloromethy1, hydroxy,

- fluorophenylmethyl, fluorophenylethyl, chlorophenylethyl, chlorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, chlorophenylpyrazolyl, carboxy, methoxy, ethoxy, propyloxy, n-butoxy, methylamino,
 - methoxy, ethoxy, propyroxy, a cooxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, 2methylbutylamino, propargylamino, aminomethyl,
 aminoethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, phenylamino,
 diphenylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino,
 cyclopropylamino, nitro, chlorosulfonyl, amino,
 15 methylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino,
- 15 methylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, N,Ndimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino,
- 20 piperidinylamino, pyridinylamethylamino,
 phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, phenylmethylamino,
 fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino,
 methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, methylaminoethylamino, hydrazinyl, 1-methyl25 hydrazinyl, or -NR²R² wherein R² is methylcarbonyl or
- 25 hydrazinyl, or -NR⁴⁷R⁴³ wherein R⁴³ is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁴³ is methyl, ethyl or phenylmethyl; and R⁴ is selected from hydrido, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylenyl, cyclobutenyl,
 - cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylenyl, cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, biphenyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, pyridinyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, isothiazolyl, isothiazolyl, isodyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, isodyninlinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydropyridinyl, dihydrofuryl, tetrahydrofuryl,

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benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein

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the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of R' are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo,

- methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, ethynyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, amino, cyano, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or
 - a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Still another class of compounds of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein R¹ is hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propargyl,

15 hydroxyethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl or morpholinylethyl;

R2 has the formula:

$$\frac{H^{30}}{-1} - \frac{1}{h^{3}} - \frac{1}{h^{3}} - \frac{1}{h^{3}} - \frac{H^{32}}{-1} - \frac{1}{h^{3}}$$
(II.

wherein:

j is 0, 1 or 2; and

20

m is 0; and

R³º is hydrogen; and

25

-SO₂R³⁶, .-C(O)NR³⁷R³⁶, and -SO₂NR³⁹R⁴⁰; wherein R¹⁵ is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, phenyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower

alkylphenylene, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy, lower
30 alkoxyalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, and lower
phenylalkoxyalkylene; wherein said phenyl and lower
phenoxyalkylene groups are optionally substituted with

one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, and lower haloalkyl; and

lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, wherein R36 is selected from lower alkyl, phenyl,

- phenylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower phenyl and lower heterocyclyl groups are optionally alkylheterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylheterocyclyl, lower substituted with one or more radicals independently alkoxyphenylene, and lower alkylamino; wherein said
- 10 selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower nitro, and cyano; and haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino,

lower alkylphenylene; wherein R³⁸ is selected from lower alkyl, phenyl, and wherein R37 is hydrogen; and

15

R27 in claim 2; or wherein R³9 and R⁴0 have the same definition as R²6 and

R2 is selected from the group consisting of

20 wherein (VI) (VIII)

R57 is hydrogen; and R56 is hydrogen; and k is an integer from 0 or 1; and

25

substituted with one or more radicals independently alkoxyalkylene; wherein said phenyl group is optionally cycloalkyl, phenyl, lower alkylphenylene, and lower R^{50} is selected from $-C(0)R^{59}$ and $-SO_2R^{60}$; wherein R⁵⁹ is selected from lower alkyl, lower

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nitro, and cyano; and haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino. selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower

quinolinyl; wherein R3 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, R3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or wherein R 60 is selected from lower alkyl; and

10 dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; and

cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, R' is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl,

15 20 benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, R' are optionally substituted with one or more radicals

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

Still another class of compounds of specific

25 interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein R1 is hydrido or methyl; and

R3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or

30 benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, quinolinyl; wherein R3 is optionally substituted with one

substituted with one or more radicals independently dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; and R' is selected from phenyl which is optionally

<u>ц</u>

selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl,

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trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, thereof.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the compounds of Formula I satisfy one or more of the following conditions: R' is hydrido or lower alkyl; more preferably, R' is hydrido or methyl; and still more preferably, R¹ is hydrido;

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R' is hydrido or lower alkyl; more preferably, R' is hydrido or methyl; and still more preferably, R2 is hydrido;

R' is substituted or unsubstituted pyridinyl; and R* is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl; and preferably, R4 is phenyl substituted with halo. preferably, the pyridinyl is a 4-pyridinyl; or

15

preferably at least one R3 substitutent is attached to the carbon atom positioned between two nitrogen atoms of the In addition, where R^3 is substituted pyrimidinyl, pyrimidinyl ring. 20

tautomers and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof A family of specific compounds of particular interest within Formula I consists of compounds, 25

4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; 30

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[5-methyl-3-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[5-methyl-3-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-[3-(4-chlorohpenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

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4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[5-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4

4-[5-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4·

4-[3-methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[5-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl]-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

4-[3-methy1-5-[3-(phenoxypheny1)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine; 10

4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

4-[3-methyl-5-[2-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

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2-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol; 3 - [3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol;

1-hydroxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridinium; 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-

pyrazol-3-amine;

20

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3amine; 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-{5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-5-yllpyridine; 25

4-(5-cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-propyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)methyl]pyridine;

4-[3,5-bis(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[4-methyl-2-(2-trifluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

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4-[5-methyl-3-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

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4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

ຫ yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-{3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

10 yl)benzenamine; N, N-dimethyl-4-[5-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3 4-[5-methyl-3-(3-nitrophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[3-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

15 4-[3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; yl]pyridine; 4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

20 4-[5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine 4-(3-ethyl-4-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

4-[5-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-[3-ethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

yl]pyridine;

25 4-[5-(3-ethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine 4-[3-methyl-5-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

4-[3-methyl-5-(3-thienyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[5-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

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4-{5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: 4-[5-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

propanoate; ethyl 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5yl]pyridine;

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine.

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5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-lH-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-

5-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-

5-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-5-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-

5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

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5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;

15 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-

amine; 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-

amine; 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-

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4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2amine;

25 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-

5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-2-2-amine;

2-methoxy-5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4methoxypyridine;

yl]pyridine;

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yl]pyridine; 2-methoxy-5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

methoxypyridine; 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-

3 2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

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2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine;

4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2methoxypyridine;

2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4methoxypyridine; yl]pyridine;

5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-

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4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-01;

4.[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-

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4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2oJ;

4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-5 20

4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-01;

4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine; 25

2-methanamine;

4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-1- [5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine; 2-methanamine; 30

4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;

2-methanamine;

4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-2-methanamine; 35

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5-{5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine

4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide; 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;

1-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;

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4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine 2-carboxamide; 2-carboxamide;

4-[5-(4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

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4-[5-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

4-[5-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-y1)-3-methy1-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; yllpyridine; 20

4-[5-(benzofuran-6-y1)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-[5-(3-chloro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; yl)pyridine; 25

4-[5-(1-cyclohexyen-1-yl)-3-methyl-lH-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine;

4-[5-(1,3-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 30

 4-[5-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

4-(5-cyclohexyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

4-[5-(4-methoxy-3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 35

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4-[5-(3-methoxy-4-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yllpyridine;
4-[5-(3-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yllpyridine;
4-[5-(3-furyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
carboxylate;
4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-2carboxamide;
1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-2yl]ethanone;
N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-2yl]pyridin-2-amine;

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15 yl)pyridin-2-amine;
3-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
3-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;
methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine-3-carboxylate;

20 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-3carboxamide;
1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-3yl]ethanone;
3-bromo-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

25 N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-2yl)pyridin-3-amine;
2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;
4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;
2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

30 yl)pyrimidine;
4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;
N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;
4-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-

pyrazole;
3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(3-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole;

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ç 4-(3-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole; 4-(2-furyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole; 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(2-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole; 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yllpyridine; 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; 4-(1-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 3-methyl-4-(5-oxazolyl)-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole; 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(5-thiazolyl)-1H-pyrazole; 4-(5-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole; 4-(5-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole; 4-(3-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole 4-(3-furyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole; 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 2-methyl-4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; 2-methyl-4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

15 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]-2methylpyridine;
5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3amine;

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-3-amine dihydrate;

30 5-(3-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-3-amine;
N,N-dimethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-

N, N-dimethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;

N-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-35 amine;

N-ethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-

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N,N-diethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-lHpyrazol-3-amine;

5-(4-chlorophenyl) - N,N-diethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-lHpyrazol-3-amine;

pyrazor - 5 - amine; 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl) - 4-(4-pyridinyl) - 1H-pyrazol - 3-

yl]morpholine; 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-propyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-310 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-3-amine hydrate (2:1);
5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-

pyrazol-3-amine monohydrate;
1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-

yl)piperazine trihydrochloride;

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4methylpiperazine;

20 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)11-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;

1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]piperazine trihydrochloride;

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-

25 yl]piperazine;
N-{5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-{2-(phenylmethyl)amino]-4pyridinyl}-11-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine,

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-430 (phenylmethyl)piperazine;

trihydrochloride;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyrimidine, dihydrochloride; 1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-

pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate;
35 N-[5-[4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]1,3-propanediamine, trihydrochloride monohydrate;

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1,1-dimethylethyl [2-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]ethyl]carbamate;
1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;

1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;
1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-

pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]aminolpropyl]carbamate;
10 1-{5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4ethylpiperazine;
N-{5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-

N-[5 (4-cntotophenyı)-4-(4-pyıluluyı)-in-pyrazor-5-3 1,2-ethanediamine;

4-[3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

15 yllpyridine;

4-[3-(3-ethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
4-[3-ethyl-5-(3-ethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

25 4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazole-1-ethanol;

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(430 pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl) -1-(2-hydroxyethyl) -4-(4-pyridinyl) 1H-pyrazol-5-yl] -2(1H)-pyridinone;
1-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl) -1-(2-hydroxyethyl) -4-(4-

35 Ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylate;

pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone;

1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-4-[3-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1,1-dimethylethyl 4-((5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3pyrazole-1-ethanol; 1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid; 1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate; carboxylic acid; yl]carbonyl]piperazine;

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15 5 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 4-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yllpyridine; 4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

20 25 4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

30 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol; 4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine 2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-

pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol; 4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

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yl]pyridine;

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20 15 10 30 25 35 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone $3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 1 - methyl - \alpha - phenyl - 4 - (4 - pyridinyl) - 1H - (4 - pyridi$ 4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1pyridinecarbonitrile; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinamine; 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4pyrazole-5-methanol; yl]ethyl]morpholine; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-4-{3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-2-pyridinamine; yridine; 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylp 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-y)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrid 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine4-[3pyridinecarboxylic acid; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinecarboxamide; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2pyridinecarboxylate; Methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinecarboxamide; pyridinamine; morpholineethanamine; 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; -yl]-2-methylpyridine; (3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yllpyridine; 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

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4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4

2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4

-yllpyridine; S

4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

4-[3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[1-methyl-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

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4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine;

4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl}pyridine;

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridi 15

(B) -4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(2-phenyleth 4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; enyl)pyridine;

(S)-4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-N-(2-methylbut

yl)- 2-pyridinamine; 20

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]- 2-pyridinamine;

N- [4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-

2-pyridinemethanamine;

N- [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-25

2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-lH-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[1-methyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}-1H-pyrazol-4-yl 30

N-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyra N-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyraz zol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(1-

ol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;

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methylhydrazino)pyridine;

2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]p

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoro-

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methylpyridine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methyl-

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-flu oropyridine;

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3-(4-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazo le-1-ethanamine;

2- [2- (4-fluorophenyl) ethyl] -4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[1-15

(phenylmethyl) -4-piperidinyl] -2-pyridinamine;

N' - [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-N, N-dimethyl-1, 2-ethanediamine;

2,4-bis[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-4-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazolemorpholineethanamine; 20

1-ethanol;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[2-(1H-imidazol-

1-yl)ethyll-2-pyridinamine; 25 4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-lHpyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine; (E) -3 - (4-fluorophenyl) -4 - [2 - [2 - (4-fluorophenyl) ethenyl] -4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine; 30

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol; 4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-

pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-pyridinamine, 35

4.[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-

[{2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3(or 5)-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-fluorophenyl)3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine; pyridinyl]-N,N-dimethyl-lH-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-4-piperadinyl-2

 $N, N-\text{diethyl-3-} (4-\text{fluorophenyl}) - 4 - (2-\text{fluoro-4-pyridinyl}) - (2-\text{fluoro-4-pyridinyl}) - (2-\text{fluoro-4-pyridinyl}) - (2-\text{fluoro-4-pyridinyl}) - (2-\text{fluoro-4-pyridinyl}) - (2-\text{fluoro-4-pyridinyl}) - (2-\text{fl$

10 1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;

4-[1-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-2-[[4-[3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine;

15 2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinyl|amino|ethanol; pyridinyl|amino|ethanol;

3-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinyl]amino]-1-propanol;

4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol; 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-

20

4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol; 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-

N,N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-

pyrazole-1-ethanamine;

25 N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4morpholiny1)ethy1]-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]-2-pyridinamine; N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[2-(4-

N'-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]morpholinepropanamine;

N, N-dimethyl-1, 3-propanediamine;

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5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl}-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;

ω 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino] 4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;

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N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yllglycine methyl ester; N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-4-[3-[(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]quinoline;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine; 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

10 4,4'-(1H-pyrazole-3,4-diyl)bis[pyridine];

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-4-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; piperidinamine;

2-Chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

15 yl]pyrimidine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone

pyrimidinamine; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-

20 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2pyrimidinamine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine;

N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-

25 pyrimidinamine;

methoxyphenyl) methyl] - 2 - pyrimidinamine; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine;

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-

30 N-(phenylmethyl)acetamide;

Ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-

4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine; pyrimidinyl]carbamate;

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;

ω 5 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine; and

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

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Within Formula I there is another subclass of compounds of high interest represented by Formula IX:

wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R¹ is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower heterocycyl, lower aralkyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl, and

piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, R² is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower 10 15 20

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alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and

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heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower

alkoxycarbonyl; or R^{54} is phenyl and R^{55} is hydroxy; R^2 is -CR 54 R 55 wherein R^{54} is phenyl and

R' is selected from hydrido, lower cycloalkyl, lower oycloalkenyl, lower cycloalkyldienyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, naphthyl; wherein R' is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower

alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and R⁵ is selected from halo, amino, cyano,

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aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino,

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lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylamino

25 heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR^{c2}R^{c3} wherein R^{c3} is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R^{c3} is lower alkyl or lower

30 phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula IX

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R¹ is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl,

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hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R' is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl,

methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-

5 N.N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N.N-diethylamino, Nphenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino,

morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino,
10 piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl,
pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, mathoxyethylamino, (1,1-

dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1-

15 piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethyl-

dimethyl) ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino,

ethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are obtionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro,

20 bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl; and

R' is selected from cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl,

thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy,

30 benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

R⁵ is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl. fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl,

aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino,

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ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino,

morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino,

5 phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl,
 cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl,
 ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino,
 phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino,
 fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl,

10 methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or $NR^{67}R^{63}$ wherein R^{62} is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R^{63} is methyl or benzyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

compounds of high interest represented by Formula X:

Within Formula I there is another subclass of

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Z- Z

(x)

wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R¹ is selected from lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and R² is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl

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selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl,

- 5 lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower
- 10 heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower
- heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

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R² is -CR⁵⁴R⁵⁵ wherein R⁵⁴ is phenyl and R⁵⁵ is hydroxy;

R' is selected from 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, and

- wherein R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and R' is selected from halo, amino, cyano,
 - aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower aralkenyl, lower aralkylamino, lower aralkylamino, lower aralkylamino, lower aralkylamino, lower aralkylamino, lower

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alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower

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alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower

alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR⁶³R⁶³ wherein R⁶³ is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁶³ is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

tnereo

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula \boldsymbol{X}

 R^1 is selected from methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

- 15 R² is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, M-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino,
 - aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, piperadinylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl,
 - 25 carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1-

dimethy1)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, and 1,1-dimethyl-

piperazinylcarbonyl, and 1,1-dimethyl30 ethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl,

piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, brome, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl,

35 methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl; and

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R' is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

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R⁵ is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl,
10 fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl,
fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl,
aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy,
methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino,
ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino,

hydroxyethylamino, propargylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl,

20 ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino,
phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino,
fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl,
methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or NR⁶²R⁶³ wherein R⁶² is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁶³ is
methyl or benzyl; or

methyl or benzyl; or
 a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer
thereof.

Within Formula I there is another subclass of good compounds of high interest represented by Formula XI:

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vherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R^1 is selected from lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower

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alkylaminoalkyl; and

R² is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl
selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl,
nyridinyl and morpholinyl low

piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower

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lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower

alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino

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alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino; lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

 R^2 is -CR54R55 wherein R^{54} is phenyl and R^{55} is hydroxy; and

R' is selected from 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl; wherein R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and

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R⁵ is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower

aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower

alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR⁶⁷R⁶³ wherein R⁶² is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁶³ is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁶³ is lower lower

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

phenylalkyl; or

30 A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula XI

R¹ is selected from methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and R² is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl,

35 trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N.N-dimethylamino, N-

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ethylamino, N.N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino,

5 morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1- dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino,

10 piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl,

piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro,

R' is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl,

pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and

25 hydroxy; and R⁵ is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy,

methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino,

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35 phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl,

 $NR^{62}R^{63}$ wherein R^{62} is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R^{63} is ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, methyl or benzyl; or methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl,

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a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

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compounds of Formula IX wherein

A preferred class of compounds consists of those

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom;

hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and R' is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower

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selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, R2 is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl

20 piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl,

30 25 carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower more radicals independently selected from halo, lower heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower

<u>и</u> alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower

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alkoxycarbonyl; or heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower

R2 is -CR54R55 wherein R54 is phenyl and R55 is hydroxy;

hydroxy; and haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower R4 is phenyl that is optionally substituted with one

10 aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower R⁵ is selected from halo, amino, cyano,

20 15 arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower

alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR 62 R 63 wherein R 62 is lower phenylalkyl; or alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R63 is lower alkyl or lower

25 a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

of those compounds of Formula IX wherein R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl A class of compounds of specific interest consists

30 hydroxyethyl and propargyl;

ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, Nethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, Ntrifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, R2 is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl,

35 phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino

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imidazoly1, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl,

- dimethyl) ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1ethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl, dimethyl) ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethyl-
- more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl; 10
- R' is phenyl that is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and 12
 - R' is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, 20
 - ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, nydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, 25
- cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, 30
- NR62R63 wherein R62 is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R63 is methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, methyl or benzyl; or

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a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt.or tautomer thereof.

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; Another class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein

R' is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower alkynyl; and

and

R' is selected from phenyl and benzodioxolyl; wherein R' is selected from hydrido and lower alkyl; and phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more halo radicals; and 20

Rs is selected from hydrido, halo and

alkylhydrazinyl; or 15

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Still another class of compounds of specific

interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein 20

R¹ is selected from hydrido, methyl, hydroxyethyl, Z represents a carbon atom; and

propargyl; and

R2 is hydrido; and

25

R' is selected from phenyl and benzodioxolyl; wherein radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro and phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more bromo; and

R' is selected from hydrido, fluoro, and 1methylhydrazinyl; or 30

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof. A preferred class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein 32

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Z represents a carbon atom; and

R¹ is selected from hydrido and methyl; and

R² is hydrido; and

R⁴ is selected from phenyl that is optionally
substituted with one or more radicals independently
selected from chloro, fluoro and bromo; and

R⁵is selected from hydrido and fluoro; or
a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

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thereof.

The term "hydrido" denotes a single hydrogen atom

(H). This hydrido radical may be attached, for example,
to an oxygen atom to form a hydroxyl radical or two
hydrido radicals may be attached to a carbon atom to form
a methylene (-CH2-) radical. Where used, either alone or
within other terms such as "haloalkyl", "alkylsulfonyl",
"alkoxyalkyl" and "hydroxyalkyl", "cyanoalkyl" and
"mercaptoalkyl", the term "alkyl" embraces linear or
branched radicals having one to about twenty carbon atoms
or, preferably, one to about twelve carbon atoms. More
preferred alkyl radicals are "lower alkyl" radicals

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with a cycloalkyl radical. More preferred

cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl. The term

"cycloalkylalkylene" embraces alkyl radicals substituted

atoms. Examples of such radicals include methyl, ethyl, 25 n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tertbutyl, pentyl, iso-amyl, hexyl and the like. The term "alkenyl" embraces linear or branched radicals having at least one carbon-carbon double bond of two to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, two to about twelve

having one to about ten carbon atoms. Most preferred are

lower alkyl radicals having one to about six carbon

alkenyl" radicals having two to about six carbon atoms. Examples of alkenyl radicals include ethenyl, allyl, propenyl, butenyl and 4-methylbutenyl. The terms "alkenyl" and "lower alkenyl", embrace radicals having "cis" and "trans" orientations, or alternatively, "E" and "Z" orientations. The term "alkynyl" embraces linear or

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branched radicals having at least one carbon-carbon triple bond of two to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, two to about twelve carbon atoms. More preferred alkynyl radicals are "lower alkynyl" radicals having two to about six carbon atoms. Examples of alkynyl radicals include propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, 1-butyne, 2-butenyl and 1-pentynyl. The term "cycloalkyl" embraces saturated carbocyclic radicals having three to about twelve carbon atoms. The term preferred cycloalkyl radicals are "lower cycloalkyl" radicals having three to about televe carbon atoms. More preferred cycloalkyl radicals are "lower cycloalkyl" radicals having three to about eight carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include cyclopropyl,

cycloalkylalkylene radicals are "lower cycloalkylalkylene" which embrace lower alkyl radicals gubstituted with a lower cycloalkyl radical as defined above. Examples of such radicals include cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl and cyclohexylmethyl. The term "cycloalkenyl" embraces partially unsaturated carbocyclic radicals having three to twelve carbon atoms. Cycloalkenyl radicals that are

to twelve carbon atoms. Cycloalkenyl radicals that are partially unsaturated carbocyclic radicals that contain two double bonds (that may or may not be conjugated) can be called "cycloalkyldienyl". More preferred cycloalkenyl radicals are "lower cycloalkenyl" radicals ab having four to about eight carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl and cyclohexenyl. The term "halo" means halogens such as

"haloalkyl" embraces radicals wherein any one or more of the alkyl carbon atoms is substituted with halo as defined above. Specifically embraced are monohaloalkyl,

fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine. The term

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radical, for one example, may have either an iodo, bromo dihaloalkyl and polyhaloalkyl radicals. A monohaloalkyl polyhaloalkyl radicals may have two or more of the same halo atoms or a combination of different halo radicals. chloro or fluoro atom within the radical. Dihalo and "Lower haloalkyl" embraces radicals having one to six

Examples of haloalkyl radicals include fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, carbon atoms.

dichloropropyl. The term "hydroxyalkyl" embraces linear trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl and chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, 10

or branched alkyl radicals having one to about ten carbon radicals are "lower hydroxyalkyl" radicals having one to atoms any one of which may be substituted with one or more hydroxyl radicals. More preferred hydroxyalkyl 12

six carbon atoms and one or more hydroxyl radicals. Examples of such radicals include hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl and

having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals The terms "alkoxy" and "alkyloxy" embrace linear or branched oxy-containing radicals each having alkyl portions of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred alkoxy radicals are "lower alkoxy" radicals hydroxyhexyl. 25 20

The term "alkoxyalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals having one to provide haloalkoxy radicals. The term include methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy and tert-butoxy wherein such rings may be attached together in a pendent substituted with one or more halo atoms, such as fluoro, or more alkoxy radicals attached to the alkyl radical, "aryl", alone or in combination, means a carbocyclic that is, to form monoalkoxyalkyl and dialkoxyalkyl aromatic system containing one, two or three rings The "alkoxy" radicals may be further 30 35

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The term "aryl" embraces

manner or may be fused.

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may also be substituted at a substitutable position with tetrahydronaphthyl, indane and biphenyl. Aryl moieties one or more substituents selected independently from aromatic radicals such as phenyl, naphthyl,

alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl,

hydroxy, alkoxyalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, 07

also be called "heterocyclyl", "heterocycloalkenyl" and heteroatom-containing ring-shaped radicals, which can aralkoxycarbonyl. The term "heterocyclyl" embraces saturated, partially unsaturated and unsaturated aminocarbonylalkylene, acyl, carboxy, and 12

of saturated heterocyclyl radicals include saturated 3 to "heteroaryl" correspondingly, where the heteroatoms may be selected from nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen. Examples 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms (e.g. pyrrolidinyl, imidazolidinyl, 20

piperidino, piperazinyl, etc.); saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g. morpholinyl, etc.); saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g.,

Heterocyclyl radicals may include a pentavalent nitrogen, such as in tetrazolium and pyridinium radicals. The term thiazolidinyl, etc.). Examples of partially unsaturated "heteroaryl" embraces unsaturated heterocyclyl radicals. heterocyclyl radicals include dihydrothiophene, dihydropyran, dihydrofuran and dihydrothiazole. 35 30

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Examples of heteroaryl radicals include unsaturated 3 to

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ഗ pyridazinyl, triazolyl (e.g., 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1H-6 membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 1,2,3-triazolyl, 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl, etc.) tetrazolyl nitrogen atoms, for example, pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl

- 5 nitrogen atoms, for example, indolyl, isoindolyl, unsaturated condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to indolizinyl, benzimidazolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, (e.g. 1H-tetrazolyl, 2H-tetrazolyl, etc.), etc.;
- 10 atom, for example, pyranyl, furyl, etc.; unsaturated 3 to indazoly1, benzotriazoly1, tetrazolopyridaziny1 (e.g., 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing a sulfur to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing an oxygen tetrazolo[1,5-b]pyridazinyl, etc.), etc.; unsaturated 3
- 20 15 condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 2 oxygen oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, etc.) etc.; unsaturated atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, oxazolyl, atom, for example, thienyl, etc.; unsaturated 3- to 6isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen
- heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g. benzoxazolyl, 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, thiazolyl, benzoxadiazolyl, etc.); unsaturated 3 to 6-membered
- 25 condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 2 sulfur thiadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,4- thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4benzothiadiazolyl, etc.) and the like. The term atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g., benzothiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, etc.) etc.; unsaturated
- 30 35 alkyl, hydroxyl, halo, alkoxy, oxo, amino, alkylthio and "heterocycle" also embraces radicals where heterocyclyl benzofuran, benzothiophene, and the like. Said Examples of such fused bicyclic radicals include radicals are fused with aryl or cycloalkyl radicals. "heterocyclyl group" may have 1 to 3 substituents such as
- alkylamino. The term "heterocyclylalkylene" embraces

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atoms and a heterocyclyl radicals. The term "alkylthio' embraces radicals containing a linear or branched alkyl heterocyclylalkylene" radicals having one to six carbon heterocyclylalkylene radicals are "lower heterocyclyl-substituted alkyl radicals. More preferred

- 10 alkylthio radicals are methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower are "lower alkylthio" radicals having alkyl radicals of radical, of one to about ten carbon atoms attached to a divalent sulfur atom. More preferred alkylthio radicals
- 15 alkylthioalkylene radicals are "lower alkylthioalkylene" atoms. Examples of such lower alkylthioalkylene radicals attached through the divalent sulfur atom to an alkyl embraces radicals containing an alkylthio radical butylthio and hexylthio. The term "alkylthioalkylene" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon radical of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred
- 20 radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such divalent -S(=0) - radical. More preferred alkylsulfinyl radical, of one to about ten carbon atoms, attached to a lower alkylsulfinyl radicals include methylsulfinyl, radicals are "lower alkylsulfinyl" radicals having alkyl embraces radicals containing a linear or branched alkyl include methylthiomethyl. The term "alkylsulfinyl"
- 30 25 üς ethylsulfinyl, butylsulfinyl and hexylsulfinyl. The term such as "alkylsulfonyl", "halosulfonyl" denotes a carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylsulfonyl are "lower alkylsulfonyl" radicals having one to six defined as above. More preferred alkylsulfonyl radicals divalent radical, -SO2-. "Alkylsulfonyl" embraces alkyl fluoro, chloro or bromo, to provide haloalkylsulfonyl propylsulfonyl. The "alkylsulfonyl" radicals may be radicals include methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl and further substituted with one or more halo atoms, such as radicals attached to a sulfonyl radical, where alkyl is "sulfonyl", whether used alone or linked to other terms

radicals. The term "halosulfonyl" embraces halo radicals

bromosulfonyl. The terms "sulfamyl", "aminosulfonyl" and

halosulfonyl radicals include chlorosulfonyl, and

attached to a sulfonyl radical. Examples of such

radical provided by the residue after removal of hydroxyl

include alkanoyl and aroyl radicals. Examples of such

alkanoyl radicals include formyl, acetyl, propionyl,

butyryl, isobutyryl, valeryl, isovaleryl, pivaloyl,

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from an organic acid. Examples of such acyl radicals

hexanoyl, and radicals formed from succinic, glycolic,

gluconic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic,

glucuronic, maleic, fumaric, pyruvic, mandelic,

pantothenic, β -hydroxybutyric, galactaric and

galacturonic acids. The term "carbonyl", whether used

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alone or with other terms, such as "alkoxycarbonyl", denotes - (C=O) -. The terms "carboxy" or "carboxyl",

"sulfonamidyl" denote NH2O2S-. The term "acyl" denotes a

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alkyl portions having one to six carbons. Examples of substituted or unsubstituted methoxycarbonylmethyl, such lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl radicals include ethoxycarbonylmethyl, methoxycarbonyl-ethyl and

Examples sthoxycarbonylethyl. The term "alkylcarbonyl", includes of such radicals include substituted or unsubstituted radicals having alkyl, hydroxylalkyl, radicals, defined herein, attached to a carbonyl radical. methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl,

hydroxyethylcarbonyl. The term "aralkyl" embraces aryloutylcarbonyl, pentylcarbonyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, diphenylmethyl, triphenylmethyl, phenylethyl, and substituted alkyl radicals such as benzyl, 9

additionally substituted with one or more substituents benzyl and phenylmethyl are interchangeable. The term halkoalkyl, haloalkoxy, amino and nitro. The terms selected independently from halo, alkyl, alkoxy, 15

unsaturated heterocyclyl-substituted alkyl radicals (also heterocycloalkenylalkylene correspondingly), such as pyrrolidinylmethyl, and heteroaryl-substituted alkyl can be called heterocycloalkylalkylene and 20

embrace lower alkyl radicals as defined above, and may be

radical. More preferred are "lower carboxyalkyl" which

carboxyalkyl", denotes -CO2H. The term "carboxyalkyl"

whether used alone or with other terms, such as

embraces alkyl radicals substituted with a carboxy

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additionally substituted on the alkyl radical with halo.

Examples of such lower carboxyalkyl radicals include

radical, as defined above, attached via an oxygen atom to

alkoxycarbonyl" radicals with alkyl portions having one

carbonyl radical. More preferred are "lower

Examples of such lower alkoxycarbonyl

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(ester) radicals include substituted or unsubstituted

methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl,

butoxycarbonyl and hexyloxycarbonyl. The term

carboxymethyl, carboxyethyl and carboxypropyl. The term

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"alkoxycarbonyl" means a radical containing an alkoxy

radicals (also can be called heteroarylalkylene), such as pyridylmethyl, quinolylmethyl, thienylmethyl, furylethyl, and quinolylethyl. The heteroaryl in said heteroaralkyl may be additionally substituted with halo, alkyl, alkoxy halkoalkyl and haloalkoxy. The term "aryloxy" embraces aryl radicals attached through an oxygen atom to other 25

aminoalkyl" radicals. Examples of such radicals include radicals. The term "aralkoxy" embraces aralkyl radicals attached through an oxygen atom to other radicals. The term "aminoalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with amino radicals. More preferred are "lower 30

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'alkylamino" denotes amino groups which are substituted

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diphenylethyl. The aryl in said aralkyl may be

'heterocyclylalkylene" embraces saturated and partially

The term aminomethyl, aminoethyl, and the like.

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"alkoxycarbonylalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted

preferred are "lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl" radicals with

with a alkoxycarbonyl radical as defined above. More

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with one or two alkyl radicals. Preferred are "lower alkylamino" radicals having alkyl portions having one to six carbon atoms. Suitable lower alkylamino may be monosubstituted N-alkylamino or disubstituted N,N-alkylamino. Such as N-methylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-

- dimethylamino, such as N-methylamino, N-ethylamino, N,Ndimethylamino, N,N-diethylamino or the like. The term
 "arylamino" denotes amino groups which are substituted
 with one or two aryl radicals, such as N-phenylamino.
 The "arylamino" radicals may be further substituted on
 the aryl ring portion of the radical. The term
 "aminocarbonyl" denotes an amide group of the formula C(=0)NH2. The term "alkylaminocarbonyl" denotes an
- raminocarbonyl denotes an aminocarbonyl denotes an aminocarbonyl group which has been substituted with one or two alkyl radicals on the amino nitrogen atom.

 15 Preferred are "N-alkylaminocarbonyl" and "N,N-
- dialkylaminocarbonyl" radicals. More preferred are
 "lower N-alkylaminocarbonyl" and "lower N,Ndialkylaminocarbonyl" radicals with lower alkyl portions
 as defined above. The term "alkylcarbonylamino" embraces
 amino groups which are substituted with one alkylcarbonyl
 radicals. More preferred alkylcarbonylamino radicals are
 "lower alkylcarbonylamino" having lower alkylcarbonyl
 radicals as defined above attached to amino radicals.
 The term "alkylaminoalkylene" embraces radicals having

25 one or more alkyl radicals attached to an aminoalkyl radical. The "hydrocarbon" moieties described herein are

organic compounds or radicals consisting exclusively of

the elements carbon and hydrogen. These moieties include alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and aryl moieties. These moieties also include alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and aryl moieties substituted with other aliphatic or cyclic hydrocarbon groups, such as alkaryl, alkenaryl and alkynaryl. Preferably, these moieties comprise 1 to 20 carbon atoms.

The heterosubstituted hydrocarbon moieties described

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herein are hydrocarbon moieties which are substituted with at least one atom other than carbon, including moieties in which a carbon chain atom is substituted with a hetero atom such as nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur, or a halogen atom. These substituents include lower alkoxy such as methoxy, ethoxy, butoxy; halogen such as chloro or fluoro; ethers; acetals; ketals; esters; heterocyclyl such as furyl or thienyl; alkanoxy; hydroxy; protected hydroxy; acyl; acyloxy; nitro; cyano; amino; and amido.

substituents of the pyrazole ring and not specifically defined herein are defined in a similar manner to that illustrated in the above definitions. As above, more preferred substituents are those containing "lower" radicals. Unless otherwise defined to contrary, the term

radicals. Unless otherwise defined to contrary, the term
"lower" as used in this application means that each alkyl
radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or
more alkyl radicals has one to about six carbon atoms;
each alkenyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent
comprising one or more alkenyl radicals has two to about
six carbon atoms; each alkynyl radical of a pyrazole ring
substituent comprising one or more alkynyl radicals has
two to about six carbon atoms; each cycloalkyl or
cycloalkenyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent

25 comprising one or more cycloalkyl and/or cycloalkenyl radicals is a 3 to 8 membered ring cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl radical, respectively; each aryl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more aryl radicals is a monocyclic aryl radical; and each beterocyclyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent

30 heterocyclyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more heterocyclyl radicals is a 4-8 membered ring heterocyclyl.

of compounds of Formulas I and IX. As illustrated below, the pyrazoles of Formula I and I' are magnetically and structurally equivalent because of the prototropic

The present invention comprises the tautomeric forms

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The present invention also comprises compounds of Formula I, IX, X and XI having one or more asymmetric carbons. It is known to those skilled in the art that those pyrazoles of the present invention having asymmetric carbon atoms may exist in diastereomeric, racemic, or optically active forms. All of these forms are contemplated within the scope of this invention. More specifically, the present invention includes enantiomers, diastereomers, racemic mixtures, and other mixtures thereof.

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The present invention comprises a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of a TNF mediated disorder, a P38 kinase mediated disorder, inflammation, and/or arthritis, comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula I, or a therapeutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof, in association with at least one pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier, adjuvant or diluent.

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The present invention further encompasses substituted pyrazoles that specifically bind to the ATP binding site of p38 kinase. Without being held to a particular theory, applicants hypothesize that these substituted pyrazoles interact with p38 kinase as set forth below. As the substituent at the 3-position of the pyrazole ring approaches the ATP binding site of p38

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kinase, a hydrophobic cavity in the p38 kinase forms around the 3-position substitutent at the binding site. This hydrophobic cavity is believed to form as the 3-position substituent binds to a specific peptide sequence of the enzyme. In particular, it is believed to bind to the sidechains of Lys, Glu, Leu,, Ile, Leu,, Leu, and the methyl group of the Thr, sidechain of p38 kinase at the ATP binding site (wherein the numbering scheme corresponds to the numbering scheme corresponds to the numbering scheme corresponds to the numbering substituent is aryl or heteroaryl, such aryl or heteroaryl may be further substituted. It is hypothesized that such ring substituents may be beneficial in preventing hydroxylation or further metabolism of the ring.

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ring is one that is a partial mimic of the pyrazole ring is one that is a partial mimic of the adenine ring of ATP, although it may be further elaborated.

Preferably, it is a planar substituent terminated by a suitable hydrogen bond acceptor functionality. It is hypothesized that this acceptor hydrogen bonds to the backbone N-H of the Metion residue while one edge of this substituent is in contact with bulk solvent.

Substitution at the 5-position of the pyrazole ring is well tolerated and can provide increased potency and selectivity. It is hypothesized that such substituents extend out in the direction of the bulk solvent and that suitable polar functionality placed at its terminus can interact with the sidechain of Asp¹⁰, leading to increased potency and selectivity.

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similarly, substitution on the nitrogen atom at the 1- or 2-position of the pyrazole ring is well tolerated and can provide increased potency. It is hypothesized that a hydrogen substituent attached to one of the ring nitrogen atoms is hydrogen bonded to Asp₁₆₅. Preferably, the nitrogen atom at the 2-position is double bonded to the carbon atom at the 3-position of the pyrazole while

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the nitrogen atom at the 1-position of the pyrazole is available for substitution with hydrogen or other substituents.

The 5-position substitutent and the 1- or 2-position substituent of the pyrazole can be selected so as to improve the physical characteristics, especially aqueous solubility and drug delivery performance, of the substituted pyrazole. Preferably, however, these substituents each have a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units. More preferably, these

substituents each have a molecular weight less than about less than about 250 atomic mass units. Still more preferably, these substituents have a combined molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units.

A class of substituted pyrazoles of particular interest consists of those compounds having the formula:

15

(IIX)

herein

R¹ is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units; and

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 ${\rm R}^2$ is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical that binds with p38 kinase at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase; and

25 R³ is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality; and

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R' is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units;

provided R' is not 2-pyridinyl when R' is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R' is hydrido; further provided R' is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R' is hydrido; and further provided R' is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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A class of substituted pyrazoles of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula XI wherein

R¹ is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units; and R² is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or

heterocyclyl radical wherein said radical binds with 20 Lys₃₁, Glu₆₉, Leu₁₃, Ile₆₂, Leu₄₄, Leu₄₀₁, and Thr₁₀₁ sidechains at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase, said radical being substantially disposed within a hydrophobic cavity formed during said binding by p38 kinase at the ATP binding site; and

R³ is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality that hydrogen bonds with the N-H backbone of Met₁₀₆ of p38 kinase; and

R⁴ is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units.

The present invention also comprises a therapeutic method of treating a TNF mediated disorder, a p38 kinase mediated disorder, inflammation and/or arthritis in a subject, the method comprising treating a subject having

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or susceptible to such disorder or condition with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula

wherein

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R' is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl,

heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl,
haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl,
hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,
arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,
alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl,
heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl,

alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene,
alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino,
alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino,
alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl,
arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl,

arylaulinnyl, neterocyclylaulinnyl, alkylaulionyl,
alkenylaulfonyl, alkynylaulfonyl, arylaulfonyl,
heterocyclylaulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,
alkylaulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,

heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,

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alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and

heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R²⁵ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, o heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and R²⁶ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl,

alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, arkyr, arkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and R²⁷ is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene,

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20 cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,

aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,
alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,
alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl,
alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,
alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene,

arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene,

arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,

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aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,

5 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,

aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene; wherein

10 said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,

alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,

arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or R²⁷ is -CHR²⁸R²⁹ wherein R²⁸ is alkoxycarbonyl, and R²⁹

20 is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene, wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one

or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or

R²⁶ and R²⁷ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more 30 radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclylalkylene

heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,
alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,
alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,
alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and
alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,

heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are

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optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

R² is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, arylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylamino, arylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylaminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylamino, arylamino, aminoalkylamino, arylamino, arylamino, aminoalkylamino, arylamino, arylamino, aminoalkylamino, arylaminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylamino, arylamino, aminoalkylamino, arylamino, arylamino, aminoalkylamino, arylamino, arylamino, aminoalkylamino, arylamino, aminoalkylamino, arylamino, arylamino, arylamino, arylamino, arylamino, arylamino, arylamino, aminoalkylamino, arylamino, aryla

arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkyl,

15 carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally

20 cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally
substituted with one or more radicals independently
selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,
aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl,
epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy,
aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,
alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,
alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl,
arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

R2 has the formula:

$$- \frac{c}{c_{131}} \left(\frac{c_{15}}{c_{15}} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{c}{c_{15}} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{c_{15}}{c_{15}} \right)^{-1} \left($$

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wherein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and

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m is 0 or 1; and R^{30} and R^{31} are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl,

alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and
R¹² is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,
heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,
aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,
alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and

heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;
R³³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(O)R³⁵,
-C(O)OR³⁴, -SO₂R³⁴, -C(O)NR³⁷R³⁴, and -SO₃NR³⁸R⁴⁰, wherein
R³⁵, R³⁴, R³⁷, R³¹, R³⁹ and R⁴⁰ are independently
selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted
hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

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hydrocarbon and heterocycly1; and

R3* is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl,
alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

R2 is -CR4*R** wherein R** is aryl, and R** is hydroxy;
and

20 R³ is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl quinolinyl, purinyl,

(IV)

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wherein R' is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,
25 aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl;

wherein the R' pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy,

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carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino,

5 cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl,

arkoxycarbonyramino, arkoxyararkyramino, aminosurirnyr, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, o aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl,

alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl,

alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR*R** wherein R** is alkylcarbonyl or 15 amino, and R** is alkyl or aralkyl; and

amino, and it is directly to the state of all the state of cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl,

alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, aryloxy, aralkoxy,

alkoxycarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

provided R' is not 2-pyridinyl when R' is a phenyl 30 ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R' is hydrido; further provided R' is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R' is hydrido; and further provided R' is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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Also included in the family of compounds of Formula I are the pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof. The term "pharmaceutically-acceptable salts" embraces salts commonly used to form alkali metal salts and to form addition salts of free acids or free bases. The nature

- of the salt is not critical, provided that it is pharmaceutically-acceptable. Suitable pharmaceutically-acceptable. Suitable pharmaceutically-acceptable acid addition salts of compounds of Formula I may be prepared from an inorganic acid or from an organic acid. Examples of such inorganic acids are hydrochloric, hydrobromic, hydroiodic, nitric, carbonic, sulfuric and phosphoric acid. Appropriate organic acids may be selected from aliphatic, cycloaliphatic, aromatic, araliphatic, heterocyclyl, carboxylic and sulfonic
- classes of organic acids, example of which are formic, acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, gluconic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, glucuronic, maleic, fumaric, pyruvic, aspartic, glutamic, benzoic, anthranilic, mesylic, stearic, salicylic, p-
- 20 hydroxybenzoic, phenylacetic, mandelic, embonic (pamoic), methanesulfonic, ethanesulfonic, benzenesulfonic, pantothenic, toluenesulfonic, 2-hydroxyethanesulfonic, sulfanilic, cyclohexylaminosulfonic, algenic, β -hydroxybutyric, galactaric and galacturonic acid.
- 25 Suitable pharmaceutically-acceptable base addition salts of compounds of Formula I include metallic salts and organic salts. More preferred metallic salts include, but are not limited to appropriate alkali metal (group Ia) salts, alkaline earth metal (group IIa) salts and
- other physiological acceptable metals. Such salts can be made from aluminum, calcium, lithium, magnesium, potassium, sodium and zinc. Preferred organic salts can be made from tertiary amines and quaternary ammonium salts, including in part, tromethamine, diethylamine,
- N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine, chloroprocaine, choline diethanolamine, ethylenediamine, meglumine (N-

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methylglucamine) and procaine. All of these salts may be prepared by conventional means from the corresponding compound of Formulas I-III by reacting, for example, the appropriate acid or base with the compound of Formulas I-III.

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General Synthetic Procedures

The compounds of the invention can be prepared according to the following procedures of Schemes I-XVIII wherein R¹, R², R¹, R⁴, R⁸ and Ar¹ are as previously defined for the compounds of Formula I, IX, X and XI except where expressly noted.

SCHEME

15 Scheme I shows the synthesis of pyrazole 5 by two

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aldehyde 2 in the presence of a base, such as piperidine, Condensation of the pyridylmethyl ketone 1 with in a solvent, such as toluene or benzene, either in the In route 1, absence or the presence of acetic acid at reflux, provides the lpha,eta-unsaturated ketone 3.

pyrazole 5 is effected by treatment with a base, such as to provide pyrazole 5. Alternatively, the intermediate ethylene glycol, at a temperature ranging from 25 °C up the presence of an acid such as acetic acid, at reflux, ketone 3 is condensed directly with tosyl hydrazide in tosyl hydrazone 6 may be isolated, conversion of it to In route 2, hydroxide. Treatment of epoxide 4 with hydrazine in ketone 3 is first converted to epoxide 4, such as by potassium hydroxide, in a suitable solvent, such as temperature, in the presence of base such as sodium ethanol or other suitable solvent at a temperature treatment with hydrogen peroxide solution at room ranging up to reflux, yields pyrazole 5. ŝ 10 15

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SCHEME II

bis(trimethylsily1)amide, in a suitable solvent, such as The treatment of pyridine derivative Scheme II shows the synthesis of pyrazole 12 of the 7 with ester 8 in the presence of a base, such as sodium tetrahydrofuran, gives ketone 9. Treatment of ketone 9 or a hydrohalide salt of ketone 9 with a halogenating agent, such as bromine, N-bromosuccinimide or Npresent invention.

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thereof, forms the α -halogenated ketone 10 (wherein X is can be hyrido, lower alkyl, phenyl, heterocyclyl and the optionally containing an additional heteroatom) provides chlorosuccinimide, in suitable solvents, such as acetic haloketone 10 with thiosemicarbazide 11 (where R° and R7 halo). Examples of suitable hydrohalide salts include the hydrochloride and hydrobromide salts. Reaction of acid, methylene chloride, methanol, or combinations like or where R' and R' form a heterocyclyl ring 12

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pyrazole 12. Examples of suitable solvents for this

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reaction are ethanol and dimethylformamide. The reaction may be carried out in the presence or absence of base or acid at temperatures ranging from room temperature to 100 °C.

15 10 Treatment of the resultant alkyl dithiocarbamate with the art by first reacting an appropriate amine with substituted thiocyanates as described by Y. Nomoto et available may be conveniently prepared by one skilled in Lieber and Nomoto publications are incorporated herein by Orlowski, J. Org. Chem., Vol. 22, p. 88 (1957). An treatment with an alkylating agent such as methyl iodide. carbon disulfide in the presence of a base, followed by reference. al., Chem. Pharm. Bull., Vol. 39, p.86 (1991). The alternative approach is to add hydrazine to appropriately chemistry is further described in E. Lieber and R.C. hydrazine results in the desired thiosemicarbazide. This Thiosemicarbazides which are not commercially

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10 5 anhydride 17 at low temperature to provide acyl hydrazone 19 directly. Alternatively, this condensation may be temperature. Heating acyl hydrazone 18 as above then hydrazine with a carboxylic acid ester, at room ketone 13 with acyl hydrazide 15, formed by reaction of hydrazone 18 is converted to pyrazole 19. In Route 2, Upon heating at a temperature up to 200°C, acyl from room temperature to about 200 °C, to give pyrazole with acyl hydrazide 15 at a suitable temperature, ranging provides pyrazole 19. In Route 3, ketone 13 is treated acyl hydrazone 18 is formed directly by reaction of hydrazide 16, which is then reacted with acyl halide or is condensed with hydrazine 14 to give the substituted more general form by three routes. In Route 1, ketone 13 in a solvent containing acetic acid. carried out in an acidic solvent, such as acetic acid, or Scheme III shows the synthesis of pyrazole 19 in

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Synthetic Scheme IV describes the preparation of pyrazole 19.

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X = halyl, alkyl R¹ = Me, Ch₂Ch₂OH R⁴ = cyclopropyl, 4-pyridyl, 4-imidazolyl scheme V shows the two step synthesis of the 3-substituted 4-pyridyl-5-arylpyrazoles 33 of the present invention by cyclization of hydrazone dianions with carboxylates. In step 1, the reaction of substituted pyridylmethyl ketones 31 (prepared, for example, as later described in Scheme IX) with hydrazines in the presence of solvents such as ethanol gives ketohydrazones 32. Examples of suitable hydrazines include, but are not limited to, phenylhydrazine and p-methoxyphenylhydrazine. In step 2, the hydrazones 32 are treated with two equivalents of a base such as sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide in a suitable solvent such as tetrahydrofuran to generate dianions. This reaction may be carried out at temperatures of about 0 °C or lower.

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In the same step, the dianions then are condensed with esters such as methyl isonicotinate, methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate, to give the desired pyrazoles

33. It may be necessary to treat the product from this step with a dehydrating agent, such as a mineral acid, to produce the target pyrazole in some instances.

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base

heteroary! substituted unsubstituted

lower alkyl, lower alkenyl or aryl

pheny

SCHEME VI

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synthesizing pyrazoles which are unsubstituted at the 5 treating a heteroarylmethane with a strong base such as heteroarylmethyl ketone 34 is synthesized by first Examples of suitable heteroarylmethanes are 4lithium hexamethyldisilazide or lithium diisopropylamide position of the ring. In accordance with this method, a Scheme VI shows an alternative method for

2-chloro-4-methylpyrimidine, 2-chloro-4-methylpyridine heteroarylmethyl lithium species is then reacted with a and 2-fluoro-4-methylpyridine. The resulting methylpyridine, 4-methylpyrimidine, 2,4-dimethylpyridine substituted benzoate ester to produce ketone 34.

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15 dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal or tert-35 by reaction with an aminomethylenating agent such as p-fluorobenzoate and ethyl and methyl p-chlorobenzoate. Examples of suitable benzoate esters are methyl and ethyl butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane. Ketone 35 is converted Ketone 34 is converted to the aminomethylene derivative

25 to pyrazole 36 by treatment with hydrazine. the appropriate substituted hydrazine. Examples of substituted nitrogen at position 1 of the ring. Ketone regioselectively synthesize pyrazole 38 which contains a hydroxyethyl)hydrazine. Reaction of hydrazone 37 with an suitable hydrazines are N-methylhydrazine and N-(2of suitable aminomethylenating agents include aminomethylenating agent produces pyrazole 38. Examples is first converted to hydrazone 37 by reaction with A modification of this synthetic route serves to

30 38 bears a leaving group such as a displaceable halogen, butoxybis (dimethylamino) methane. dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal and tert-In cases where the R³ substituent of pyrazoles 36 and

substituted heteroaromatic derivative. Examples of such subsequent treatment with an amine produces an aminoamines include benzylamine, cyclopropylamine and ammonia.

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nucleophiles such as mercaptides and alkoxides. Examples of substitutable R² groups include, but are not limited to, 2-chloropyridinyl and 2-bromopyridinyl groups. The leaving group may also be replaced with other

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SCHEME ALL

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Scheme VII describes the preparation of derivatives from pyrazole 5 (prepared in accordance with Scheme I) when $R^2 = CH_3$. Oxidation of pyrazole 5 gives carboxylic acid 39, which is then reduced to hydroxymethyl compound 40, or coupled with amine $NR^{10}R^{11}$ (wherein R^{10} and R^{11} are independently selected, for example, from hydrogen, alkyl and aryl, or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring that may contain one or more additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur) to form amide 41 followed by reduction to generate amine derivative 42.

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SCHEME VIII

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Scheme VIII illustrates the synthesis of pyrazoles 44 and 45 from pyrazole 43. The alkylation of the ring nitrogen atoms of pyrazole 43 can be accomplished using conventional techniques. Treatment of pyrazole 43 with an appropriate base (for example, sodium hydride) followed by treatment with an alkyl halide (for example, CH₃I) yields a mixture of isomers 44 and 45.

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tetrahydrofuran, to give desoxybenzoin 48. Desoxybenzoin defined for R'. Preferably, R'1 is hydrogen, alkyl, halo, pyridyl-pyrazoles of the present invention. Benzoate 46 solvent such as ethanol to yield pyrazole 50. In Scheme is reacted with pyridine 47 in the presence of a strong excess of dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal. Ketone 49 48 is then converted to ketone 49 by treatment with an hexamethyldisilazide), in a suitable solvent, such as Scheme IX illustrates the synthesis of 3-aryl-4is then reacted with hydrazine hydrate in a suitable IX, \mathbb{R}^{12} represents one or more radicals independently (preferably sodium hexamethyldisilazide or lithium base, such as an alkali metal hexamethyldisilazide selected from the optional substituents previously trifluoromethyl, methoxy or cyano, or represents methylenedioxy.

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The 3-aryl-4-pyrimidinyl-pyrazoles of the present invention can be synthesized in the manner of Scheme IX by replacing pyridine 47 with the corresponding pyrimidine. In a similar manner, Schemes X through XVII can be employed to synthesize 3-aryl-4-pyrimidinyl-pyrimidines corresponding to the 3-aryl-4-pyrimidinyl-pyrazoles shown in those schemes.

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Scheme X illustrates one variation of Scheme IX that can be used to synthesize 3-aryl-4-pyridyl-pyrazoles that are further substituted on the nitrogen atom at position 1 of the pyrazole ring. If desoxybenzoin 48 (prepared in accordance with Scheme IX) instead is first converted to hydrazone 51 by treatment with hydrazine and hydrazone 51 is then treated with dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal,

10 is then treated with dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal, then the resulting product is pyrazole 52. Schemes XI through XVIII illustrate further modifications that can be made to Scheme IX to synthesize

substituents.

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other 3-aryl-4-pyridyl-pyrazoles having alternative

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SCHEME XI

major product

minor product

SCHEME XII

for example, hydrogen, alkyl, phenyl, aralkyl, heteroarylalkyl, amino or alkylamino; and R_{20} is, for example, hydrogen or alkyl. In Scheme XII, X is chloro, fluoro or bromo; R13 is,

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SCHEME XIII

57

52

SCHEME XIV

trimethylsilyl cyanide 58

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SCHEME XV

which they are attached form a 4-7 membered ring that may contain one or more additional heteroatoms selected from are independently selected from, for example, hydrogen, In Scheme XV, n is 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5; and R^{14} and R^{15} alkyl or aryl, or together with the nitrogen atom to oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur.

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SCHEME XVI

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In Scheme XVI, R16 is selected, for example, from hydrogen, alkyl and phenyl.

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SCHEME XVII

In Scheme XVII, R17 is selected, for example, from alkyl, phenylalkyl and heterocyclylalkyl.

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30 <u>ω</u> XI, X and XI. These detailed descriptions fall within the of the methods of preparation of compounds of Formulas I, invention. These detailed descriptions are presented for scope, and serve to exemplify, the above described spectra consistent with their assigned structures. In illustrative purposes only and are not intended as a General Synthetic Procedures which form part of the unless otherwise indicated. All compounds showed NMR by weight and temperatures are in Degrees centigrade restriction on the scope of the invention. All parts are some cases, the assigned structures were confirmed by

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ring is substituted by a carboxyl group or a carboxyl outline in Scheme XVIII. The starting pyridyl pyrazole derivative may be synthesized according to the procedures 67 is converted to the 2-cyano derivative 68 by first Compounds wherein the 2-position of the pyridine

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substituted amide 72 by treatment with a desired amine,

such as ethanol or ethanol and water or methanol and

water or the like. Ester 70 is also convertible to

conditions include reaction with a base such as sodium acid 71 by saponification. Typical saponification

hydroxide or potassium hydroxide in a suitable solvent

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4-8 membered ring that may contain one or more additional with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a for example, from hydrogen, alkyl and aryl, or together In Scheme XVIII, R18 and R19 are independently selected Temperatures may range from room temperature to 180°C. such as methylamine at a suitable temperature.

heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur.

The following examples contain detailed descriptions

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reaction with dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal in

The ester 70 is converted to its carboxylic

Carboxamide 69 is converted to its methyl ester 70 by include potassium carbonate and potassium bicarbonate. presence of a suitable base. Examples of suitable bases

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the 2-cyano compound 68. Compound 68 is converted to its

cyanide followed by dimethylcarbamoyl chloride produces Treatment of the pyridine N-oxide with trimethylsilyl

carboxamide 69 by reaction with hydrogen peroxide in the

oxidizing agent such as m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid.

conversion to its pyridine N-oxide by reaction with an

SCHEME XVIII

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nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE) experiments. The following abbreviations are used:

HCl - hydrochloric acid

MgSO4 - magnesium sulfate

Na₂SO₄ - sodium sulfate

NaHSO3 - sodium bisulfite NaIO4 - sodium periodate

KOH - potassium hydroxide NaOH - sodium hydroxide

P₂05 - phosphorus pentoxide

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- methyl

MeOH - methanol

EtOH - ethanol

HOAC (or ACOH) - acetic acid 15

StOAc - ethyl acetate

- hydrogen peroxide

CH₂Cl₂ - methylene chloride potassium carbonate

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KMnO, - potassium permanganate

NaHMDS - sodium hexamethyldisilazide DMF - dimethylformamide

EDC - 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)3-ethylcarbodiiminde hydrochloride 25

HOBT - 1-hydroxybenzotriazole

mCPBA - 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid

TMSCN - trimethylsilyl cyanide

SEM-Cl - 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl chloride Me₂NCOC1 - N,N-dimethylcarbamoyl chloride 30

hr - hour

min - minutes

TLC - thin layer chromatography THF - tetrahydrofuran

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DSC - differential scanning calorimetry

b.p. - boiling point

m.p. - melting point

eg - equivalent

RT - room temperature

methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxylphenyl)-3pyridyl-3-butene-2-one

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A solution of 4-pyridylacetone (1.0 g, 7.4 mmol), 3fluoro-p-anisaldehyde (1.25 g, 8.1 mmol), and piperidine reflux. After 18 hours, the reaction was cooled to room (0.13 g, 1.5 mmol) in toluene (50 ml) was heated to

acetate/hexane) to give 4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxylphenyl)-3-The crude product (3.0 g) was purified by pyridyl-3-butene-2-one as a pale yellow solid (1.60 g, temperature and the solvent was removed under reduced column chromatography (silica gel, 65:35 ethyl pressure. 20

Step 2: Preparation of 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3

To a solution of 3-pyridyl-4-(3-fluoro-4methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yllpyridine 25

mmol) in acetic acid (25 ml), p-toluenesulfonyl hydrazide residue was diluted with CH2Cl2 (150 ml), washed with H2O heated to reflux for 6 hours. Acetic acid was removed by The reaction solution was distillation from the reaction solution. The resulting methoxylphenyl)-3-butene-2-one (step 1) (0.99 g, 3.65 (0.68 g, 3.65 mol) was added. 30

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(2x100 ml), dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated. The crude product (1.5 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate) to give 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a pale yellow solid (213 mg, 20.7%): Anal. Calc'd for C₁₆H₁₄N₃OF.0.1 H₂O: C, 67.41; H, 5.02; N, 14.74. Found: C, 67.37; H, 4.88; N, 14.35.

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Example A-2

4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1) pyridine

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<u>Step 1: Preparation of 4-pyridylacetone</u> 4-pyridylacetone was prepared according to the method of Ippolito et al, U.S. Patent 4,681,944.

Step 2: Preparation of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene2-one

Using the procedure of Example A-1, step 1, 4-

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pyridylacetone (step 1) (1 g, 7.4 mmol) was condensed with benzaldehyde (790 mg, 7.4 mmol) in benzene (15 mL) containing piperidine (50 mg) at reflux. The desired 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one (1.3 g, 78 %) was obtained as a crystalline solid: m. p. 101-103 °C. Anal. calc'd for $\rm C_{15}H_{12}NO$ (223.28): C, 80.69; H, 5.87; N, 6.27. Found: C, 80.59; H, 5.79; N, 6.18.

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Step 3: Preparation of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4epoxy-2-butanone

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Using the procedure of Example A-1, step 2, a solution of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)- 3-butene-2-one (step 2) (1.25 g, 5.6 mmol) in methanol (20 ml) was treated

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with 30% aqueous hydrogen peroxide (1 ml) in the presence of sodium hydroxide (230 mg, 5.7 mmol). The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 1:1 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone (270 mg, 20%).

Step 4: Preparation of 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

Using the procedure of Example A-1, step 3, a solution of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone (step 3) (250 mg, 1 mmol) in ethanol (15 ml) was treated with anhydrous hydrazine (50 mg, 1.5 mmol) and heated to reflux for 4 hours. The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 1:1 acetone/hexane). The product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate and hexane to give 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (81 mg, 35%) as a crystalline solid: m. p. 212-214 °C. Anal. Calc'd for Cl5H13N3 (235.29): C, 76.57; H, 5.57; N, 17.86. Found: C, 76.49; H, 5.42; N, 17.39.

Example A-3

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4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)25 3-butene-2-one

A solution of 4-pyrridylacetone (Example A-5, step 1) (0.75 g, 5.56 mmol), o-tolualdehyde (0.73 g, 5.56 mmol) and piperidine (100 mg) in toluene (50 ml) was heated to reflux. Water generated during the reaction was removed by a Dean-Stark trap. After heating at

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reflux for 5 hours, the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 hours. The mixture was concentrated to an orange color oily residue. The crude ketone was purified by chromatography to give 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one: Anal. Calc'd for C16H1gNO (237.30): C, 80.98; H, 6.37; N, 5.90. Found: C, 80.78; H, 6.61; N, 5.85.

Step 2: Preparation of 4.(2-methylphenyl).3-(4-pyridyl). 3.4-epoxy-2-butanone

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To a solution of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one (step 1) (1.0g, 4.2 mmol) in methyl alcohol (18 ml), a solution of H2O2 (30% by wt.) (0.95 g, 8.4 mmol) and sodium hydroxide (0.18 g 4.6 mmol) in water (4 ml) was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 70 hours. After methyl alcohol was removed, water (25 ml) and ethyl acetate (100 ml) were added and the two phase mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. The layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was washed with ethyl acetate (100 ml). The combined organic layer was dried with Na2SO4, filtered and concentrated to give an oil. 4-(2-Methylphenyl)-3-

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Step 3. Preparation of 4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)AHpyrazol-4-yllpyridine

(4-pyridy1)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone was isolated from the

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oil residue by chromatography.

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A solution of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-

epoxy-2-butanone (step 2) (0.11 g, 0.434 mmol) and

hydrazine hydrate (0.043 g, 0.868 mmol) in ethyl alcohol

(50 ml) was heated at reflux for 20 hours. The solvent

was removed and the resulting residue was purified by

chromatography to give 4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H
pyrazol-4-yllpyridine: Anal. Calc'd for Cl6H1SN3

35 (249.32): C, 77.08; H, 6.06; N, 16.85. Found: C, 76.66;

H, 5.91; N, 16.84.

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Example A-4

4-[S-methyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]pyridine By following the method of Example A-3 and substituting p-fluorobenzaldehyde for o-tolualdehyde, the titled compound was prepared: Anal. Calc'd for C15H12N3F + 0.1.H2O: (249.32): C, 70.63; H, 4.82; N, 16.47. Found: C, 70.63; H, 4.78; N, 16.40.

Example A-5

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i-[5-methy!-3-(4-methylpheny!)-1H pyrazo!-4-y1]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-3 (with one minor modification: in Step 2, the preparation of the intermediate epoxide was accomplished at 0-10 °C for 1 hour, and the reaction was guenched by being partitioned

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between water, containing 2 eq. sodium bisulfite, and ethyl acetate) and substituting p-tolualdehyde for o-tolualdehyde, the titled product was isolated: Anal. Calc'd for C16H15N3 (249.32): C, 77.08; H, 6.06; N, 16.85. Found: C, 76.97; H, 6.09; N, 16.90.

Example A-6

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4-[5-methyl-3-[4-(methylthlo)phenyl]1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

10 By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting 4-(methylthio)benzaldehyde for p-tolualdehyde, the titled product was prepared: Anal. Calc'd for C16H15N3S (281.38): C, 68.30; H, 5.37; N, 14.93. Found: C, 68.34; H, 5.09; N, 14.78.

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Example A-7

4-[3-(4-chiorophenyi)-5-methyi-1Hpyrazot-4-y1]pyridine

5 By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting p-chlorobenzaldehyde for p-tolualdehyde, the titled product was obtained. Anal. Calc'd for C15H12N3Cl (269.77): C, 66.79; H, 4.48; N, 15.58. Found: C, 66.43; H, 4.44; N, 15.78.

Example A-8

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pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting m-tolualdehyde for p-tolualdehyde, the titled product was obtained: Anal. Calc'd for C16H15N3 + 0.2H2O: C, 75.98; H, 6.14; N, 16.61. Found: C, 76.06; H,

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6.05; N, 16.38.

Example A-9

t-[5-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)-3-methy
1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting 2,5-dimethylbenzaldehyde for p-tolualdehyde, the titled product was obtained: Anal. Calc'd for Cl7H17N3 + 0.1H2O: C, 77.01; H, 6.54; N, 15.85. Found: C, 76.96; H, 6.81; N, 15.51.

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Sxample A-10

4-[5-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-y1)-3-methy!-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine 15 4-Pyridylacetone (1.5 g, 12 mmol), piperonal (1.6 g, 10.6 mmol), acetic acid (110 mg, 1.8 mmol), and piperidine (110 mg, 1.3 mmol) were dissolved in toluene

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(30 mL) and heated for 2 hours at reflux in a flask equipped with a Dean-Stark trap. The solution was cooled to room temperature, and ethyl acetate was added to precipitate a solid, which was collected on a filter plate (1.25 g). A sample (500 mg) of this solid was heated with p-toluensulfonyl hydrazide (348 mg, 1.81 mmol) in acetic acid (5 mL) at 80 °C for 1 hour. The reaction was heated to reflux for 1 hour. The reaction

was cooled to room temperature and the solvent was

evaporated. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate,
washed with 5% aqueous potassium carbonate, and water.

The organic layer was dried (MgSOq), filtered and
evaporated to obtain a yellow solid. This solid was
triturated with methylene chloride, yielding 4-{5-(1,3-1)}

15 benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-methyl-lH-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine which
 was collected on a filter plate (220 mg, 42% yield).
 Anal. Calc'd for Cl6H13N3O2: C, 68.81; H, 4.69; N, 15.04.
 Found: C, 68.02; H, 4.54; N, 14.76. MS (M*H): 280 (base peak).

Example A.

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4-[3-methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine 4-Pyridylacetone (1.5 g, 12 mmol), 4-phenoxybenzoldehyde 92.1 g, 10.6 mmol), acetic acid (110 mg, 1.8 mmol), and piperidine (110 mg, 1.3 mmol) were dissolved in toluene (30 mL) and heated for 2 hours at

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reflux in a flask equipped with a Dean-Stark trap. The solution was cooled to room temperature and ethyl acetate was added to precipitate a solid, which was collected on a filter plate. A sample (223 mg) of this solid was heated with p-toluensulfonyl hydrazide (348 mg, 1.81 mmol) in ethylene glycol with potassium hydroxide (77 mg) at 110 °C for 0.5 hour. The work up procedure was the same as that in Example A-10. 4-[3-Methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine was obtained (100 mg, 66% yield): Anal. Calc'd for C21H17N3O + 0.1 H2O: C, 76.62; H, 5.27; N, 12.76. Found: C, 76.37; H, 5.19; N, 12.64. MS (M+H): 328 (base peak).

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Example A-12

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The same procedure as for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 4-formylbiphenyl in place of piperonal, to give 4-[5-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl]-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a white solid: MS (M+H): 312

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Example A-13

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The same procedure for the preparation of Example A10 was used, substituting 3-phenoxybenzaldehyde in place
of piperonal, to give 4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenoxyphenyl)1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a white solid.

Example A-14

The same procedure for the preparation of Example A10 was used, substituting 3-benzyloxybenzaldehyde in
10 place of piperonal, to give 4-[3-methyl-5-[3(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a
white solid: MS (M+H): 342 (base peak).

Example A-15

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The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 2-benzyloxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 4-[3-methyl-5-[2-

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(phenylmethyloxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine. MS (M+H): 342 (base peak).

Example A-16

2-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyrldinyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-y1]phenol The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 2-hydroxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 2-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]phenol: MS (M*H): 252 (base peak)

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Example A-17

3-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H. pyrazol-4-y1]phenol The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-15 10 was used, substituting 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 3-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol: MS (M'H): 252 (base peak).

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Example A-18

-hydroxy-4-[3-methyl-5-phenylpyrazol-4-y1]pyridinium To a solution of 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (Example A-2) (2.06 g, 8.76 mmol) in a chloroperoxybenzoic acid (57-86*) (2.65 g, 8.76 mmol).

The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 2h, quenched with K2CO3 solution (25*, 15 mL), and concentrated. The resulting residue was partitioned between EtOAc (2.0 L) and H2O (500 mL). The organic layer was separated, washed with H2O (500 mL), dried over MGSO4, filtered and concentrated to give 1-hydroxy-4-[3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridinium (1.12 g, 54.5*): MS (M+H): 252 (base peak).

Example A-19

-(4-fluorophenyl)-N.N-dimethyl-4-(4 pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

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Step 1: Preparation of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-

pyridylacetyl)benzene To a solution of sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide

(200 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of 45 picoline (18.6 g, 0.20 mol) in dry THF (200 mL) over 30
minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0-10 °C for
another 30 minutes, then was added to a solution of ethyl
4-fluorobenzoate (16.8 g, 0.10 mol) in dry THF (200 mL)
at such a rate that the internal temperature didn't
exceed 15 °C. After the addition, the resulting yellow
suspension was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours.
Water (600 mL) was added and the aqueous phase was
extracted with ethyl acetate (3 X 200 mL). The combined
organic layers were washed with brine, dried over

15 magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene (19.9 g, 92 %) as an oil which solidified upon standing: m.p.: 90-91 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C₁₃H₁₀FNO: C, 72.55; H, 4.68; N, 6.51. Found: C, 72.07; H, 4.66; N, 6.62.

Step 2: Preparation of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylbromoacetyl)benzene

To a solution of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-

pyridylacetyl)benzene (step 1) (10.0 g, 0.046 mol) in acetic acid (200 mL) was added a solution of bromine (8.2 g, 0.052 mol) in acetic acid (20 mL) dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the solvent was removed, the residue

30 - was triturated with ethyl acetate. A yellow solid formed, which was filtered and air-dried to give 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylbromoacetyl)benzene (14.5 g). The compound was used in next step without further purification.

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Step 3: __Preparation_of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

10 15 dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated aqueous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (100 247 °C. Anal. Calc'd for $C_{16}H_{15}FN_4$: C, 68.07; H, 5.36; N, amine (0.3 g, 11 %) as a light yellow solid: m.p.: 245solution was cooled and poured into water (100 mL). The was heated at reflux for 30 minutes. The dark green 3-thiosemicarbazide (1.2 g, 0.01 mol) in ethanol (10 mL) benzene (step 2) (3.8 g, 0.01 mol) and 4,4-dimethylamino 19.84. Found: C, 68.00; H, 5.37; N, 19.61. fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-(silica gel, ethyl acetate) to give 0.3 g 5-(4-The resulting residue was purified by chromatography mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine A mixture of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylbromoacetyl)-

Example A-20

5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine was prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-19: m.p. 218-219 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C20H15FN4 + 0.1 H2O: C, 72.33; H, 4.61; N, 16.87. Found: C, 72.16; H, 4.56; N, 16.77.

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Sxample A-21

Step 1: Preparation of 1-fluoro-4-(40- pyridylacetyl) benzene N-benzoylhydrazone

pyridylacetyl)benzene (2.15 g, 0.011 mol) in one portion followed by a drop of conc. HCl. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. There was To a solution of benzoic hydrazide (1.36 g, 0.01 mol) in THF (20 mL) was added 1-fluoro-4-(4'-

white precipitate formed, which was filtered, washed with pyridylacetyl)benzene N-benzoylhydrazone (2.90 g, 79 %) as a mixture of cis and trans (ratio, 1:9) isomers. ether and air-dried to give 1-fluoro-4-(4'-10

Step 2: Preparation of 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl 1H-pyrazol-4-vl]pyridine 15

fluorophenyl) -3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (0.25 g, benzoylhydrazone (step 1) (0.50 g, 1.5 mmol) was heated resulting solid was purified by chromatography (silica 53 %) as a pale yellow solid: m.p.: 265-267 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C20H14FN3 + 0.25 H2O: C, 75.10; H, 4.57; N, at 180 °C under N₂ for 15 minutes, then cooled. gel, 1:1 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-[5-(4-1-Fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene N-13.14. Found: C, 74.98; H, 4.49; N, 12.87. 20 25

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Example A-22

-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-y1]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 3-(4'-pyridylacetyl)toluene

3-(4'-Pyridylacetyl)toluene was prepared by the same method as described for Example A-19, step 1 in 70% yield.

Step 2: Preparation of trifluoroacetyl hydrazide

removed and the resulting residue was dried in vacuum to give trifluoroacetyl hydrazide (12.3 g, 96 %) as a clear mol) and hydrazine hydrate (5.54 g, 0.11 mol) in ethanol (25 mL) was heated at reflux for 6 hours. Solvent was A mixture of ethyl trifluoroacetate (14.2 g, 0.10 oil which solidified upon standing. 10

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Step 3: Preparation of 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yllpyridine

Anal, Calc'd for C16H12F3N3: C, 63.36; H, 3.99; N, 13.85. 0.01 mol) and trifluoroacetyl hydrazide (step 2) (1.0 g, The crude residue was purified by chromatography (silica A mixture of 3-(4'-pyridylacetyl) toluene (2.11 g, yl]pyridine (0.56 g) as a white solid: m.p. 237-239 °C. 0.01 mol) was heated at 200 °C under N_2 for 15 minutes. gel, 35:65 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-[5-(3methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

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Found: C, 63.6; H, 4.00; N, 13.70.

Example A-23

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrldinyl)1H-pyrbzol-5-yl]pyrldine

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neutralized with bicarbonate and a tan colored solid was first to 140 °C, which caused a phase change, and mmol) in THF (25 mL) was heated to dissolution and then with activated carbon (Darco*) in boiling MeOH (100 mL), precipitated out. The solid was purified by treatment immediately cooled, diluted with 10 % HCl (50 mL) and whereupon a solid crystallized out. The reaction was subsequently melted on further heating until 180 °C evaporated to dryness. The resulting solid was heated (1.0 g, 4.6 mmol) and isonicotinic hydrazide (0.63 g, 4.6 C, 71.13; H, 4.24; N, 17.46. Found: C, 70.88; H, 3.87; Mass (MH^{+}) 137 (100%). Anal. Calc'd for C19H13N4F.1/4H2O. (1.05 g, 69 %) as a shiny tan solid: m.p. 304 °C (DSC). followed by filtration and concentration, to give 4-[3washed with chloroform. The aqueous layer was (4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]pyridine A mixture of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene

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Example A-24

4-(5-cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1)pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 4-cyclohexyl-3-pyridyl-3-butene-3-cne

4-Cyclohexyl-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one was prepared by the method of Example A-1, step 1 by replacing of 3fluoro-p-anisaldehyde with cyclohexanecarboxaldehyde.

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Step 2: Preparation of 4-(5-cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-

10 <u>pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine</u>

A- (5-Cyclobexyl)-3-methyl-1H-

4-(5-Cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine was prepared by the method for Example A-1, step 2, by replacing 4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxylphenyl)-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one with 4-cyclohexyl-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one (step 1): Anal. Calc'd for C15H19N3: C, 73.56; H, 7.98; N, 17.16. Found: C, 73.72; H, 7.91; N, 19.98.

Example A-25

-3-(3-(3-(10070-5-methoxyphenyl)-3methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

20

anisaldehyde with 3-fluoro-m-anisaldehyde: Anal. Calc'd

Example A-1, steps 1 and 2 by replacing 3-fluoro-p-

for Cl6H14N3OF: C, 67.83; H, 4.98; N, 14.83. Found: C,

67.68, H, 4.92; N, 14.92.

4-{5-(3-Fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl}-3-methyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine was prepared by the method of

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The following examples (No 26-55) listed in Table 1

were prepared by the procedures described above:

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					D or	Anal Cale'd	Anni	Anal Calc'd (calcd/found)	1/formd)
P ?	7.	۲	*	7	DSC(°C	Formula	n	H	z
4	н	.t∙сн _э	Š	, (©,	175.6	C16H15N3O 0.15H2O	71.70/ 71.92	5.75/ 5.76	15.68/ 15.29
45	I	-}-сн₂сн₃	Ç)	Ö	1	C ₁₇ H ₁₉ N ₃	77.54/ 77.13	6.51/ 6.28	15.96/ 15.69
46	×	-t-CH ₃	Ž,	₹ ©F	412.1	C15H11N3F2	66.42/ 66.12	4.09/ 3.86	15.49/ 15.25
47	ж	-}-сн₃	(Z)	ري ال	168.5	C ₁₇ H ₁₇ N ₃ O .0.15H ₂ O	72.40/ 72.39	6.18/ 5.87	14.90/
48	Н	-\$-сн₃	(S),	<u>(a)</u>	211.2	C ₁₆ H ₁₂ N ₃ F ₃ .0.2H ₇ O	62.62/ 62.64	4.07/ 4.06	13.69/ 13.35
49	н	-ŀсн _э	(S)	Ą	ı	$C_{13}H_{11}N_3S$	64.71/ 64.44	4.59/ 4.58	17.41/ 17.27
50	н	-≹∙Сн _э	ďŞ,	, (1)	189.2	C ₁₃ H ₁₁ N ₃ Cl ₂	59.23/ 59.22	3.65/ 3.24	13.81/
51	н	-}∙сн₃	Ş	Ö,	211.7	C ₁₅ H ₁₂ N ₃ Cl .0.15H ₂ O	66.13/ 66.33	4.55/ 4.62	15.42/ 15.05
52	н	.}-сн₃	Š	ŢŢ	219.8	C16H14N3C1	64.11/ 63.85	4.71/ 4.69	14.02/ 13.93
53	н	کی اگریکا	Ş	Ô	163.4	Сı9Нı7N5О2СІ	64.32/ 63.98	4.83/ 5.08	11.84/ 11.80
2	-}∙сн _э	Ō	Ç)	=	1	C ₁₅ H ₁₂ N ₃ F .0.2H ₂ O	70.15/ 70.18	4.86/ 4.60	16.35/ 16.47
55	н	Ö	Š	H	1	C ₁₄ H ₁₀ N ₃ F	70.28/ 69.97	4.21/ 3.84	17.56/ 17.53

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The following pyrazoles could be prepared by the procedures described above:

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Example A-56 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-5 4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
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Example A-57 5-{3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
Example A-58 5-{3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-

4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
Example A-59 .5-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;

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4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine; Example A-60 5-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;

Example A-61 5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;

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Example A-62 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
Example A-63 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-

4-yl)pyridin-2-amine;
20 Example A-64 4-(5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol4-vl]nyridin-2-amine;

4-yl]pyridin-2-amine; Example A-65 4-(5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-2-amine;

Example A-66 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-25 4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;

Example A-67 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;

Example A-68 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;

Example A-69 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;

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Example A-70 2-methoxy-5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-71 2-methoxy-5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1+-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

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Example A-72 4-{5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-

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Example A-73 2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;

1H-pyrazol-4-yllpyridine;

Example A-74 2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-

Example A-75 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; Ŋ

Example A-76 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol 4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;

Example A-77 2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;

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Example A-78 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1H-pyrazol-4-yllpyridine; 4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;

Example A-79 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;

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Example A-80 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-Example A-81 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yllpyridin-2-ol;

Example A-82 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-ol; 20

Example A-83 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-ol; 4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;

Example A-84 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-y1)pyridin-2-o1;

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Example A-86 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-Example A-85 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine; 4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;

Example A-87 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-Example A-88 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine; 30

Example A-89 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol 4-yllpyridine-2-methanamine; 4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine; 35

Example A-90 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-

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1-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;

Example A-91 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol 4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;

Example A-92 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol 4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;

Example A-93 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol Example A-94 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol 4-yl)pyridine-2-carboxamide;

Example A-95 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yllpyridine-2-carboxamide; 4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide; 10

Example A-96 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-Example A-97 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;

Example A-98 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-Example A-99 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide; 4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;

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Example A-101 4-[5-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl Example A-100 4-[5-(4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl 1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine; 20

Example A-102 4-[5-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-yl)-3-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-103 4-[5-(benzofuran-6-y1)-3-methyl-1Hmethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 25

Example A-104 4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yllpyridine; pyrazol-4-yllpyridine;

Example A-105 4-[5-(3-chloro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-Example A-106 4-[5-(1-cyclohexyen-1-y1)-3-methyl-1Hpyrazol-4-yllpyridine; 1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 30

Example A-108 4-[5-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-Example A-107 4-[5-(1,3-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-3-methyl-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

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Example A-109 4-(5-cyclohexyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-Example A-110 4-[5-(4-methoxy-3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; yl)pyridine; 133

ហ Example A-112 4-[5-(3-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-Example A-111 4-[5-(3-methoxy-4-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

10 Example A-113 4-[5-(3-furanyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-Example A-114 2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

15 Example A-116 methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-4-yl) pyridine; Example A-115 2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol Example A-117 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine-2-carboxylate;

20 Example A-119 N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-Example A-118 1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridin-2-yl]ethanone; yl)pyridine-2-carboxamide;

ស 4-yl)pyridine; Example A-120 3-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazolpyrazol-2-yl)pyridin-2-amine;

Example A-122 methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-4-yl) pyridine; Example A-121 3-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol

30 Example A-123 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine-3-carboxylate;

yl)pyridine-3-carboxamide; Example A-125 3-bromo-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridin-3-yl]ethanone; Example A-124 1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl)pyridine; Example A-126 N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H

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Example A-127 2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine; pyrazol-2-yl)pyridin-3-amine;

Example A-129 2-methoxy-4:(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-Example A-128 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyrimidine;

4-yl)pyrimidine; y1)pyrimidin-2-amine; Example A-130 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

10 Example A-131 N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-Example A-132 4-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-5pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;

Example A-133 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(3-thienyl)-1Hphenyl-1H-pyrazole;

pyrazole; Example A-134 4-(3-furanyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1Hpyrazole;

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pyrazole; Example A-135 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(2-thienyl)-1H-

Example A-137 4-(3-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-Example A-136 4-(2-furanyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1Hpyrazole;

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pyrazole; Example A-138 4-(3-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-

Example A-139 pyrazole; 4-(5-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-

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Example A-140 4-(5-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1Hpyrazole;

Example A-141 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(5-thiazolyl)-1Hpyrazole;

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Example A-142 3-methyl-4-(5-oxazolyl)-5-phenyl-1Hpyrazole;

pyrazole; Example A-143 2-methyl-4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-

Example A-144 4-(1-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

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4-y1]pyridine;

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Example A-145 4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

Example A-146 2-methyl-4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl)pyridine;

Example A-147 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

Example A-148 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

Example A-149 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine; Example A-150 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

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yl]pyridine; Example A-151 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-

methylpyridine;

Example A-152 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-

15 4-yllpyridine;

Example A-153 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; and Example A-154 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylpyridine.

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The compounds of Examples A-155 through A-172 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly Scheme II) and illustrated by many of the previously disclosed Examples by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

Example A-155

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5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-

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pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 261 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C₂₀H₁₅ClN₄ + 0.25 H₂O (MW 351.32): C, 68.38, H, 4.30, N, 15.95. Found: C, 68.25, H, 4.41, N, 15.74.

Example A-156

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 260 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C₁₅H₁₃ClN₄ + 0.125 H₂O (MW 287.00): C, 62.77, H, 4.57, N, 19.52. Found: C, 62.78, H, 4.33, N, 19.22.

xample A-157

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5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H15 pyrazol-3-amine dihydrate: DSC 230 °C. Anal. Calc'd fox C₁₆H₁₅ClN₄ + 2 H₂O (MW 334.81): C, 57.40, H, 4.52, N, 16.73. Found: C, 57.72, H, 4.85, N, 16.54.

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Example A-158

5-(3-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 227 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C₁₆H₁₅FN₄ + 0.125 H₂O (MW 284.57): C, 67.53, H, 5.31, N, 19.69. Found: C, 67.60, H, 5.20, N, 19.84.

Example A-159

10 N,N-dimethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-3-amine: DSC 222 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C₁₇H₁₈N₄ +
0.25 H₂O (MW 282.86): C, 72.19, H, 6.41, N, 19.81. Found:
C, 71.99, H, 6.46, N, 19.90.

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Example A-160

N-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3amine: DSC 226 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C₁₆H₁₆N₄ + 0.125 H₂O

(MW 266.58): C, 72.09, H, 6.05, N, 21.02. Found: C,
72.12, H, 6.12, N, 20.83.

10 N-ethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3amine: DSC 227 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C₁₇H₁₆N₄ + 0.125 H₅O
(MW 280.61): C, 72.77, H, 6.47, N, 19.97. Found: C,
72.63, H, 6.40, N, 19.73.

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Example A-162

pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 234 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C19H22N, (MW 306.41): C, 74.48, H, 7.24, N, 18.29. Found: C, N, N-diethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-74.12, H, 7.18, N, 18.13.

Example A-163

5-(4-chlorophenyl)- N, N-diethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-3-amine: m.p. 260-261°C. Anal. Calc'd for C16H19ClN, (MW 326.83): C, 66.15, H, 5.86, N, 17.14. Found: C, 66.03, H, 5.72, N, 17.23.^[10

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Example A-164

0.25 H₂O (MW 345.32): C, 62.61, H, 4.96, N, 16.23. Found: yl]morpholine: DSC 279 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C16H1,ClN,O + 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-C, 62.52, H, 4.77, N, 16.52.

Example A-165

amine: DSC 244 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C₁,H,,ClN₄ + 0.125 H₂O (MW 315.06): C, 64.81, H, 5.44, N, 17.78. Found: C, 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-propyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-64.94, H, 5.43, N, 17.78. 9

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Example A-166

Isolated as 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine hydrate (2:1): DSC 237 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C₂₁H₁₇ClN₄ + 0.5 H₂O (MW 369.86): C, 68.20, H, 4.63, N, 15.15. Found: C, 68.09, H, 4.55, N, 15.15.

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Example A-167

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Isolated as 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine monohydrate: DSC 223 °C.
Anal. Calc'd for C₁₇H₁₇ClN₄O + H₂O (MW 346.82): C, 58.87, H, 4.94, N, 16.15. Found: C, 58.59, H, 4.79, N, 16.02.

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Example A-168

5 1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-l-piperazinecarboxylate: DSC 251 °C.
Anal. Calc'd for C₂₃H₃₆ClN₅O (MW 439.95): C, 62.79, H,
5.96, N, 15.92. Found: C, 62.40, H, 5.82, N, 15.82.

1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-

Example A-169

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Isolated as 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine trihydrochloride: DSC 99 °C.

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Anal. Calc'd for $C_{1B}H_{18}ClN_4$ + 3 HCl (MW 449.21): C, 48.13, H, 4.71, N, 15.59. Found: C, 47.76, H, 5.07, N, 15.51.

Example A-170

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine: m.p. 247-249 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₀ClN₅ + 0.75 H₂O (MW 367.33): C, 62.12, H, 5.49, N, 19.06. Found: C, 62.45, H, 5.86, N, 19.32.

Example A-171

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1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate: m.p. 243-244

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°C. Anal. Calc'd for C₃,H₃FN₅O₃ + 0.5 CH₃CH₃CO₂CH₃CH₃, (WW 467.55): C, 64.22, H, 6.47, N, 14.98. Found: C, 63.90, H, 6.61, N, 14.88.

Example A-172

1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]piperazine trihydrochloride: m.p. 204-206 °C. Anal.

10 Calc'd for C₁₈H₁₈Fn₅ + 3 HCl + 0.5 H₂O (MW 441.77): C, 48.94, H, 4.79, N, 15.85. Found: C, 48.66, H, 4.88, N, 15.50. 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-15 yllpiperazine: m.p. 264-265 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C₁₈H₁₈ClN₅ + 0.125 H₂O (MM 342.08): C, 63.20, H, 5.30, N, 20.47. Pound: C, 63.04, H, 5.36, N, 20.33. Additional compounds that were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described in Scheme II by selection of the corresponding starting reagents further include the compounds disclosed in Table 2.

DSC

deg C

182

220

120

N found

14.68

16.11 259

20.24 82

16.34 217

15.17 220

16.64 232

14.37

19.47 N.D.

15.36 210

17.83 271

14.76

16.20

20.02

16.37

15.38

16.83

14.47

19.39

15.71

18.36

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Example A-173

U1 pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine, trihydrochloride N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[2-(phenylmethyl)amino]-4-

TABLE 2

50.58

69.33

48.45

61.57

44.96

60.51

61.76

60.86

58.98

62.97

45.37

50.63

69.47

48.64

61.75

44.85

60.61

62.04

60.96

59.26

62.98

45.41

Microanalysis

C calc | C found | H calc | H found | N calc

4.96

5.60

4.56

6.12

4.65

5.81

6.25

5.81

5.65

5.81

4.53

5.03

5.56

4.86

6.04

4.87

5.81

6.25

6.21

5.55

5.64

4.74

yl]-4-(phenylmethyl)piperazine 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-

10

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Example

A-173

A-174

A-175

A-176

A-177

A-178

A-179

A-180

A-181

A-182

A-183

General

Procedure

Sch. II

Formula .

C24H25CIN6+3HCI+1.5H2O

C25H24CIN5-0.125H2O

C17H17FN6+1.25H2O

C22H26CIN5O2

C17H18CIN5+3HCI+H2O

C21H24CIN5O2+0.125H2O

C25H30 CIN5O3

C22H25 FN6O2-0.5H2O

C22H25 CIFN5O2

C20H22CIN5+0.75H2O

C16H19Cl4N5+3HCl

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Example A-175

Isolated as 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-yllpyrimidine, dihydrochloride

Example A-176

1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate

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Example A-177

Isolated as N-[5-[4-chlorophenyl]-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine, trihydrochloride monohydrate

Example A-178

10 1,1-dimethylethyl [2-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]ethyl]carbamate

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Example A-179

ຫ piperazinecarboxylate hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(2-

10 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

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Example A-181

150

pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate 1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4ethylpiperazine

10

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Example A-183

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,2-ethanediamine 'n

above (particularly in Schemes I and IV) and illustrated by the previously disclosed Examples by selection of the The compounds of Examples A-184 through A-189 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described corresponding starting reagents:

2

Example A-184

15

4.09; N, 15.49. Found: C, 66.20; H, 3.94; N, 15.16; m.p. yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C15H11F2N3: C, 66.42; H, 4-[3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

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236.67 °C.

Example A-185

Found; C, 77.16; H, 6.27; N, 15.69. m.p. (DSC): 189.25 4-[3-(3-ethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C, H, N; C, 77.54; H, 6.51; N, 15.96. ပ္ပ

Example A-186

10

Anal Calc'd for C,6H,ClN, 0.1 mole H,O: C, 67.15; H, 4.91; 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: N, 14.33. Found: C, 66.95; H, 5.00; N, 14.36. DSC: 15

176.18 °C.

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Example A-187

4-[3-ethyl-5-(3-ethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine:
5 Anal. Calc'd for C₁₈H₁₈N₃*0.1 mole H₂O: C, 77.44; H, 6.93;
N, 15.05. Found: C, 77.39; H, 6.94; N, 14.93. m.p.
(DSC): 192.66 °C.

Ежалфіе A-188

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4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for $C_{17}H_{16}ClN_2*0.4M$ EtOAc: C, 67.08; H, 5.81; N, 12.62. Found: C, 67.40; H, 6.15; N, 12.34.

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Example A-189

4-[3-cyclopropyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C₁₇H₁₄FN₃: C, 73.1; H, 5.05; N, 15.04. Found: C, 73.23; H, 4.89; N, 14.63; m.p.: 239-240 °C.

The compound of Example A-190 was synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme III) and illustrated by the previously disclosed Examples by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

Example A-190

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This compound was prepared by the same procedure as

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described for Example A-22 by replacing 3-(4'-pyridylacetyl) toluene with 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl) benzene (prepared as set forth in Example A-19).

Anal. Calc'd for C₁₅H₂F_N₁: C, 58.64; H, 2.95; N, 13.68. Found: C, 58.57; H, 3.07; N, 13.31. m.p. (DSC): 281.94 °C.

'n

The compounds of Examples A-191 through A-198 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme V) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

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cample A-19

15

4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(420 pyridinyl)ethanone methylhydrazone

.c4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone methylhydrazo

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To a solution of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridinyl methane (8.60 g, 0.04 mol) and methyl hydrazine (2.14 g, 0.044 mol) in 50 mL of ethanol was added two drops of concentrated sulfuric acid. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the removal of solvent, the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with saturated sodium carbonate solution, washed with brine, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was recrystallized from diethyl ether and hexane to afford 7.5 g of a yellow solid product (77% yield), 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone methylhydrazone.

15 Step.2: Preparation of 4-[5-(cyclopxopyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-vl]pyridine To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (5.5 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 (0.67 g, 0.0028 mol) in 10 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate (0.34 g, 0.0034 mol) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 3 hours. Water was added and the acueous phase was

bours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl

30 acetate/hexane/acetone, 10:9:1) to give 0.45 g of product, 4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine, as a light yellow solid (55% yield), mp: 129-130 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCL;): 6 8.53 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.14 (m, 2H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 35 (m, 1H), 0.95 (m, 2H), 0.36 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd

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For C₁₈H₁₆FN₃: C, 73.70; H, 5.50; N, 14.32. Found: C,

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73.63; H, 5.57; N, 14.08.

Example A-192

5 5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazole-1-ethanol

Step 1: Preparation of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazone

10 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazona

To a flask containing hydroxyethyl hydrazine (3.4 g, 0.04 mol) at 80 °C was added 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridinyl methane (8.6 g, 0.04 mol) portionwise. The yellow oil was stirred at this temperature overnight. The cooled reaction mixture was dissolved with hot ethyl acetate and then triturated with hexane to give 8.9 g of product, 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazone, as a yellow crystal (81%), mp: 122-123 °C.

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further purification.

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Step 2: Preparation of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone [2-[[(1.1-dimethylsilyl)oxylethyl)hydrazone

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1-[4-fluorophenyl]-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone {2-[{{1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]hydrazone

To a solution of the 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazone prepared in
step 1 (2.73 g, 0.01 mol) and (1,1-

dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl chloride (1.5 g, 0.01 mol) in 25 mL of DMF was added imidazole portionwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. Water was added and extracted with ethyl acetate, the organic layer was washed with water, washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated to give 3.8 g of crude product, 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone [2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilylloxy]ethyl]hydrazone, as a yellow oil that was used in the next step without

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Step 3: 5-cyclopropyl-1-[2-[[(1.1-dimethylethyl)
dimethylsilylloxylethyll-3.4-diphenyl-1H-pyrazole

5-cyclopropyl-1-[2-[[[1,1-dimethylethyl)] dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrazole

of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred Hz, 2H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.47 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, 9H), 0.41(m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For C25H32FN3OSi: C, 68.61; compound prepared in step 2 (0.78 g, 0.002 mol) in 10 mL methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate (0.27 g, 0.0026 mol) in 5 allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 3 filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by dimethylethyl) dimethylsilylloxylethyll-3,4-diphenyl-1Hchromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 3:7) at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of $(CDCL_3)$: δ 8.53 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.14 (d, J = 5.6 To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (4.2 to give 0.30 g of product, 5-cyclopropyl-1-[2-[[(1,1-J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 1.93 (m, 1H), 0.95 (m, 2H), 0.87 (s,mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and pyrazole, as a light yellow oil (35% yield), th NMR mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was

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H, 7.37; N, 9.60. Found: C, 68.39; H, 7.81; N, 9.23.

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Step 4: Preparation of 5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

To a solution of the compound prepared in step 3 (0.27 g, 0.00062 mol) in 5 mL of THF was added tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.9 mL of 1.0 M THF solution) at room temperature. After 1 hour, water was

- added and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 9:1) to give 0.16 g of product, 5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol, as a pale yellow solid, mp: 155-157 °C; 'H NNR (CDCL₁): 6 8.53
 - (br s, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.14 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.97

 15 (m, 2H), 4.42 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 1.83 (m, 1H), 0.93 (m, 2H), 0.35(m, 2H); Anal.

 Calc'd For C₁₉H₁₈FN₃O: C, 70.57; H, 5.61; N, 12.99. Found: C, 70.46; H, 5.87; N, 12.84.

Example A-193

20

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (7.4 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the

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compound prepared in step 2 of Example A-192 (1.25 g, 0.0034 mol) in 15 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of methyl 4-(2-

- 5 methoxy)pyridinecarboxylate (0.0.59 g, 0.0035 mol) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 3 hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was
- 10 washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1:1) to give 0.28 g of product, 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-
- 15 ethanol, as a yellow solid, mp: 168-169 °C; 'H NWR (CDCL₁): & 8.42 (m, 2H), 8.20 (dd, J = 0.7, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.95 (m, 2H), 6.71 (dd, J = 1.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (t, J = 0.7 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (m, 2H), 4.14 (m, 2H), 3.95 (s, 3H); Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂H₃₉FN₄O₂: C, 67.86; H, 4.91; N, 14.35. Found: C, 67.46; H, 5.08; N,

14.03.

4-[1-[2-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]25 oxy]ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol5-yl]-2-methoxypyridine

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A second compound, 4-[1-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl) dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2-methoxypyridine also was isolated from the above reaction as a yellow oil by chromatography.

1H NMR (CDCL₂): 8 8.45 (m, 2H), 8.20 (m, 1H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.04 (m, 2H), 6.93 (m, 2H), 6.81 (m, 2H), 4.24 (m, 2H), 4.14 (m, 2H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 0.83 (s, 9H), 0.02 (s, 6H).

Example A-194

10

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone

25 20 15 to give 0.07 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2with water, basified with ammonium hydroxide and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was 0.0006 mol) in 5 mL of acetic acid was added 3 mL of 48% pyridinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol (0.28 g, hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)chromatography on silica gel (MeOH/CH2Cl2/NH4OH, 5:94:1) washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and reflux for 3 hour. The cooled mixture was then treated hydrobromic acid. To a solution of 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-The filtrate was concentrated and purified by The reaction mixture was heated at

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pyridinone, as a yellow solid (32% yield), mp: 250-251 °C; ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 11.74 (s, 1H), θ .45 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (m, 3H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.03 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 6.37 (s, 1H), 6.05 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 5.0 (m, 1H), 4.13 (m, 2H), 3.81 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd for C₁₁H;FN₁O₂*0.2 H₂O: C, 66.06; H, 4.65; N, 14.67. Found: C, 66.31; H, 4.49; N, 14.27.

Example A-195

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1-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone 1-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4
15 (4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone was
obtained as a byproduct of the reaction of Example A-194
in the form of a yellow solid (38% yield), mp: 220-221
°C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): \$ 8.50 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.02 (m, 4H), 6.59 (m, 1H) 6.08 (dd, J = 1.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.52

20 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.43 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.04
(8,3H); Anal. Calc'd for C₂₃H₃FN₄O₃*0.3 H₃O: C, 65.46; H, 4.63; N, 13.28. Found: C, 65.09; H, 4.64; N, 12.99.

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Ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl) -1-(2-hydroxyethyl) -4-(4pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylate

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (17.0 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 of Example A-192 (1.37 g, 0.005 mol) in 20 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of diethyl 1,2-cyclopropanedicarboxylate (1.12 g, 0.006 mol) in 10 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 2 hours. Water was added and

temperature and stirred for 2 hours. Water was added and
the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The
organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium
sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and
purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl
acetate/hexane, 8:2) to give 0.18 g of product, ethyl 2-

acetate/hexane, 8:2) to give 0.18 g of product, ethyl 220 [3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)11+pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylate, as a light
yellow oil (35% yield), 'H NMR (CDCL₁): 6 8.55 (m, 2H),
7.32 (m, 2H), 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.38 (m,2H),
4.16 (m, 4H), 2.47 (m, 1H), 1.53 (m, 2H), 1.26 (t, J=7.0
25 Hz, 3H), (m, 2H), 0.90 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd for
C₂₂H₂₅FN₃O₃•0.25 H₃O: C, 66.07; H, 5.67; N, 10.51 Found: C,

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65.89; H, 5.80; N, 9.95.

Example A-197

2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

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To a solution of ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]

- 10 cyclopropanecarboxylate prepared in accordance with Example A-196 (0.21 g, 0.00045 mol) in 10 mL of methanol was added a solution of sodium hydroxide (0.09 g, 0.0022 mol) in 2 mL of water. The reaction mixture was stirred at reflux for 6 hours. After the solvent was removed, the residue was dissolved with 10 mL of 1N HCl and
- the residue was dissolved with 10 mL of 1N HCl and stirred for 30 minutes. The pH was then adjusted to 5-6 by addition of 1N sodium hydroxide solution and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium and filtered.
- 20 The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was purified by recrystallization from ethanol and ether to give 0.1 g of product, 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, as a white solid (60% yield), mp: 253-255 °C; ¹H NMR (CD;OD): & 8.46 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.04 (m, 2H), 4.39 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 4.03 (m, 2H), 2.60 (m, 1H), 1.51 (m, 2H), 0.97 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For

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 $C_{20}H_{10}FN_{3}O_{3}$: C, 65.39; H, 4.94; N, 11.44. Found: C, 64.92: H, 4.77; N, 11.20.

Example A-198

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazole-1-ethanol

Step 1: Preparation of methyl 1-[[2-(trimethylsilvl)
10 ethoxylmethyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

methyl 1-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl]-1H-pyrrole-3carboxylate

To a suspension of sodium hydride (1.0 g, 0.025 mol)
in 50 mL of DMF was added methyl 4-imidazolecarboxylate
(2.95 g, 0.023 mol) portionwise at room temperature. The
mixture was stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hours.
Then SEM-Cl (4.17 g, 0.025 mol) was added dropwise over 5
minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 hours
and quenched by adding water. The aqueous phase was
extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic layer was
washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and
filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude

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was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 8:2) to give 4.0 g of the major regioisomer as a clear oil.

Step 2: Preparation of 4-[1-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)
dimethylsilylloxylethyll-3-(4-fluorophenyl-5-[1-[[(2trimethygilyl)ethoxylmethyl-1H-imidizol-4-vl]-1H-pyxazol4-yllpyxidine

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (4.5 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C under Ar was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of Example A-192 (0.8 g, 0.002 mcl) in 10 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 of the present Example (0.54 g, 0.0021 mcl) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 1 hour. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was

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washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 8:2) to give 0.98 g of product as a light yellow oil which solidified upon standing (91% yield), mp: 79-80 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCL₂): \$ 8.48 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 2H), 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 2H), 4.53 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 9.84 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 0.94 (s, 9H), 0.021 (s, 18H); Anal. Calc'd For C₁₁H₄₄FN₄O₅Si₂: C, 62.70; H,

Step 3: Preparation of 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-

7.47; N, 11.79. Found: C, 62.98; H, 7.74; N, 11.88.

imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyzidinyl)-1H-byzazole-1-ethanol
To a solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of
the present Example (0.54 g, 0.001 mol) in 10 mL of THF
was added a solution of tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.0
M in mus)

M in THF). After the mixture was heated at reflux for 3 to hours, the solvent was removed and the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was purified on silica gel (methylene

25 chloride/methanol, 95:5) to give 0.22 g of the product,
3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazole-1-ethanol, as a white solid (63% yield), mp:
227-228 °C; 'H NMR (DMSO-d, : 6 8.45 (m, 2H), 7.38 (s,
1H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.15 (m, 4H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 5.20 (br

10, (1.35 (W, 2H), (1.25 (W, 4H), (1.95 (S, 1H), 1.25 (N, 2H), 3.81 (M, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For C, 4H, FN, O: C, 65.32; H, 4.62; N, 20.05. Found: C, 64.98; H, 4.55; N, 19.79.

The compound of Example A-199 was synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme VI) by selection of the

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corresponding starting reagents:

Example A-199

4-{3-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Anal. Calc'd for $C_{13}H_{12}N_1Cl$ (269.74): C, 66.79; H, 4.48; N, 15.58. Found: C, 66.57; H, 4.15; N, 15.54. m.p. (DSC): 198.17 °C.

The compounds of Examples A-200 through A-202 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme VII) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

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Example A-200

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5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid

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15 10 was extracted with ethyl acetate to remove unreacted 4 (5.83 g, 24.0909 mmol) and potassium permanganate pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine prepared as set forth in Example A-H, 4.01; N, 13.95; Found: C, 59.48; H, 3.26; N, 13.65. MS acid (isolated as the monohydrate salt) (2.9777 g, 43.7 fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic precipitate formed, was collected by filtration, washed until all the potassium permanganate was consumed). The %). Anal. Calc'd for $C_{15}H_{10}N_3FO_2.H_2O$ (283 + 18); C, 59.80; with water, and dried in a vacuum oven to give 5-(4-IN HCl to increase the pH to about 6. A white starting material. The aqueous layer was acidified with was removed from the mixture by filtration. The filtrate and then diluted with water (150 ml). Manganese dioxide mixture was then stirred at room temperature overnight butanol (10 ml) was heated at reflux for 6 hours (or (7.6916 g, 48.1818 mmol) in water (7.5 ml) and tert-A mixture of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-

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(MH*): 284 (base peak).

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-methanol

To a suspension of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate prepared in accordance with Example A-200 (0.526 g, 2.0 mmol) in dry THF (15 ml) at reflux under nitrogen, a solution of 1N lithium aluminum hydride in THF (4.0 ml,

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4.0 mmol) was added dropwise over 15 minutes. A precipitate formed. The mixture was boiled for an additional hour. Excess lithium aluminum hydride was then decomposed by cautiously adding a solution of 4N porassium hydroxide in water (0.5 ml). Then hydroxide

a white salt precipitated. After the addition was complete, the mixture was heated at reflux for 15 minutes. The hot solution was filtered by suction through a Buchner funnel, and remaining product was the complete when the product was the complete with the complete was the complete with the complete was the complete was the complete with the complete was the complete with the complete was the complete was the complete with the complete was the

10 extracted from the precipitate by refluxing with THF (15 ml) for 1 hour, followed again by suction filtration. The combined filtrates were concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was taken into ethyl acetate, washed with water and brine, dried over MGSO, to give a crude product (0.45 g). Recrystallization of the crude product from methanol gave 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-

pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazole-3-methanol (0.2808 g, 56.5%). DSC: 260.26 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C₁₅H₁₃N₁FO (269): C, 66.91; H, 4.49; N, 15.60; Found: C, 66.07; H, 4.63; N, 15.20. MS (MH'): 270 (base peak).

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Example A-202

25 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]carbonyl]piperazine

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Step 1: Preparation of 1.1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4fluoxophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-vllcarbonyl]1-piperazinecarboxylate

To a solution of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate prepared in
accordance with Example A-200 (0.9905 g, 3.5 mmol) and 1hydroxybenzotriazole (0.4824 g, 3.57 mmol) in DMF (20 ml)
at 0 °C under nitrogen, 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)3-

10 ethylcarbodiiminde hydrochloride (0.6984 g, 3.57 mmol, Aldrich Chemical Co.) was added. The solution was stirred at 0 °C under nitrogen for 1 hour then 1-butoxycarbonylpiperazine (0.6585 g, 3.5 mmol) was added followed by N-methylmorpholine (0.40 ml, 3.6 mmol). The

reaction was stirred from 0 °C to room temperature overnight. After 19 hours, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and resulting residue was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with saturated NaHCO, solution, water and brine, and dried over MgSO. After filtration,

water and bille, and diled over mgSO4. Alter illitation,
the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to give a
crude product (1.7595 g). 1,1-Dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]1-piperazinecarboxylate (1.2372 g, 78.4%) was obtained by
chromatography. Anal. Calc'd for C₂₄H₂₆N₅O₃F. (451): C,

25 63.85; H, 5.80; N, 15.51; Found: C, 63.75; H, 5.71; N, 15.16. MS (MH'): 452 (base peak).

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Step 2: Preparation of 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yllcarbonyllpiperazine
bis(trifluoroacetate). monohydrate

A solution of the compound prepared in step 1 (0.1804 g, 0.4 mmol) in methylene chloride (1.0 ml) and TFA (0.3 ml) was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen for 2 hours. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and TFA was chased by methylene chloride and methanol. The resulting colorless oily residue was

10 dried in a vacuum oven overnight to give 1-[[5-(4fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]carbonyl]piperazine (isolated as the

bis(trifluoroacetate), monohydrate salt) (0.2400g, 100%) as a white solid. Anal. Calc'd for 15 C₁₉H₁₁N₂OF.2CF₂COOH.H₂O(351 + 228 + 18): C, 46.24; H, 3.71; N, 11.72; Found: C, 45.87; H, 3.43; N, 11.45. MS (MH'):

352 (base peak).

The compounds of Examples A-203 through A-206 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme VIII) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

Example A-203

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4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

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4-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

A 60% dispersion of sodium hydride (41 mg, 0.00172 moles) (prewashed with hexane) in mineral oil (69 mg) was added with 5 ml of dioxane to a stirred solution of 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (200 mg, 0.00086 moles) (prepared as set forth in Example A-2) in 50 ml of dioxane. After 3 hours a solution of CH₃I (122 mg, 0.00086 moles) in 10 ml dioxane was added and the mixture

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0.00086 mole) in 10 ml dioxane was added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 hours. The mixture was concentrated to a solid. The products were partitioned between water (15 ml) and ethyl acetate (50 ml). The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated to a solid. The products were purified and separated by radial chromatography. NMR (NOE experiments) showed that the first component off the column (the minor component) was 4-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine, and the second material off the column was 4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

Major isomer (4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine): m.p.: 94-99 °C. Anal. calc'd for

yl)pyridine.

25 $C_{16}H_{15}N_{1} \cdot 0.1MH_{2}O$: C, 77.08; H, 6.06; N, 16.85. Found: C, 76.59; H, 5.70; N, 16.62

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Example A-204

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine (the compound of Example A-32) 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine and 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine were prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-203 by replacing 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine with 4-(3-(4-11) chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (prepared as set forth in Example A-7).

Major Isomer (4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): Anal. calc'd for C₁₄,₁₄,₁₅Cl 20 (283.76): C, 67.72; H, 4.97; N, 14.81; Found: C, 67.45; H, 4.71; N, 14.63. m.p. (DSC): 190.67 °C.

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Minor Isomer (4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): m.p.: 82-88 °C. Anal. calc'd for C₁₆H₁₄N₅Cl: C, 67.72; H, 4.97; N, 14.81; Found: C, 67.56; H, 4.96; N, 14.73.

Example A-205

4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yllpyridine

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4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine 4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-415 yl]pyridine and 4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine were prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-203 by replacing 4(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine with 4-(3-(4-methylphenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (prepared

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as set forth in Example A-45).

Major Isomer (4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-IH-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): Anal. Calc'd for C₁₈H₁₉NO₃•0.45 MH₂O: C, 75.73; H, 7.03; N, 14.77. Found: C, 76.03; H,

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6.87 N, 14.28.

Minor Isomer (4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-

pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): Anal. Calc'd for
10 C₁₈H₁₉NO₃ • 0.30MH₂O: C, 76.46; H, 6.99; N, 14.86. Found: C,
76.58; H, 6.98; N, 14.63.

Example A-206

15 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C₁₇H₁₆N₂Cl (297.79): C, 68.57; H, 5.42; N, 14.11. Found: C, 68.33; H, 5.27; N, 14.08; m.p. (DSC) 164.36 °C.

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4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C₁₇H₁₈N₃Cl (297.79): C, 68.57; H, 5.42; N, 14.11. Found: C, 68.25; H, 5.36; N, 13.74; m.p. (DSC) 153.46 °C.

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The compounds of Examples A-208 and A-209 were prepared in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme IX):

Example A-208

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl

15 methane

25 20 ambient temperature. The initial yellow solution turned 20 °C, was added lithium bis(trimethylsilylamide) (600 mL ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate (50.45g, 0.3 moles), maintained at (200 mL) provided the pure desoxybenzoin, 4furnish a yellow solid which on trituration with hexanes layer was dried (sodium sulfate) and concentrated, to layer re-extracted with of toluene (100 mL). The organic about 7. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous quenched with concentrated HCl at 0 °C to lower the pH to mixture cooled to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was additional 2 hours. Toluene (250 mL) was added and the into a suspension which was then stirred for an (1M)) in a steady but rapid stream so as to maintain To a mixture of 4-picoline (32.6 g, 0.35 moles) and

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fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane, in 90% yield (58g). ¹H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure.

Step 2:

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To a suspension of the desoxybenzoin prepared in step 1 (30g, 0.14 moles) in tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) was added dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal (50 mL) and the mixture stirred at ambient temperature for two days. The solution was then concentrated to dryness and the solid paste obtained was triturated with hexanes (150 mL) to furnish a yellow solid which was of sufficient purity (as determined by NMR) and was used for the next step without additional purification. Yield: 33.9 g (90%). ¹H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure.

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stirring and cooling (20% sodium hydroxide was used). The moles) was dissolved in 125 mL of ethanol and cooled to 0 charcoal at 70 °C for 10 minutes, filtered through celite fine off-white precipitate was filtered and dried to give ambient temperature for a total reaction time of 3 hours consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. calc'd for °C. Hydrazine hydrate (8.0g of anhydrous or 16.0g. of The vinyl amine prepared in step 2 (33.9g, 0.1255 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine. Yield: The mixture was concentrated and taken up in 200 mL of water layer was then treated with 0.5 g of activated and neutralized cautiously to pH 7 - 8 with vigorous hydrate, 0.25 moles) was then added in one portion. chloroform. After washing with water (100 mL), the organic layer was extracted with 150 mL of 10% HCl. 27.3g. (91%). Mass spectrum: m/z = 240. ¹H NMR was mixture was stirred well and allowed to warm up to 20 25 30

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C14H10FN3: C, 70.28; H, 4.21; N, 17.56. Found: C, 70.11; H,

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Example A-20

4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

This compound was prepared by the same procedure described for Example A-208 using the corresponding starting reagents.

Anal. Calc'd for C₁₄H₁₀ClN₃: C, 65.76; H, 3.94; N, 16.43. 10 Found: C, 65.22; H, 3.91; N, 16.50. m.p. (DSC): 208.46 The compounds of Examples A-A00 and A-211 illustrate were prepared in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme X):

Example A-210

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

15 10 dropwise with stirring, at which point a cloudy yellow consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. calc'd for remaining 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazolewater (50 mL), followed by drying, furnishes 3-(4process) results in a copious formation of crystals. with stirring (a crystal seed if available speeds up the warmed to approximately 50-60 °C, whereupon the solution mixture heated to 80C for 10min, at which point all the 63.55; H, 5.07; N, 13.69. $C_{16}H_{14}FN_3O + H_2O$: C, 63.78; H, 5.35; N, 13.95. Found: C, 16.4g. (97.6%). Mass spectrum, m/z = 284. H NMR was 1-ethanol. Total yield: {12.3 + 3.3 + 0.4 + 0.4} = the mother liquor on standing overnight furnishes the additional product. to clarity as before, followed by cooling, yields light yellow crystalline solid. Re-heating the filtrate fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol as a Suction filtration followed by washing with 10% ethanolturned clear yellow. Slow cooling to ambient temperature oily suspension was obtained. The solution was now cool slowly to 25 °C, and water (20 mL) was added obtained. The reaction mixture was immediately allowed to solids dissolved and a clear yellow viscous solution was dimethylacetal (36 mL, 0.27 moles) was then added and the the reaction mass solidified to a yellow cake. DMF hydrazone formation. On cooling to ambient temperature, vacuum and examined by 'H NMR to confirm completion of boiling (1 hour), a small sample was evacuated at high acetic acid in a 500 mL Erlenmeyer flask. After gentle 0.062 moles) in 30 mL of ethanol containing 0.5 mL of moles) was mixed with 90% hydroxyethyl hydrazine (5.3g, 208, 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane, (12.7g, 0.059 The desoxybenzoin prepared in step 1 of Example A-The third and fourth recovery from

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3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1ethanol

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methyl-pyrimidine. used to synthesize the desoxybenzoin was replaced with 4described for Example A-210 except that the 4-picoline This compound was prepared by the same procedure as

accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XI: The compound of Example A-212 was prepared in 10

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

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30 25 20 colored solid (80:20 by NMR in favor of the title cooled to 0 °C. Methyl hydrazine (1.7g, 0.037 moles) in 10% HCl (100 mL) and washed with methylene chloride (100 compound). The crude isomeric mixture was taken up in provide the crude regio-isomeric mixture as a light tan organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to up in methylene chloride (150 mL) and water (100 mL). The temperature the solvent was removed and the residue taken the temperature at 0 to 10 °C. After 3 hours at ambient ethanol (75mL) was added in one portion while maintaining (5.0g, 0.0185 moles) was taken up in ethanol (75mL) and The vinyl amine prepared in Step 2 of Example A-208

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good stirring and cooling. The cream colored precipitate was neutralized with sodium hydroxide (20%) to pH 8 with then to 15 °C. Scratching the sides of the flask starts allowed to cool slowly, first to ambient temperature and dried to yield the pure title compound. 'H NMR confirmed was filtered, washed with water and dried. The solid (5 experiments). Yield: 2.1g. (45%). Mass spectrum, m/z = g) was dissolved in hot 10% heptane/toluene (70 mL) and mL) and the water layer treated with activated charcoal the crystallization process. After 2 hours of standing, 254 (base peak). Anal. calc'd for $C_{15}H_{13}FN_3+0.2\ H_20:C_3$ (0.5g). After filtration through Celite, the solution toluene/heptane (25 mL) followed by hexane (25 mL) and the solids formed were filtered, washed with cold 50% 70.15; H, 4.86; N, 16.4. Pound: C, 70.18; H, 4.6; N, the structure (including regiochemistry using NOE

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The compound of Example A-213 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XII:

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Example A-213

2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol

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synthesize the desoxybenzoin was replaced with 2-fluoro-(0.2g, (prepared by the same procedure as described for An intimate mixture of 2-fluoro-pyridinyl pyrazole Example A-210 except that the 4-picoline used to

- cautiously opened and 5 mL of toluene and 5 mL of water molar excess) was heated to 210-220 °C in a sealed vial obtained, 2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-4-methylpyridine) and (R,S)-2-amino-1-butanol (4 fold for 1.5 hours. After cooling to 100 °C the vial was were added and stirred well for 1 hour. The solid
 - toluene and dried. Yield: 190mg. (71%). Mass spectrum, pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol, was suction-filtered and washed with an additional 5 mL of water followed by m/z = 343. ¹H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. 10 12

The compound of Example A-214 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XIII:

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Example A-214

4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl)pyridine

accordance with Example A-212) in acetic acid (30 mL) and DMF (13 mL) was added bromine (19.5 g, 122.0 mmol). The To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1Hpyrazol-4-yllpyridine (2.7 g, 10.67 mmol) (prepared in solution was heated at 80 °C overnight. TLC indicated 25

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that the reaction was complete. The mixture was quenched slowly with K₂CO₂ (25g). When pH was about 5, a precipitate was formed. The precipitate was washed with water (50mL x 5) to give 4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (1.24g, 35%): mp 174.38°C; Mass spectrum m/z = 332, 334; ¹H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. Calc'd for C₁₅H₁₁N₁FBr*0.2 H₂O: C, 53.66; H, 3.42; N, 12.51. Found: C, 53.58; H, 3.12; N, 12.43.

The compound of Example A-215 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XIV:

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinecarbonitrile

Step 1:

To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluoropheny1)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (4.3g, 17.97 mmol) (prepared in accordance with Example A-208) in methanol (100 mL) was added 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (5.44 g in 57 % purity, 17.97 mmol). The solution was stirred at 25 °C for overnight.

The mixture was concentrated. K₂CO₃ (10%, 100 mL) was added to the residue. A precipitate was formed, filtered and washed with water (30 mL x 3) to give the

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corresponding N-oxide (3.764g, 81.66%)

Step 2:

5 10 ທ yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile (0.23 g, 56 % yield): mp organic layer was washed with K_2CO_3 (10%, 20 mL), water starting materials were gone. The mixture was 265; ¹H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. concentrated to give 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-20.92. Found: C, 67.44; H, 3.40; N, 20.69. Anal. Calc'd for $C_{15}H_5N_4F$ 0.2 H_2O : C, 67.26; H, 3.54; N, 209.22 °C; Mass spectrum (chemical ionization): m/z = partitioned into ethyl acetate:water (100 mL:20 mL). The stirred at 25 °C for 2 hours. TLC indicated that the chloride (0.8 mL, 8.69 mmol) was added. The mixture was was stirred for 15 minutes at 25 °C. Dimethylcarbamyl trimethysilyl cyanide (0.3 mL, 2.25 mmol). The mixture (0.40 g, 1.567 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added (50 mL), brine (50 mL), dried over MgSO, filtered and To a suspension of the N-oxide prepared in step 1

The compound of Example A-216 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XV:

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Example A-216

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4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine

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3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-

ethanol (prepared in accordance with Example A-210) (10.0 g, 0.0353 moles) was suspended in pyridine (100 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. Methane sulfonyl chloride (4.4 g, 0.0388 moles) was added slowly while maintaining the temperature at 0 °C. After stirring overnight at 10 °C, chilled water (100 mL) and methylene chloride (150 mL) was added and the two layers separated. The water layer was reextracted with 100 mL of methylene chloride and the organic layer dried and concentrated to a paste. After drying at high vacuum, a light tan colored cake was obtained which was triturated with ether (75 mL), filtered and dried to furnish a cream colored solid in

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Step 2:

79% yield (10.1g). 1H NMR was consistent with the proposed

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structure. The compound was used as such for step 2.

methylene chloride (100 mL). On drying and concentration yl]ethyl]morpholine as a solid. Yield: 4.5g (86%). Mass proposed structure. Anal. calc'd for C20H21FN,O: C, 68.16; water (100 mL) and then with 75 mL of 5% HCl. The water crystallization from toluene/hexane provided 4-[2-[3-(4taken up in methylene chloride (150 mL) and washed with heated at reflux for 3 to 4 hours. After an NMR sample H, 6.01; N, 15.90. Found: C, 68.20; H, 6.21; N, 15.80. confirmed completion, the mixture was concentrated and morpholine (9.6 g, 0.11 moles) in methanol (50 mL) and The mesylate prepared in step 1 (5.0 g, 0.0138 spectrum, m/z = 353. ¹H NMR was consistent with the triturated with 25 mL of ether to furnish a solid. a light yellow pasty solid was obtained which was layer was neutralized to pH 8 and extracted with moles) was dissolved in an eight fold excess of fluorophenyl) -4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-1-35 20 30 25

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The compound of Example A-217 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XVI:

Example A-217

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl- α -phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-methanol

The residue was purified with a silica gel column to give was added a solution of 4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1was heated to 45 °C for 2 hours. It was quenched with HCl (M+1); 'H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. acid layer was basified and extracted with ethyl acetate. tetrahydrofuran (7 mL). The mixture was heated at 40 °C over MgSO,, filtered and concentrated to give a residue. Anal. Calc'd for C22H18N2OF . 6EtOAC: C, 71.1; H, 5.6; N, for 2 hours. Benzaldehyde (1 mL) was added. The mixture (10 mL, 1N) and washed with ethyl acetate. The aqueous To solid magnesium (60 mg, 5 mmol) under nitrogen the title compound (59 mg, 12% yield). MS: m/z = 360The organic layer was washed with water, brine, dried methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (450 mg, 1.35 mmol) (prepared in accordance with Example A-214) in 10.2; Found: C, 70.9; H, 5.47; N, 10.2. 15 20 10

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The compound of Example A-218 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly Scheme XVII):

Example A-218

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N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-morpholineethanamine

- The starting desoxybenzoin prepared in step 1 of Example A-208, 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane, (1.0 g, 0.0046 moles) was dissolved in 10 mL of DMF and cooled to -10 °C (dry ice-aqueous isopropanol). N-chlorosuccinimide (0.62 g, 0.0046 moles) was added in one portion while maintaining the temperature at -10 °C. After 5 minutes the thiosemicarbazide (0.0046 moles) was added in one portion at 0 °C and allowed to warm to ambient temperature slowly over 1 hour. After stirring overnight, the solvent was removed at high vacuum and water and toluene (25 mL each) added and stirred well. The toluene layer was separated with bicarbonate to pH 8.
- 20 water and toluene (25 mL each) added and stirred well.

 The toluene layer was separated and the water layer
 (starting pH of 5.5) treated with bicarbonate to pH 8.

 The fine precipitate formed was filtered and washed with water, toluene and ether. A final trituration with ether 25 (25 mL) furnished an off white solid, N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)-4-morpholineethanamine, which was re-filtered and dried.

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Yield: 0.95g. (56%). Mass Spec. m/z: 368 (base peak) Anal. Calc'd for $C_{20}H_{22}FN_5O$. C, 65.38; H, 6.04; N, 19.06 Found: C, 64.90; H, 5.92; N, 18.67.

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4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone hydrazone

10 Step 1: Preparation of (B)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-N.Ndimethylethenamine

4-Methyl-2-bromopyridine (1.0 g, 5.8 mmol) and t-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane (5 ml) were heated to 150 °C for 16 hours. 4-Methyl-2-bromopyridine was prepared as set forth in B. Adger et al., <u>J. Chem. Soc.</u>, Perkin Trans. 1, pp. 2791-2796 (1988), which is incorporated herein by reference. The contents were evaporated and the residue dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with water. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and solvent removed in vacuo to give 1.0 g of (E)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-N,N-dimethylethenamine as an

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oil suitable for use in step 2.

Step 2: Preparation of (2)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyxidinyl)-1-(3chlorophenyl)-3-(dimethylamino)-2-propen-1-one

The product from step 1 (1.0 g, 4.4 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (15 ml). Triethylamine (900 mg, 8.8 mmol) was added at 0 °C, followed by the addition of 3-chlorobenzoyl chloride (350 mg, 4.5 mmol). The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 16 hours. Solvent was evaporated in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in ether (25 ml), stirred with magnesium sulfate (500 mg) and silica gel (500mg), and filtered. Ether was evaporated and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel using mixtures of acetone and methylene chloride as eluents to give 670 mg of the product, (2)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-(dimethylamino)-2-propen-1-one, as a glass which was used in step 3 without further purification.

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Step 3: Preparation of 2-bromo-4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-lHpyrazol-4-yllpyridine

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A solution of the product from step 2 (650 mg, 1.8 mmol) and hydrazine monohydrate (100 mg) in ethanol (10 ml) was refluxed for 24 hours. Solvent was evaporated and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and toluene as eluents to give 2-bromo-4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (190 mg, 31%) as an oil: Anal. Calc'd for C₁₄,BrClN; C, 50.25; H, 2.71; N, 12.56. Found: C, 50.10; H, 2.60; N, 12.40.

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Continued elution with mixtures of ethyl acetate and methanol gave 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-lH-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(lH)-pyridinone hydrazone (190 mg, 36%) as a crystalline solid: m.p. 163-164 °C.; MS (M+H) = 286. Anal. Calc'd for C,HzN₅Cl: C, 58.85; H, 4.23; N, 24.51. Found: C,

Example A-220

58.53; H, 4.28; N, 24.87.

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyridinamine

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A solution of the bromopyridine compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-219 (150 mg, 0.5 mmol) in benzylamine (5 ml) was heated at 175 °C for six hours. After cooling, excess benzylamine was removed by high vacuum distillation and ethyl acetate added to the residue.

After washing the organic phase with water and drying over magnesium sulfate, the solvent was removed in vacuo

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and the residue chromatographed on silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and toluene to give 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyridinamine (110 mg, 61%) as a solid, m.p. 179-180 °C.

Anal. Calc'd For C₁₁H₁₇ClN₄: C, 69.90; H, 4.75; N, 15.53. Found: C, 69.69; H, 4.81; N, 15.11.

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4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-pyridinamine

A solution of the bromopyridine compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-219 (250 mg, 0.75 mmol) in phenethylamine (5 ml) was heated at 175 °C for six hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. The excess amine was distilled off under high vacuum and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with water. After drying over magnesium sulfate and removal of solvent, the residue was chromatographed on silica gel with mixtures of ethyl acetate and toluene to give 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-pyridinamine (230 mg, 81%) as a solid, m.p. 185-186 °C.

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Anal. Calc'd For C₂₂H₁₉ClN₄: C, 70.49; H, 5.11; N, 14.95. Found: C, 70.29; H, 5.15; N, 14.66.

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4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-pyridinamine

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A solution of the bromopyridine compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-219 (300 mg, 0.9 mmol) in ethylamine (3.5 ml) and ethanol (5 ml) as heated at 150 °C in a sealed tube for 9 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue chromatographed on silica gel with 70 ethyl acetate/30 toluene to give 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-pyridinamine (125 mg, 46%) as a solid, m.p. 186-187 °C.

15 Anal. Calc'd For C₁₆H₁₅ClN₄: C, 64.32; H, 7.06; N, 18.75. Found: C, 64.42; H, 7.01; N, 18.45.

The compounds of Examples A-223 through A-226 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme XVIII) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

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Example A-223

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinecarboxamide

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Step 1:

removed and the residue was treated with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. The precipitate was filtered, air-To a suspension of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol dried to give 8.2 g of a product as a white solid (87%), chloroperoxybenzoic acid (mCPBA) in one portion at room temperature. After stirring for 16 hours, solvent was 4-yllpyridine (prepared as set forth in Example A-208) (8.8 g, 0.037 mol) in methylene chloride was added mmp: 207-209°C.

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Step 2: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-vll-2-pyridinecarbonitrile

dimethylcarbamoyl chloride (2.7 g, 0.025 mol) in 5 mL of To a solution of the product of step 1 (5.1 g, 0.02 DMF at room temperature. After stirring overnight, the mol) in 20 mL of DMF was added trimethylsilyl cyanide (2.5 g, 0.025 mol), followed by a solution of N, N-

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reaction mixture was basified by 200 mL of 10% potassium extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and carbonate water solution. The aqueous phase was

was triturated with hexane and filtered to give 4.3 g of filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude pyridinecarbonitrile (90%) as a pale yellow solid, mp: 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-238-239°C.

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Step 3: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol 4-yll-2-pyridinecarboxamide:

To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4mol) in 10 mL of DMSO was added hydrogen peroxide (0.24 yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile from step 2 (0.45 g, 0.0017 carbonate (0.04 g, 0.4 mmol) at 0°C. The mixture was Water was added and the precipitate was stirred for 1 hour while allowing it to warm to room mL of 30% aqueous solution, 1.7 mmol) and potassium temperature. 12

collected by filtration and air-dried to give 0.32 g of pyridinecarboxamide as a white solid (67% yield), mp: 230-231 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C15H11FN,O: C, 63.83; H, 3.93; N, 19.85. Found C, 63.42; H, 3.66; N, 19.58. 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-lH-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-20

Example A-224

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Methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinecarboxylate

To a suspension of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-lH-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxamide prepared as set forth in Example A-223 (2.9 g, 0.01 mol) in 50 mL of methanol was added N,N-dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal (3.67 g, 0.03 mol) dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room

filtration and air-dried to give 2.0 g of methyl 4-[3-(4fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate as a
white solid (69% yield), mp: 239-241°C. Anal. Calc'd for
C16H12FNJO2: C, 64.64; H, 4.07; N, 14.13. Found: C,
64.36; H, 4.10; N, 14.27.

temperature overnight and heated at reflux for 4hours. After cooling, the precipitate was collected by

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyridinecarboxamide

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A mixture of methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate prepared as set forth in Example A-224 (0.45 g, 1.5 mmol) and 20 mL of methylamine (40% aqueous solution) was heated at 120°C in a sealed tube for 16 hours. After cooling, water was

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added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated to afford 0.4 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyridinecarboxamide as a white solid, mp: 88-89°C. Anal. Calc'd for C₁₆H₁₇FN₁O + 0.4 H₂O: C, 63.32; H, 4.58; N, 18.46. Found C, 63.10; H, 4.62; N, 18.35.

Example A-226

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinecarboxylic acid

To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate prepared as set forth in
Example A-224 (0.90 g, 0.003 mol) in 10 mL of ethanol was
added a solution of sodium hydroxide (0.24 g, 0.006 mol)
in 5 mL of water. The reaction mixture was heated at
reflux for 10 hours. After the removal of solvent, the
residue was dissolved in water and acidified with citric
acid solution to pH 5. Then the aqueous phase was
extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic phase was
dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. The crude
was purified by treating with ether to give 0.62 g of 4[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylic

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acid as a white solid (73% yield), mp: 245°C(dec). Anal Calc'd for C;H;pFN;O + 0.2 H;O: C, 62.80; H, 3.65; N, 14.65. Found: C, 62.77; H, 3.42; N, 14,58.

were prepared according to one or more of above reaction schemes (particularly Schemes IX through XVIII) are analysis results for each compound also are disclosed in Additional compounds of the present invention which disclosed in Table 3. The specific synthesis scheme or schemes as well as the mass spectroscopy and elemental Table 3.

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			SW	General	Example					
BtOAc	TOJEM	bauol M	N calc	bruol H	H calc	C found	C calc	X+1	Procedure	
рәррғ	pappa									
	5Z.0	8.91	S.TI	9.4	€.₽	69	69	540	XI	A-227
		86.41	TE'ST	€€.₽	TÞ.P	69.29	69.29	566	XI	822-A
	1.0	E. 91	5.9£	S. 4	8.4	9.07	9.07	752	IX	A-229
		ZS:9I	· £ \$. 9 I	87.ε	₽6.E	87.29	9L.29	526	ΧI	A-230
· · ·		06.61	13.86	15.4	6E.A	26.59	81. ₽ 9	280	IX	A-231
		ZE'SI	85.2£	42.4	84.4	6L'99	6L.99	172	IX	A-232
	5.0	6.4I	9.11	S	S	8.99	6.99	284	IX	EES-A
	5.0	₽.SI	₱. ST	9.₽	9·#	9.89	6.23	270	IX	A-234
	1.0	7.21	8.21	8.9	2.9	L.9L	LL	597	· IX	A-235
	Ι.0	61	18.84	1.2	90.5	₽₽.27	88.27	337	XI	A-236
		ZE.PI	36.91	TS.E	82.E	78.18	25.19	290	ΧI	¥-237
		13.83	13.85	16.ε	66.€	82.59	98.89	30€	IX	A-238
		16.31	16.33	25.5	55.5	65.29	7£.23	852	XI	A-239
•		56. PI	SE'ST	10.ε	TE'É	₱T:T9	₱₱°T9	274	ΧI	A-240
		10.91	14.00	3.26	9£ £	66.22	20.92	300	ΧI	¥-241
		ZE. ZE	64.2I	₽0.₽	60.₽	T\$.88	2₽.99	272	IX	Y-245
	50 0	72.51	TE.EI	89.5	28.5	22.72	\$5.72	314	IX	A-243
	22.0	20.51	IE.SI	IS.A	18.4	91.97	65.97	342	ΧI	¥-546
	3.0	28.21	£6.21	71.8	98.9	29.49	68.49	198	IIX	¥-542
	2.0	12.26	10.91	95.2	₹0°S	81.33	80.99	168	IIX	¥-546
	9.0	29.81	67.81	₽E.₽	69.4	91.49	94.49	362	IIX	A-247
	I.0	86.2I	16.22	€9.€	82.5	₽8.₽9	16.49	852	IIX	4-346

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A-250	IX	348	48.44	48.07	2.9	2.82	12.1	12.01		
A-251	XI	362	49.88	49.89	3.35	3.51	11.63	11.54		
A-252	XI	304	63.36	63.34	3.99	3.96	13.85	13.81		
A-253	XII	377	68.24	68.17	5	4.71	14.47	14.34	0.6	
A-254	XII	363	66.31	66.12	4.77	4.31	14.73	14.6	1	
A-215	XIV	265	67.3	67.4	3.5	3.4	20.9	20.7	0.2	
A-255	XII	298	64.63	64.64	5.42	5.41	23.55	23.32		
A-256	ΧI	272	66.42	66.58	4.09	4.26	15.49	14.78		
A-257	IX	276	60.11	60.4	3.06	3.18	15.02	14.73	0.25	
A-258	IX	254								
A-259	XI	268	71.89	71.63	5.28	5.24	15.72	15.84		
A-260	X	290	62.28	62.41	3.48	3.48	14.53	14.51		
A-261	X, XV	311	69.26	69.2	6.2	6.25	17.95	17.89	0.1	
A-262	XI	376	72.71	72.5	5.17	4.98	11.06	10.99	0.25	
A-263	XII	428	70.81	70.59	6.28	6.45	15.88	15.08	0.75	
A-264	XII	326	63.79	63.76	6.39	6.09	20.66	20.45	0.75	
A-265	IX	400	66.18	66.77	4.1	4.23	16.78	15.83	1	
A-266	XII	368	62.32	62.38	6.28	6.5	18.17	17.56	1	
A-267	ΧI	302	62.66	62.85	4.47	4.34	13.7	13.53	0.4	
A-268	XII	349	62.9	63.2	5.2	4.8	22.7	22.5	0.75	0.1
A-269	XI, XV	371	61.85	61.84	5.71	5.24	14.42	14.17	1	
A-270	XI, XV	404	70.66	70.7	4.82	4.61	10.3	10.15	0.25	
A-271	XI, XV	329	65.8	65.3	5.5	5.6	17.1	16.8		
A-272	ΧI	406	69.95	70.13	5.35	5.28	10.14	9.89	0.5	
A-273	XI	354	66.9	67.2	6.9	6.6	19.1	18.7	0.2	0.1
A-274	XI, XII, XV	434	63.6	63.1	6.3	5.8	14.4	14	2	0.2

A-275	XI, XV	433	70.44	70.74	6.18	6.3	12.64	12.05	0.6	
	XI, XII,							10.6	ا م	0.5
A-276	xv	476		66.2	6.1	6.1	13.3	13.6	0.5	0.5
A-277	XII	338	61.11	63.02	6.48	6.39	18.75	16.61		
A-278	XI, XV	357	64.2	63.8	6.5	6	15	14.8	1	
A-279	XI, XII, XV	462	67.4	67.1	6.7	6.2	13.6	13.7	0.6	0.5
A-280	XII	299	61.27	61.47	5.37	5.11	17.86	17.21	0.9	
A-281	XII	313	64.63	64.94	5.55	5.63	17.73	17.48	0.2	
A-282	XII	313	64.63	64.81	5.55	5.43	17.73	17.38	0.3	
A-283	XI, XII	407	67.2	67	5	5.2	13.6	13.2	0.25	
A-284	XI, XV	339	70	70.3	6.9	6.9	16.3	16.2	0.25	
A-285	XI, XII, XV	476	68.2	68.5	5.7	6.2	14.7	13.6		
A-286	IIVX	382	59.77	59.69	6.81	6.56	16.6	16.65	2.25	
A-287	IIVX	340	56.07	56.26	7.31	7.1	17.21	17.27	3.75	
A-288	IIVX	293	69.42	69.4	4.52	4.6	19.05	19.09	0.1	
A-289	XI, XII	407	68	67.5	5	4.5	13.8	13.5		
A-290	XI, XII	407	64	64.5	5.3	4.9	13	12.4	1.4	
A-291	IX	290	74.7	74.9	4.2	4.2	14.5	14.5		
A-292	XVII	326	61.22	61.46	4.77	4.53	16.8	16.97	0.4	
A-293	XVII	313	55.75	55.98	4.85	4.02	16.25	16.37	1.8	
A-294	XI	278	73.6	73.2	4.4	4.2	15.2	15		
A-295	ΧI	278	67.9	67.7	4.9	4.3	14	13.7	1.3	
A-296	IX	Ī	70.3	70.4	4.5	4.7	25.2	25.4		
A-297	IX		57.9	57.7	3.1	2.9	14.5	14.5		
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	- 		L	<u></u>	L	<u> </u>	

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4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine

Example A-228

4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

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4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Example A-230

5 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Example A-231

4. [3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-y)-1-methyl-lH-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrid ine

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4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Example A-233

4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylp yridine and 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4

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-yl]-2-methylpyridine

Example A-234

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4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

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Example A-235

2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-3 (or 5)-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4 -yl]pyridine

Example A-236

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4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine Example A-237

10 4-[3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Example A-238 207

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Example A-241

4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine

Example A-242

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridi

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4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine

4-[1-methyl-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Example A-239

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

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4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

10 enyl)pyridine (E)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(2-phenyleth

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Example A-245

yl)- 2-pyridinamine (S)-4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(2-methylbut

Example A-246

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxy-phenyl)methyl]- 2-pyridinamine

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N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-2-pyridinemethanamine

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-2-pyridinemethanamine

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Anal Calc'd: C, 41.12; H, 3.58; N, 9.22. Found: C, 41.74; H, 5.05; N, 11.11.

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Example A-249

2-fluoro-4-{3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine

Example A-250

4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Example A-251

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4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Example A-252

4-[1-methyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yllpyridine

xample A-25

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N-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyra zol-4-yl]- 2-pyridinamine

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Example A-254

 $\label{eq:n-control} $$N-\{(3-fluorophenyl)-lH-pyraz ol-4-yl\}-2-pyridinamine$

Example A-255

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(1-methylhydrazino)pyridine

Example A-256 . 215

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-3-methylpyridine

2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl).1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}p yridine

Example A-257

Example A-259

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methylp yridine

Example A-260

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoro-pyridine

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4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine

Example A-26:

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

Example A-262

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2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-

methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-pyridinamine

Example A-264

 $N' - \left[4 - \left[3 - \left(4 - \text{fluorophenyl}\right) - 1 H - \text{pyrazol} - 4 - \text{yl}\right] - 2 - \text{pyridinyl}\right] - N, \\ N - \text{dimethyl-1, 2-ethanediamine}$

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Example A-265

2,4-bis[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Example A-266

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-4-morpholineethanamine

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Example A-267

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

Example A-268

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl]-2-pyridinamine 10

Example A-269

ហ 4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine

Example A-270

10 (E) -3- (4-fluorophenyl) -4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl) ethenyl]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

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Example A-271

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

Example A-272

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

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4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-pyridinamine

Example A-274

4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-

pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine 97

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3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4pyridinyl]-N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

Example A-276

[[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3(or 5)-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-

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Example A-277

pyridinamine 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-IH-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-4-piperadinyl-2-

Example A-278

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N,N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

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Example A-279

pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine 4-[1-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-

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Example A-280

2-[[4-[3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethanol

Example A-281

2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinyl]amino]ethanol 10

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Example A-282

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3-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinyl]amino]-1-propanol

3 (or 5)-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-

fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1ethanol 10

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N, N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazole-1-ethanamine

Example A-285

10 N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine

Example A-286

15 N-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4morpholinepropanamine

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Example A-287

N' - [5 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 4 - (4 - pyridinyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 3 - yl] - N, N - dimethyl - 1, 3 - propanediamine

Example A-288

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

Example A-289

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3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

Example A-290

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

Example A-291

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4-[3-[(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)quinoline

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Example A-292

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)glycine methyl ester

Example A-293

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]glycine

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Example A-294

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Example A-295

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4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Example A-296

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4,4'-(1H-pyrazole-3,4-diyl)bis[pyridine]

Example A-297

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4-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Example A-298

N-[5-(4-chiorophenyi)-4-(4-pyridinyi)-1H-pyrazoi-3-yi] -4-piperidinamine

The pyrimidine-substituted compounds of Examples A-299 through A-312 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described in Schemes I-XVIII by selection of the corresponding starting reagents: IJ

Example A-299

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2-Chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

15 Step 1:

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0.031 mol), triethylamine (6.23 g, 0.062 mol) and

catalytic amount of 5% Pd/C in 100 mL of THF was

hydrogenated on a Parr apparatus under 40 psi at room
temperature. After 0.5 hour, the catalyst was filtered
and the filtrate was concentrated. The crude was
purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl
acetate/hexane, 3:7) to give 2.36 g of product as a pale
yellow crystal (50% yield); mp: 47-49 °C.

Step 2: __Preparation of 2-(2-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethanone

2-(2-chloro-4-pyrlmidinyl)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethanone

- from BuLi (0.045 mol) and diisopropylamide (generated from BuLi (0.045 mol) and diisopropylamine (0.048 mol) in THF) at -78 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 (5.5 g, 0.037 mol) in THF slowly over 30 minutes. After 1 hour, a solution of ethyl 4-
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the reaction mixture was stirred overnight and allowed to warm up to room temperature. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. Organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product purified by chromatography on silica gel

- and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl.acetate/hexane, 3:7) to give 4.78 g of a yellow solid (51% yield), mp: 112-113 °C.
- Step 3: Preparation of (E)-2-(2-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-3(dimethylamino)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-propen-1-one

A mixture of the compound prepared in step 2 (4.7 g, 0.017 mol) in 100 mL of dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal was stirred at room temperature overnight. Excess

- 15 was stirred at room temperature overnight. Excess dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal was removed under vacuum to give 4.5 g of crude product as a thick brown oil, which was used without further purification.
- 20 <u>Step 4: Preparation of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-vllpyrimidine</u>
- A solution of the compound prepared in step 3 (4.4 g) and hydrazine hydrate (0.82 g, 0.014 mol) was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. The yellow precipitate
- at room temperature for source, the years produced 25 was collected by filtration and air-dried to give 1.85 g of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

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yl]pyrimidine as a yellow solid, mp: 204-205 °C; Anal Calc'd for C₁₃H₆ClFN₄: C, 56.84; H, 2.94; N, 20.40; Cl, 12.91. Found: C, 56.43; H, 2.76; N, 20.02; Cl, 12.97.

Example A-300

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone

hydrazone

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A solution of the compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-299 (1.5 g) and hydrazine hydrate (5mL) in ethanol was heated at reflux overnight. After the reaction mixture was cooled, the solvent was removed. The residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate and hexane to give 0.5 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone hydrazone, as a pale yellow solid (38% yield), mp: 149-150 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C₁₁H₁₁FN₁: C, yield), mp: 149-150 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C₁₁H₁₁FN₂: C, yield), mp: 149-150 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C₁₁H₁₁FN₂: C,

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-pyrimidinamine

Step 1: Preparation of

A solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of Example A-299 (3.0 g, 0.02 mol) and tert-

nL of DMF was stirred at 110 °C overnight. After the solvent was removed under vacuum, water was added and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate and hexane to give 1.23 g of a yellow solid product (32% yield), mp: 76-77 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C₁₀H₁₆N₄: C, 62.47; H, 8.39; N, 29.14. Found: C, 62.19; H, 8.58; N, 29.02.

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Step 2: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-

4-yll-N, N-dimethyl-2-pyrimidinamine

the present Example (1.2 g, 0.0064 mol) and triethylamine To a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 of at reflux for 10 hours and the solvent was removed. The fluorobenzoyl chloride dropwise. The mixture was heated (0.65 g, 0.0064 mol) in 10 mL of toluene was added 4-

residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water.

hydrazine hydrate (0.36 g, 0.006 mol) and the mixture was concentrated and the crude (1.6 g) was then dissolved in heated at reflux for 2 hours. After ethanol was removed, the residue was partitioned between water and ethyl The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was 50 mL of ethanol. The solution was treated with 10

concentrated and the crude was purified by chromatography dimethyl-2-pyrimidinamine, as a yellow solid (33% yield), acetate. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1:1) to give 0.6 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,Nmp: 155-156 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C15H14FN5: C, 63.59; H, over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was 20 15

Found: C, 63.32; H, 4.92; N, 24.31.

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-N-methyl-2pyrimidinamine

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A suspension of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with

pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine, as a white solid Example A-299 (0.3 g, 0.0011 mol) in 10 mL of methylamine (68% yield), mp: 217-218 °C; Anal Calc'd for $C_{14}H_{12}FN_5\colon$ C, (40% water solution) was heated in a sealed tube at 100 temperature and the precipitate was filtered, air-dried 62.45; H, 4.49; N, 26.01. Found: C, 62.58; H, 4.36; N, to give 0.2 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-°C overnight. The mixture was then cooled to room 25.90.

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Sxample A-303

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine

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4.[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared This compound was synthesize by refluxing 2-chloropyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine, was overnight. The product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1Hin accordance with Example A-299 in benzylamine

obtained as a white solid in 95% yield; mp: 216-217 °C;

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Anal. Calc'd for $C_{20}H_{16}FN_3$: C, 69.55; H, 4.67; N, 20.28. Found: C, 69.73; H, 4.69; N, 19.90.

Example A-304

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N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine

This compound was synthesized by stirring 2-chloro4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with Example A-299 with excess cyclopropylamine in methanol at 50 °C for 12 hours. The product, N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine, was obtained as a white solid in 15 26% yield, mp: 203-204 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C16H14FN3: C, 65.07; H, 4.78; N, 23.71. Found: C, 64.42; H, 4.82; N, 23.50

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Example A-305

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinamine

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This compound was synthesized by refluxing 2-chloro4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with Example A-299 in 4-methoxybenzylamine overnight. The product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H10 pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2pyrimidinamine, was obtained as a off-white solid in 80% yield, mp: 183-185 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C₂₁H₁₈FN₅O: C, 67.19; H, 4.83, N, 18.66. Found: C, 67.01; H, 5.11; N, 18.93.

Example A-306

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4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine

in accordance with Example A-305 (0.35 g, 0.00093 mol) in 15 mL of trifluoroacetic acid was heated at reflux for 16 yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinamine prepared A solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-Organic layer was washed with brine, dried partitioned between ethyl acetate and 1 N ammonia hours. Solvent was removed and the residue was hydroxide.

concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel Calc'd for C13H10FN5.0.25 H2O: C, 60.11; H, 4.07; N, 26.96 over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was fluorophenyl \ - 1H-pyrazol - 4-yl \ - 2-pyrimidinamine, as a pale yellow solid (59% yield), mp: 273-274 °C; Anal. (ethyl acetate) to give 0.14 g of product, 4-[3-(4-C, 60.15; H, 3.82; N, 26.38. 2 15

example A-307

Found:

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N- (phenylmethyl) acetamide 20

accordance with Example A-303 (0.15 g, 0.00043 mol), DMAP To a mixture of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine prepared in

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The organic layer was washed with saturated NaHCO,, washed (0.053 g, 0.00052 mol). The solution was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the removal of solvent, the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. triturated with ether to give 0.1 g of product, N-[4-[3-The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. phenylmethyl) acetamide, as a white solid (60% yield), (0.027 g, 0.00022 mol) and acetic anhydride (0.066 g, 0.00066 mol) in 10 mL of THF was added triethylamine (4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-

example A-308

Ψ: 176-178 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C₂₂H₁₈FN₅: C, 68.21; H,

Found: C, 67.67; H, 4.85; N, 17.79.

4.68; N, 18.08.

Ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyrimidinyl] carbamate To a suspension of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-Example A-306 (0.26 g, 0.001 mol) in 5 mL of pyridine was the clear solution was stirred at room temperature for 6 added ethyl chloroformate dropwise. After the addition, 4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine prepared in accordance with

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hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was trituated with ether to give 0.15 g of product, ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]carbamate, as a white solid (46% yield), mp: 163-165 °C; Anal. Calc'd for $C_{16}H_{14}FN_5O_2$: C, 58.71; H, 4.31; N, 21.04. Found: C, 59.22; H, 4.51; N, 21.66.

Example A-309

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4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

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This compound was prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-208 except that 1-methyl-3-(4'-pyrimidinylacetyl) benzene (prepared as set forth in Step 1 of Example A-19 from 4-methyl-pyrimidine and methyl 3-methylbenzoate) was used in place of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4-pyridinyl methane.

Anal. Calc'd for $C_{14}H_{12}N_4$ (236.27): C, 71.17; H, 5.12; N, 23.71. Found C, 70.67; H, 5.26; N, 23.53. m.p. (DSC): 151.67 °C.

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246 Example A-310

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-lH-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

- 5 This compound was prepared according to the chemistry described in Schemes VI and IX by selection of the corresponding pyrimidine starting material in place of the pyridine starting material.
- 10 Anal. Calc'd for C₁₁H_NCl*O.25MH₂O: C, 59.78; H, 3.67; N,
 21.45. Found: C, 59.89; H, 3.32; N, 21.56. m.p. (DSC):
 218.17 °C.

Example A-311

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4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

This compound was prepared according to the chemistry described in Schemes VI and IX by selection of

the corresponding pyrimidine starting material in place of the pyridine starting material.

Anal. Calc'd for C₁₁H₁N₄F (240.24): C, 64.99; H, 3.78; N, 5 23.22. Found: C, 64.78; H, 3.75; N, 23.31. m.p. (DSC): 168.58 °C.

Example A-312

10 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

This compound was prepared according to the chemistry described in Schemes VI and IX by selection of the corresponding pyrimidine starting material in place of the pyridine starting material.

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Anal. Calc'd for C₁₁H₉N₄F (240.24): C, 64.99; H, 3.78; N, 23.32. Found: C, 64.94; H, 3.56; N, 23.44. m.p. (DSC): 191.47 °C.

Additional compounds of the present invention which could be prepared using one or more of the reaction schemes set forth in this application include, but are not limited to, the following:

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4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazlnyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

1-[5-(4-bromophenyl)-4-(4-pyridlnyl)-14-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine

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1-[5-(4-ethynyiphenyi)-4-(4-pyridinyi) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine

1-[4-(4-pyridiny|)-5[4-(trifluoromethy|)pheny|]1H-pyrazoi-3-y|]piperazine

S-(4-fluorophenyl)-4(4-pyridinyl)-N-3-pyrrolldinyl1H-pyrazol-3-amine

4-[5-(1-piperazinyl-4-(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]benzonitrile

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-N-3-pyrrolidinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

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(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-plperazinyl)-4-1-ethanoi

4-[2-aminoethy])-2-(4-fluoro pheny])-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-3-(4-pyridinyl)pyrazolo [1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-ol

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N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -4-piperidinamine

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

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4-[2-bmlnoethy1]-2-(4-chloropheny1]-4,5,5,7-tetrahydro3-(4-pyrldiny1)pyrbzolo
[1,5-e]pyrlmidin-6-ol

3-(4-chiorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

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5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-ethanamine

Z Z

5-(4-chiorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazoie-3-ethanamine

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-piperidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

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N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]propanamide

6-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1H-purine

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N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]acetamide

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4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-piperidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]acetamide

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6-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1H-purine

N-[4-[3-[4-fluorophenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrlmldinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)propanamide

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N-[4-[3-(4-chiorophenyi)-1H-pyrazoi-4-yi]-2-pyrimidinyi]-N-(phenyimetnyi)propanamide

BIOLOGICAL EVALUATION

p38 Kinase Assay

Cloning of human p38a:

The coding region of the human p38a cDNA was obtained by PCR-amplification from RNA isolated from the human monocyte cell line THP.1. First strand cDNA was synthesized from total RNA as follows: 2 μ g of RNA was annealed to 100 ng of random hexamer primers in a 10 μ l reaction by heating to 70 °C for 10 minutes followed by 2 minutes on ice. cDNA was then synthesized by adding 1 μ l of RNAsin (Promega, Madison WI), 2 μ l of 50 mM dNTP's, 4 μ l of 5X buffer, 2 μ l of 100 mM DTT and 1 μ l (200 U) of Superscript II TM AMV reverse transcriptase. Random

reaction was incubated at 42 °C for 1 hour. 20 Amplification of p38 cDNA was performed by aliquoting 5 μ l of the reverse transcriptase reaction into a 100 μ l PCR reaction containing the following: 80 μ l dH₂O, 2 μ l 50 mM dNTP's, 1 μ l each of forward and reverse primers

primer, dNTP's and Superscript TM reagents were all

purchased from Life-Technologies, Gaithersburg, MA. The

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(50 pmol/ μ l), 10 μ l of 10% buffer and 1 μ l Expand TM

a Promega WizardTM miniprep kit. Plasmids containing the Biosystems Inc.). cDNA clones were identified that coded The sequence obtained for this clone is an exact match of PCR amplification was carried out in a DNA Thermal Cycler The was isolated from the resulting bacterial colonies using p38a-2 (CSBP-2) inserted in the cloning site of pGEX 2T, Biolabs) as described by T. Maniatis, Molecular Cloning: the cDNA clone reported by Lee et al. This expression incorporated Bam HI sites onto the 5' and 3' end of the (New England Biolabs). The Bam HI digested fragment was plasmid allows for the production of a GST-p38a fusion 3' of the GST coding region was designated pMON 35802. following the manufacturer's instructions. Plasmid DNA dNTP's were removed from the amplified fragment with a 5'GAICGAGGATICICAGGACICCAICTIC-3' respectively. The After amplification, excess primers and unincorporated 739). One of the clones which contained the cDNA for Wizard TM PCR prep (Promega) and digested with Bam HI (Perkin Elmer) by repeating 30 cycles of 94 °C for 1 minute, 60 °C for 1 minute and 68 °C for 2 minutes. reaction was transformed into chemically competent E. amplified fragment, and were purchased from Genosys. (PharmaciaBiotech) using T-4 DNA ligase (New England for both human p38a isoforms (Lee et al. Nature 372, Thermal Cycler (Perkin Elmer) with PrismTM (Applied appropriate Bam HI fragment were sequenced in a DNA A Laboratory Manual, 2nd ed. (1989). The ligation The PCR primers coli DH10B cells purchased from Life-Technologies sequences of the forward and reverse primers were ligated into BamHI digested pGEX 2T plasmid DNA 5'-GATCGAGGATTCATGTCTCAGGAGGGCCCA-3' and polymerase (Boehringer Mannheim). 20 25 30 9 12

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protein.

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Expression of human p38a:

GST/p38a fusion protein was expressed from the plasmid pMON 35802 in *E. coli*, stain DH10B (Life Technologies, Gibco-BRL). Overnight cultures were grown in Luria Broth (LB) containing 100 mg/ml ampicillin. The next day, 500 ml of fresh LB was inoculated with 10 ml of overnight culture, and grown in a 2 liter flask at 37 °C with constant shaking until the culture reached an absorbance of 0.8 at 600 nm. Expression of the fusion

protein was induced by addition of isopropyl b-D-thiogalactosidse (IPTG) to a final concentration of 0.05 mM. The cultures were shaken for three hours at room temperature, and the cells were harvested by centrifugation. The cell pellets were stored frozen until protein purification.

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Purification of p38 Kinase-a:

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All chemicals were from Sigma Chemical Co. unless noted. Twenty grams of E. coli cell pellet collected in a volume of PBS (140 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 10 mM Na₂HPO₄, 1.8 mM KH₂PO₄, pH 7.3) up to 200 ml. The cell suspension was adjusted to 5 mM DTT with 2 M DTT and then split equally into five 50 ml Falcon conical tubes. The cells were sonnicated (Ultrasonics model W375) with a 1 cm probe for 3 X 1 minutes (pulsed) on ice. Lysed cell material was removed by centrifugation (12,000 x g, 15 minutes) and the clarified supernatant applied to glutathione-sepharose resin (Pharmacia).

Glutathione-Sepharose Affinity Chromatography:

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Twelve ml of a 50% glutathione sepharose-PBS suspension was added to 200 ml clarified supernatant and incubated batchwise for 30 minutes at room temperature. The resin was collected by centrifugation (600 x g, 5 min) and washed with 2 x 150 ml PBS/1% Triton X-100,

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0.3 mM PMSF. containing p38 kinase protein were pooled and adjusted to by centrifugation (600 x g, 5 min) and washed 2 x 6 ml units/mg) and mixed gently for 4 hours at room resin was resuspended in 6 ml PBS containing 250 units followed by 4 x 40 ml PBS. To cleave the p38 kinase from with PBS. The PBS wash fractions and digest supernatant temperature. The glutathione-sepharose resin was removed thrombin protease (Pharmacia, specific activity > 7500 the GST-p38 fusion protein, the glutathione-sepharose

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Mono Q Anion Exchange Chromatography:

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20 gradient (2 ml/minute flowrate). The p38 kinase peak and injected onto a Mono Q HR 10/10 (Pharmacia) anion sample was diluted 2-fold with Buffer A (25 mM HEPES, pH eluting at 200 mM NaCl was collected and concentrated to was eluted with a 160 ml 0.1 M-0.6 M NaCl/Buffer A 7.5, 25 mM beta-glycerophosphate, 2 mM DTT, 5% glycerol) by FPLC-anion exchange chromatography. Thrombin-cleaved 3-4 ml with a Filtron 10 concentrator (Filtron Corp.). exchange column equilibrated with Buffer A. The column The thrombin-cleaved p38 kinase was further purified

Sephacryl S100 Gel Filtration Chromatography:

30 25 35 p38 kinase (detected by SDS-polyacrylamide gel Buffer B at a 0.5 ml/minute flowrate and protein was glycerol)). Protein was eluted from the column with Buffer B (50 mM HEPES, pH 7.5, 50 mM NaCl, 2 mM DTT, 5% HiPrep 26/60 Sephacryl S100 column equilibrated with was purified by gel filtration chromatography (Pharmacia flasks fermentations were 35 mg p38 kinase. Typical purified protein yields from 5 L E. coli shake electrophoresis) were pooled and frozen at -80 °C. detected by absorbance at 280 nm. Fractions containing The concentrated Mono Q- p38 kinase purified sample

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In Vitro Assay

10 տ during the assay. p38 Kinase was activated by MKK6. the first method, activated human p38 kinase alpha alpha was evaluated using two in vitro assay methods. the range of 100 μM to 0.001 μM using 1% DMSO. Each means of capturing the substrate which is phosphorylated PHAS-I was biotinylated prior to the assay and provides a inducible), in the presence of gamma 32P-ATP (32P-ATP). phosphorylates a biotinylated substrate, PHAS-I Compounds were tested in 10 fold serial dilutions over (phosphorylated heat and acid stable protein-insulin concentration of inhibitor was tested in triplicate. The ability of compounds to inhibit human p38 kinase All reactions were carried out in 96 well

20 15 25 polypropylene plates. Each reaction well contained 25 mM used at 1.2 $\mu \text{Ci per } 50~\mu \text{l reaction volume}$. The reaction ATP was used to follow the phosphorylation of PHAS-I. representing a final concentration of 0.3 μM . Gamma ³²pconcentration of 1.5 μM . Activated human p38 kinase used at 1-2 μg per 50 μl reaction volume, with a final sufficient signal in the assay. Biotinylated PHAS-I was ATP. Activation of p38 was required to achieve HEPES pH 7.5, 10 mM magnesium acetate and 50 μM unlabeled proceeded either for one hour or overnight at 30 °C. 32p-ATP has a specific activity of 3000 Ci/mmol and was alpha was used at 1 μg per 50 μl reaction volume

30 35 2M NaCl, three washes of 2M NaCl with 1% phosphoric, biotinylated PHAS-I with 32P incorporated, each well was Promega plate for 1-2 minutes. Following capture of was allowed to contact the streptavidin membrane of the phosphate buffered saline. The transferred reaction mix plate (SAM-streptavidin-matrix, Promega) prewetted with transferred to a high capacity streptavidin coated filter three washes of distilled water and finally a single wash washed to remove unincorporated 32p-ATP three times with Following incubation, 20 μl of reaction mixture was

mer) in the presence of 11P-ATP. Compounds were tested in 0:001 µM in 1% DMSO. Each concentration of inhibitor was 10 mM magnesium acetate, 4% glycerol, 0.4% bovine serum tested in triplicate. Compounds were evaluated in $50\mu l$ reaction volumes in the presence of 25 mM Hepes pH 7.5, EGFRP (epidermal growth factor receptor peptide, a 21 based on p38 kinase alpha induced phosphorylation of A second assay format was also employed that is 10 fold serial dilutions over the range of $100\mu M$ to albumin, 0.4mM DTT, 50µM unlabeled ATP, 25 µg EGFRP (200µM), and 0.05 uCi gamma 33P-ATP. Reactions were Ŋ 10

of 50µl of clarified solution head volume was transferred from the reaction wells to Microlite-2 plates. $150\mu l$ of minutes at room temperature, the reaction was stopped by pipetting and the resin was allowed to settle. A total initiated by addition of 0.09 µg of activated, purified human GST-p38 kinase alpha. Activation was carried out using GST-MKK6 (5:1,p38:MKK6) for one hour at 30 °C in the presence of $50\mu M$ ATP. Pollowing incubation for 60Microlite plate, and the plate was sealed, mixed, and formate buffer, pH 3.0 (1 volume regin to 2 volumes addition of 150µl of AG 1X8 resin in 900 mM sodium buffer). The mixture was mixed three times with Microscint 40 was then added to each well of the 20 25 15

counted.

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TABLE 4	p38 kinase IC50 (uM)	4.6	1.5	<0.1	3.8	1.5	2.6	0.7	0.3	2.5	8.0	12.1	8.0	1.1	1.3	0.3	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	3.2	1.8	2.3	<0.1	0.1	6.0.	7.0	6.4	7.07
	Example	1	5 2	80	16	23	25	10 26	28	33	34	36	15 38 .	39	40	42	43	20 44	45	46	47	48	25 50	51	.52	53		30. 55	143

TNF Cell Assays

Method of Isolation of Human Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cells: 32

centrifuge tube. The sample was centrifuged at 450-500 x temperature. After centrifugation, the top band of cells Human whole blood was collected in Vacutainer tubes magnesium. The cells were centrifuged at $400 \times g$ for 10were removed and washed 3 times with PBS w/o calcium or containing EDTA as an anticoagulant. A blood sample (7 ml) was carefully layered over 5 ml PMN Cell Isolation Medium (Robbins Scientific) in a 15 ml round, bottom g for 30-35 minutes in a swing out rotor at room

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minutes at room temperature. The cells were resuspended

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concentration of 2 million cells/ml. in Macrophage Serum Free Medium (Gibco BRL) at a

LPS Stimulation of Human PBMs:

- v Compounds were dissolved in DMSO initially and diluted in with 0.1 ml compound (10-0.41 μM , final concentration) TCM for a final concentration of 0.1% DMSO. LPS for 1 hour in flat bottom 96 well microtiter plates. PBM cells (0.1 ml, 2 million/ ml) were co-incubated
- 10 analyzed using MTS. After 0.1 ml supernatant was overnight at 37 °C. tested by ELISA for TNF-a and IL1-b. Viability was added at a volume of 0.010 ml. Cultures were incubated (Calbiochem, 20 ng/ml, final concentration) was then Supernatants were then removed and
- 15 collected, 0.020 ml MTS was added to remaining 0.1 ml then the O.D. was measured at 490-650 nM. cells. The cells were incubated at 37 °C for 2-4 hours,

20 Maintenance and Differentiation of the U937 Human Histlocytic Lymphoma Cell Line:

100 $\mu g/ml$ streptomycin, and 2 mM glutamine (Gibco). Fifty million cells in 100 ml media were induced to containing 10% fetal bovine serum, 100 IU/ml penicillin, U937 cells (ATCC) were propagated in RPMI 1640

min) and resuspended in 100 ml fresh medium. After 24-48 terminal monocytic differentiation by 24 hour incubation The cells were washed by centrifugation (200 \times g for 5 with 20 ng/ml phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate (Sigma). hours, the cells were harvested, centrifuged, and

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resuspended in culture medium at 2 million cells/ml.

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LPS Stimulation of TNF production by U937 Cells:

for 1 hour in 96 well microtiter plates. Compounds were with 0.1 ml compound (0.004-50 μM , final concentration) U937 cells (0.1 ml, 2 million/ml) were incubated

prepared as 10 mM stock solutions in DMSO and diluted in

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0.1% in the cell assay. LPS (E coli, 100 ng/ml final culture medium to yield a final DMSO concentration of concentration) was then added at a volume of 0.02 ml. After 4 hour incubation at 37°C, the amount of TNF- α

released in the culture medium was quantitated by ELISA. Inhibitory potency is expressed as IC50 (μM) .

Results of these TNF Cell Assays are shown in Table 5.

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	Cell Assay ((µM)		178	0.222		101		1	.687					0.484	989	710			.029				053	969					550	0.208	744			243	477	04	329	.359	522			0.0/4	17	228	301
	TC50		9.	0.0	0	0		•	7.				,	0	-	0			0				-		l			•							0	ö			ö		•	; ;			;
	Human PBM Assay IC50 (µM)	۱. ـ	1.6	0.1		0.2	0		0.7	ω·	44	1.2	1.1	0.3			3.2	8.2	<0.1		1.0	7.7	0 a		0.4		0.7	1.4	.	0.5	0	4.0	0.7	<0.1	0.4	<0.1			2.2	æ. •	a.o		0.5	T.0>	
	Ехащр1е.	7	7	4	ഗ	7	ω,	σ.	10	12	13	14	17	19	20	21	22	24	26	27	28	. 67	30	1 6	33	34	35	36	37	38	χη ·	040	4.2	43	44	•	46	47	48	64.0	20	7.7	# 1 n i	ئ. د د د	143
`			ស					10					15					20				Ļ	7				30				į	32				40				!	45				

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Rat Assay

Sorbent Assay ("ELISA") [Biosource]. Additional details prior to testing. Compound administration was typically The efficacy of the novel compounds in blocking the production of TNF also was evaluated using a model based Rats were administered 30 µg/kg LPS [salmonella typhosa, of the assay are set forth in Perretti, M., et al., Br. [Sprague Dawley Co.] were used in this model. Each rat quantitative analysis of TNF-α by Enzyme Linked-Immunoby oral gavage (although intraperitoneal, subcutaneous and intravenous administration were also used in a few Sigma Co.] intravenously via the tail vein. Blood was challenge. Serum samples were stored at -20 °C until on rats challenged with LPS. Male Harlen Lewis rats weighed approximately 300 g and was fasted overnight instances) 1 to 24 hours prior to the LPS challenge. collected via heart puncture 1 hour after the LPS 10 12

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J. Pharmacol. (1993), 110, 868-874, which is incorporated

by reference in this application.

Mouse Assay

Mouse Model Of LPS-Induced TNF Alpha Production: TNF alpha was induced in 10-12 week old BALB/c

1ipopolysaccharide (from S. Typhosa) in 0.2 ml saline.
One hour later mice were bled from the retroorbital sinus
and TNP concentrations in serum from clotted blood were
quantified by ELISA. Typically, peak levels of serum TNP
ranged from 2-6 ng/ml one hour after LPS injection.

The compounds tested were administered to fasted mice by oral gavage as a suspension in 0.2 ml of 0.5% methylcellulose and 0.025% Tween 20 in water at 1 hour or 6 hours prior to LPS injection. The 1 hour protocol allowed evaluation of compound potency at Cmax plasma

allowed evaluation of compound potency at Cmax plasma levels whereas the 6 hour protocol allowed estimation of

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compound duration of action. Efficacy was determined at each time point as percent inhibition of serum TNF levels relative to LPS injected mice that received vehicle only.

Additional results obtained using the above-described assays are set forth in Table 6 below. p38 assay and U937 cell assay results are expressed as IC, (μm) . Mouse-LPS assay results are expressed as percent inhibition.

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270 TABLE 6

.23 1.
23 1 0 0 1 1 7 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1
. 1. 1.
1-1-
0
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mLPS

mLPS

mLPS

0.2594

<0.1

2.6681 0.3486

0.43 <0.01

A-264 A-266 A-267 A-267 A-267 A-217

0.015 0.216

A-269

A-270 A-271 A-272 A-273

-275

Example p381 p382 U937

6h dose 1h,

Induction And Assessment Of Collagen-Induced Arthritis In Mice:

arthritis was induced in 8-12 week old DBA/1 male mice by procedure set forth in J.M. Stuart, Collagen Autoimmune Arthritis, Annual Rev. Immunol. 2:199 (1984), which is (provided by Dr. Marie Griffiths, Univ. of Utah, Salt Arthritis was induced in mice according to the Injection of 50 μg of chick type II collagen (CII) incorporated herein by reference. Specifically,

day 0 at the base of the tail. Injection volume was 100 Lake City, UT) in complete Freund's adjuvant (Sigma) on μ l. Animals were boosted on day 21 with 50 μ g of CII in arthritis. Any animal with paw redness or swelling was incomplete Freund's adjuvant (100 μ l volume). Animals were evaluated several times each week for signs of 15 10

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paw (maximal score of 12/mouse). Animals displaying any Induced Arthritis in Mice: Factors Influencing Disease Gene Control., <u>Trans. Proc.</u>, 15:180 (1983). Scoring of conducted in accordance with the procedure set forth in Suspectibility and Evidence for Multiple MHC Associated severity was carried out using a score of 1-3 for each counted as arthritic. Scoring of arthritic paws was Wooley et al., Genetic Control of Type II Collagen 20

redness or swelling of digits or the paw were scored as Animals were evaluated for 8 weeks. 8-10 animals per 1. Gross swelling of the whole paw or deformity was scored as 2. Ankylosis of joints was scored as 3. 25

Preparation And Administration Of Compounds: 30

group were used.

The compounds tested on mice having collagen-induced oral gavage in a volume of 0.1 ml b.i.d. Administration (Sigma). The compound suspensions were administered by methylcelluose (Sigma, St. Louis, MO), 0.025% Tween 20 began on day 20 post collagen injection and continued arthritis were prepared as a suspension in 0.5%

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p38α in vitro assay results based on PHAS-I assay procedure p38a in vitro assay results based on EGFRP assay procedure

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daily until final evaluation on day 56. Scoring of arthritic paws was conducted as set forth above. Assay results are set forth in Table 7.

compounds of this invention in association with one or preferably in the form of a pharmaceutical composition active ingredients. The active compounds of the present pharmaceutical composition may be in the form of, for may, for example, be administered orally, intravascularly treatment intended. The active compounds and composition adapted to such a route, and in a dose effective for the invention may be administered by any suitable route, to herein as "carrier" materials) and, if desired, other more non-toxic, pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers pharmaceutical compositions comprising the active example, a tablet, hard or soft capsule, lozenges, (IM) or topically. For oral administration, the (IV), intraperitoneally, subcutaneously, intramuscularly and/or diluents and/or adjuvants (collectively referred Also embraced within this invention is a class of

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of a dosage unit containing a particular amount of the active ingredient. Examples of such dosage units are tablets or capsules. The active ingredient may also be administered by injection (IV, IM, subcutaneous or jet) as a composition wherein, for example, saline, dextrose, or water may be used as a suitable carrier. The pH of

dispensable powders, suspension or liquid. The

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the composition may be adjusted, if necessary, with suitable acid, base, or buffer. Suitable bulking, dispersing, wetting or suspending agents, including mannitol and PEG 400, may also be included in the composition. A suitable parenteral composition can also

- 5 composition. A suitable parenteral composition can also include a compound formulated as a sterile solid substance, including lyophilized powder, in injection vials. Aqueous solution can be added to dissolve the compound prior to injection. The amount of
- 10 therapeutically active compounds that are administered and the dosage regimen for treating a disease condition with the compounds and/or compositions of this invention depends on a variety of factors, including the age, weight, sex and medical condition of the subject, the severity of the inflammation or inflammation related
- disorder, the inflammation or inflammation related disorder, the route and frequency of administration, and the particular compound employed, and thus may vary widely. The pharmaceutical compositions may contain active ingredients in the range of about 0.1 to 1000 mg, preferably in the range of about 7.0 to 350 mg. A daily dose of about 0.01 to 100 mg/kg body weight, preferably between about 0.1 and about 50 mg/kg body weight and most preferably between about 0.5 to 30 mg/kg body weight, may be appropriate. The daily dose can be administered in
- one to four doses per day. In the case of skin conditions, it may be preferable to apply a topical preparation of compounds of this invention to the affected area two to four times a day. For disorders of the eye or other external tissues, e.g., mouth and skin, the formulations are preferably applied as a topical gel, spray, ointment or cream, or as a suppository, containing the active ingredients in a total amount of, for example, 0.075 to 30% w/w, preferably 0.2 to 20% w/w and most
- 35 ointment, the active ingredients may be employed with either paraffinic or a water-miscible ointment base.

preferably 0.4 to 15% w/w. When formulated in an

The oily phase of the emulsions of this invention contact with the skin or mucosa of the recipient. If the example at least 30% w/w of a polyhydric alcohol such as microcapsules, the encapsulating agent may also function dimethylsulfoxide and related analogs. The compounds of this invention can also be administered by a transdermal as the membrane. The transdermal patch may include the in a cream with an oil-in-water cream base. If desired, either case, the active agent is delivered continuously active agent is absorbed through the skin, a controlled compound in a suitable solvent system with an adhesive Alternatively, the active ingredients may be formulated porous membrane type or of a solid matrix variety. In accomplished using a patch either of the reservoir and from the reservoir or microcapsules through a membrane propylene glycol, butane-1,3-diol, mannitol, sorbitol, which enhances absorption or penetration of the active into the active agent permeable adhesive, which is in Examples of such dermal penetration enhancers include may be constituted from known ingredients in a known topical formulation may desirably include a compound system, such as an acrylic emulsion, and a polyester the aqueous phase of the cream base may include, for ingredient through the skin or other affected areas. glycerol, polyethylene glycol and mixtures thereof. Preferably topical administration will be administered to the recipient. In the case of and predetermined flow of the active agent is device.

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emulsifier with a fat or an oil or with both a fat and an stabilizer. It is also preferred to include both an oil stabilizer(s) make-up the so-called emulsifying wax, and and a fat. Together, the emulsifier(s) with or without oil. Preferably, a hydrophilic emulsifier is included together with a lipophilic emulsifier which acts as a emulsifier, it may comprise a mixture of at least one 30 35

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While the phase may comprise merely an

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dispersed phase of the cream formulations. Emulsifiers called emulsifying ointment base which forms the oily the wax together with the oil and fat make up the 80and emulsion stabilizers suitable for use in the

Span 80, cetostearyl alcohol, myristyl alcohol, glyceryl The choice of suitable oils or fats for the formulation formulation of the present invention include Tween 60, monostearate, and sodium lauryl sulfate, among others. is based on achieving the desired cosmetic properties,

likely to be used in pharmaceutical emulsion formulations is very low. Thus, the cream should preferably be a nonsince the solubility of the active compound in most oils greasy, non-staining and washable product with suitable consistency to avoid leakage from tubes or other 10

containers. Straight or branched chain, mono- or dibasic isopropyl myristate, decyl oleate, isopropyl palmitate, alkyl esters such as di-isoadipate, isocetyl stearate, butyl stearate, 2-ethylhexyl palmitate or a blend of propylene glycol diester of coconut fatty acids, 12

required. Alternatively, high melting point lipids such as white soft paraffin and/or liquid paraffin or other branched chain esters may be used. These may be used mineral oils can be used. Formulations suitable for alone or in combination depending on the properties 20

wherein the active ingredients are dissolved or suspended topical administration to the eye also include eye drops ingredients are preferably present in such formulations in suitable carrier, especially an aqueous solvent for the active ingredients. The anti-inflammatory active 25

in a concentration of 0.5 to 20%, advantageously 0.5 to administration. If administered per os, the compounds 10% and particularly about 1.5% w/w. For therapeutic purposes, the active compounds of this combination invention are ordinarily combined with one or more adjuvants appropriate to the indicated route of 30

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may be admixed with lactose, sucrose, starch powder,

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cellulose esters of alkanoic acids, cellulose alkyl esters, talc, stearic acid, magnesium stearate, magnesium oxide, sodium and calcium salts of phosphoric and sulfuric acids, gelatin, acacia gum, sodium alginate,

- 5 polyvinylpyrrolidone, and/or polyvinyl alcohol, and then tableted or encapsulated for convenient administration. Such capsules or tablets may contain a controlled-release formulation as may be provided in a dispersion of active compound in hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose. Formulations
- 10 for parenteral administration may be in the form of aqueous or non-aqueous isotonic sterile injection solutions or suspensions. These solutions and suspensions may be prepared from sterile powders or granules having one or more of the carriers or diluents suspensions for use in the formulations for oral
- 15 mentioned for use in the formulations for oral administration. The compounds may be dissolved in water, polyethylene glycol, propylene glycol, ethanol, corn oil, cottonseed oil, peanut oil, sesame oil, benzyl alcohol, sodium chloride, and/or various buffers. Other adjuvants
- the pharmaceutical art.

 All patent documents listed herein are incorporated

 h. reference

and modes of administration are well and widely known in

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Although this invention has been described with respect to specific embodiments, the details of these embodiments are not to be construed as limitations.

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Description of parallel array synthesis methodology utilized to prepare compounds of Examples B-i, B-ii, and B-iii.

25 30 8 5 5 pressure beneath the valve assembly plate by control of valves in the opened position and controlling the back plate row. Optionally, solutions can be either drained polypropylene or pyrex glass and contains a frit 82 Parallel reactions were performed in multi-chamber parallel reactions that are performed in these reaction opening or closing of levers B5 within a valve assembly closed by controlling the leur-lock position or by the via leur-lock compound is optionally prepared in each reaction vessel performing reaction blocks. A typical reaction block is capable of 0001 through B-1574, and by analogy could also be used to Temperature control of the reaction chambers is effected or maintained above the vessel frits by leaving the connection. Each vessel valve B4 is either opened or connected to the reaction block valve assembly plate B3 toward the base of the vessel. Each reaction vessel is prepare compounds of Examples B-1575 through B-2269. that were utilized to prepare compounds of Examples B-Scheme B-1 describes the parallel array reaction blocks aluminum plates that make contact with the reaction block by passing a blocks are allowed to progress by inert gas flow through the inert gas inlet valve B6. The Each reaction vessel B1 is made of either 48 parallel reactions, wherein a unique temperature heat-transfer liquid through jacketed attachment controlled or C through a shaking incubation in a

mantle B7. Mixing is effected at the shaking station by either vertical orbital shaking of the up-right reaction block or by lateral shaking of the reaction block tilted on its side.

Functionalized resins are optionally added to each reaction vessel B1 during the course of reaction or at the conclusion of the reaction. These functionalized resins enable the rapid purification of each reaction vessel product. Vacuum filtration of the reaction block apparatus by opening of the vacuum valve B8 allows purified products to be separated from resin-sequestered non-product species. Valve B8 is located on the bottom reaction block chamber B10 which houses the quadrant collection vial racks B11. The desired products are obtained as filtrates in unique collection vials B9. Removal of solvent from these collection vials affords desired products.

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Scheme B-2 illustrates the various utilizations of functionalized resins to purify reaction vessel products S B22 prior to filtration from the fritted vessels B1 into collection vials B9. Said functionalized resins perform as 1) resin-bound reagents B12, which give rise to resinbound reagent byproducts B13, 2) sequestrants B14 or B15, of excess solution-phase reactants B16 or B17, contain inherent reactive functionality -rf, and -rf2 contain inherent reactive functionality -rf, and -rf2

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ĸ 20 5 ä 5 molecular recognition functionality -mr2 which enables its functionality -Ctag attached to resin B23. Additionally, reaction sequestration of **B24** by the reaction conditions but is used to enable the posta bifunctional chemical group, -tag, which is inert to chemically-tagged reagents B24 and their corresponding converted to resin **B21** wherein -q represents the spent reaction quenching (for instance, proton transfer) of B21. Resin B20 contains functionality -Q which mediates nucleophiles, contain poorly sequestrable functionality sterically-hindered reactants and/or electron deficient Additionally, tag that also enables its sequestration by resin B23 course of reaction, contains the same chemical function . the soluble reagent byproduct 825, formed during the reagent byproducts B25. The soluble reagent B24 contains product B22 to form a desired isolable form of product quenching resins 820 which give rise to quenched resins solution-phase byproducts B19. Byproduct B19 contains complementary reactive functionality -Crf1 and -Crf. Crf1 which reacts with B16 to form B27 in situ. their reaction with sequestration-enabling-reagents B26 These poorly sequestable reactants B16 can be transformed functionality on resin B21 ; 5) sequestrants B23 of functionality -Cmr2 attached to resin B18; 4) reactionchemoselective attached to resins **B14** and **B15**; 3) sequestrants **B18** of which enable their chemoselective sequestration by the B26 contain highly reactive, complementary functionality in situ to more robustly sequestrable species **B27** through (rfl in this case is a poorly sequestable functionality) Upon performing reaction quench, the resin B20 is some sequestration by reactants **B16**, the complementary the complementary particularly

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25 20 5 5 reactants, products, or byproducts faster than attached to resin **B31**. Similar use of the bifunctional sequestration-enablingmolecular recognition functionality mr_2 in this case is attached to resin **B28**: complementary functionalized solution phase reactants, resin cross-neutralization. Similarly, resins containing used simultaneously because these resins scavenge perform reaction purifications. Even resins containing sequestration resins are utilized simultaneously to sequestered by the complementary functionality, Cmr, recognition functionality, mr, present in B30 is readily sequestrable species **B30**. reagent B29 transforms B19 into the more readily the complementary functionality attached to resin B18. not able to mediate the direct sequestration of B19 by contain poorly sequestable byproducts B19, wherein the complementary derivatized B27. Both B26 and B27 are sequestered by the contained within B26 is also present on the in situ bifunctional molecular recognition functionality, mr. functionality are able to mutually reactive or neutralizing reagents, or byproducts from solution phase faster than incompatible (mutually reactive) functional groups can be cross-neutralization molecular In some reactions, multiple By analogy, some reactions recognition quench The imparted molecular reaction-quenching solution functionality

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Scheme B3 describes the modular robotics laboratory servironment that was utilized to prepare compounds of Examples B0001 through Bxxx. Chemicals that are utilized in the robotics laboratory are weighed and then dissolved or suspended into solvents at Station #1 (Automated Chemistry Prep Station). Thus, solutions or suspensions of known molarity are prepared for use at the other robotics workstations. Station #1 also optionally bar-code labels each chemical solution so that its identity can be read by bar-code scanning at this and other robotics workstations.

15 Reactions are initiated at the modular Stations #2 and #2

DUP. Station #2DUP is defined as a duplicate of Station
#2 and is used to increase capacity within the robotics
laboratory. A reaction block is mounted at Station #2 or
#2 DUP. Also, racks containing reactants, reagents,
20 solvents, and resin slurries are also mounted at Station
#2 or #2 DUP. Under the control of a chemical

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optionally cooled below room temperature during the of chemical solutions and solvents has been reaction block and/or chemical solution racks may be After the performed by Station#2 or #2DUP, incubation of the reaction block may occur while the reaction block is mounted at the robot station. Preferably, however, the informatics mapping file, reactions are initiated by the into each mounted syringes which control a one-up septum piercing/argon purging cannula, a wide-bore resin slurry-despensing cannula, or by a six-up cannula which can simultaneously reaction block vessel. The transfer of known volumes of reagent solutions, or solvents is mediated deliver volumes to a row of six reaction vessels. chemical solution transfer operations. and/or resin slurries of reactant solutions, solutions, suspensions, cransfer 9

mounted at the robot station. Preferably, however, the reaction block is removed after all volume transfers are complete and the reaction block is brought to ambient temperature. The reaction block is transferred off-line to either a vertical or lateral shaking Incubator Station #5.

The Automated weighing/archival Station #3 performs the functions of weighing empty collection vials (to obtain of weighing collection vials containing optionally redissolved into an organic solvent at tare weights of collection vials) and also performs the filtered, purified products (to obtain gross weights of collection vials). After product-containing collection vials have been weighed (gross weight determinations) at Transfer of solvents is accomplished Each product-containing with syringes which control a mounted one-up septum workstation #3, the collection vial products piercing/argon purging cannula. workstation #3. functions 8 23

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collection vial is prepared as a solution of known molarity as directed and recorded by the chemical informatics system. These product solutions may be subsequently mounted at Station #2 or #2DUP for subsequent reaction steps or taken to Station #7 or #7DUP for analytical processing.

2 . RVT4104 vapor trap and model # VN100 vapornet cryopump). removal stations were purchased from the Savant Company robotics laboratory. Stations #4, #4 DUP, or #4 TRIP, wherein #4DUP and #4TRIP collection racks at Savant Automated Solvent Evaporation collection vials Rapid to increase the capacity for solvent removal within the are defined as a duplicate and a triplicate of Station #4 (model # SC210A speedvac unit equipped with model # solvent evaporation is accomplished Commercially available solvent O.f by mounting the product-containing

8 ĸ 20 of known molarity as directed and recorded by the mounted at either of these stations. laboratory. functions. plate wells that are utilized to perform analytical each product vial into unique and identifable microtiter chemical informatics mapping file, transfers aliquots of the collection vial rack at Station #3 as described dissolution function is performed by prior processing of chemical informatics mapping file. containing collection vial is then prepared as a solution Station #7 Stations #7 and #7DUP perform analytical processing determinations. Station#7 or #7DUP, under the control of the to increase capacity within the robotics Station #7DUP is defined as a duplicate of Product-containing collection racks are Optionally, this Each product-

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5 ö degasser, model # G1312A binary pump, a model # G1316A and companion atmospheric available autosampler rack (Gilson Company # 215 connected to HP1100 MSD (G1946A) mass spectrometer; this #8DUP are commercially available benchtop LC/Mass spec capacity of the robotics laboratory. weight determination. (APCI) or electrospray mass spectrometry for molecular performing high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) determination of product autosampler). Station #8 or #8DUP is utilized for the The HP unit has been interfaced with a commercially column heater, and a model # G1315A diode array detector. unit is also equipped with a model# G1322A solvent units purchased from Hewlett Packard (model HP1100 HPLC is a duplicate of Station #8 to increase the analytical HPLC/Mass Spectrometer Station #8 or #8DUP. Station #8DUP #7DUP for subsequent utilization at the Automated One such microtiter plate is prepared at . Station #7 or purity and identity by pressure chemi-ionization Stations #8 and

20 Another microtiter plate is prepared at Station #7 or #7DUP for subsequent utilization at a commercially available flow-probe Varian NMR spectrometer Station #10 (Varian Instruments flow probe NMR, 300 MHz, interfaced with a commercially available Gilson 215 autosampler).

25 Proton, ¹³-Carbon, and/or ¹⁹-Fluorine NMR spectra are determined at this Station #10.

Other microtiter plates are optionally mounted at Station #7 or #7DUP for the purpose of preparing product-containing plates for biological assays. Aliquots of product-containing collection vials are transferred to these biological assay microtiter plates under the control of the chemical informatics mapping file. Identity and amount of each transferred product is

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recorded by the chemical informatics system for retrieval by biologists who perform the biological assaying of products.

identity of organic functional groups chemically attached The resins, as mentioned above, contain chemoselective sequestrants, or reaction quenching media Transfrom InfraRed (FT-IR) Spectrometer is utilized to analyze resins for the for the workup and purification of the crude product robotics laboratory utilizes a commercially available FT-IR spectrometer purchased from Nicolet Instruments (model # MagnaIR 560 interfaced with an InspectIR microscope for mixtures contained within reaction block vessels. utilized resin mounting and positioning). functionality to these resins. The Fourier Station #11 chemical

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Scheme B-3

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The lines interconnecting the modular Stations denote the transfer of chemical racks, reaction blocks, and/or collection vial racks from one modular Station to another.

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Automated HPLC/ Mass Spec Station #8 Automated Solvent Evap. Station #4 TRIP Offline Reaction Incubator Station #5 Automated HPLC/ Mass Spec Station #8 DUP Automated Reaction building Station #2 DUP Automated Solvent Evap. Station #4 DUP Reaction Building Automated Analytical Prep. Station #7 DUP Flow Probe NMR Station #10 Automated Station #2 Automated weighing/archival Station #3 Automated Chemistry Prep Station #1 Automated Analytical Prep. Station #7 Automated Solvent Evap. FT-IR Station #11 Station #4

The ChemLib IT system is a composite of software running on the client's desktop and software running on a remote server.

The ChemLib IT system is a client/server software application developed to support and document the data handling flow in the robotics laboratory described above.

10 This IT system integrates the chemist with the robotics synthesis laboratory and manages the data generated by this processes.

The software running on the server warehouses all the selectronic data for the robotics chemistry unit. This

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v3.5 and Microsoft Visual C++ v5.0. This composition on SQL*Net driver and the TCP/IP Adapter thereby allowing ChemLib IT system client software is composed of Omnis7 The client's desktop is Microsoft Windows 95. and SQL*Net v2.2.2.1.0A. ChemLib creates a network socket connection to Oracle's Oracle's PL/SQL v2.3.3.4.0. ChemLib communicates with the server for its data via client's desktop to access data in Oracles' database. server is provided by Oracle's TCP/IP Adapter v2.2.2.1.0 database software, Oracle 7 v7.3.3.5.0, that warehouses the client side is what is herein referred to as ChemLib. interface that allows applications running on the the data. Connection from the client's desktop to the server, a Silicon Graphics IRIX station v6.2, runs the SQL*Net is Oracle's network These PL/SQL calls within The

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A "library" is defined as a composite number of wells, where each well defines a single compound. ChemLib defines a library in a module called the Electronic Spreadsheet. The Electronic Spreadsheet is then a composite of n-number of wells containing the components that are required to synthesize the compound that exist in each these well(s).

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access to the data on the server.

The chemist begins by populating the Electronic Spreadsheet with those components required for the compound synthesis. The identity and the availability of these components are defined in the Building Block Catalog module of ChemLib. The Building Block Catalog is a catalog of a listing of all reagents, solvents, peripherals available in the robotics laboratory. Upon selecting the components for each compound we also

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declare the quantity of each component to be utilized. The quantity of each component can be identified by its molarity and volumetric amounts (ul) or by it's solid state form (mg). Therefore a well in the Electronic Spreadsheet defines a compound that is identified by its components and the quantity of each of these components.

25 20 5 5 robotics terminology is stored in a 'sequence' file on a ChemLib system takes these set of activities identified, them in the order in which they are to occur. The be performed in the robotics laboratory and assembles module the chemist chooses from a list of activities to the robotics laboratory. In the Define WS Sequence activity that should be performed with this component in components from the Electronic Spreadsheet and the workstation. the WS Sequence module of ChemLib. The Define WS workstation. common server that is accessible by the robotics terminology for the robotics workstation use. assembles and with the component data in the Electronic Spreadsheet to be performed manually or off-line from the robotics performed at the robotics workstations and any activities Sequence module identifies the synthesis steps to be each compound in the Electronic Spreadsheet is defined in The assembly or the synthesis of these components for and reformats these instructions With this module we identify which

The robotics workstation performs the synthesis in a reaction block apparatus as described. Each well in the Electronic Spreadsheet is tracked and mapped to a unique location in the reaction block apparatus on the robotics workstation. The compound or product synthesized at the

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robotics workstation in the reaction block is then captured into collection vials.

The collection vials are first tarred then grossed on the robotics workstation after collecting their products from the reaction block. These weights (tare and gross) are recorded into the ChemLib system with the Tare/Gross Session module. The Tare/Gross Session module then calculates the product or compound yields and its final mass.

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screening is defined by the Analytical WS Setup module in the desired molar concentration. This identifies the (microtiter plate) to be sent for analysis and/or Preparation of the compound for analytical analysis and The Analytical WS Setup module identifies the Spreadsheet, based on the compound's product yield and to be transferred at the robotics the MTP The mass spectrometric and HPLC in the Electronic results for each well are recorded and scored into the specific location for each well æ biological assaying. quantity, in uL, ដ factor ChemLib system. workstation, ChemLib. dilution 15 8

The Dilute/Archive WS module further identifies each compound by mapping the compound's well from the Electronic Spreadsheet to a specific MX block location for long term storage and archival as part of the registration process.

All communications between ChemLib and the robotics workstations are by ASCII files. These files are placed on a server by the ChemLib system that is accessible by

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the robotics workstations. Reports generated by the robotics workstations are also placed on the server where the Chemilb system can read these files to record the data generated. Each robotics workstation consists of robotics hardware by Bohdan Automation, Inc. Mundelein, Illinois, and a PC currently running Microsoft Windows for Workgroup v3.11 and Ethernet software. The robotics workstation PC is logged into the network for one-way communication that allows the workstation to access the server for file access only.

General Scheme B4

unreacted primary amine scaffold C-1 as resin-bound vessels with excess of electrophiles \mathbf{R}^3 - \mathbf{Q} wherein \mathbf{Q} is activated Reaction of scaffold C-1 base at room temperature in a mixture of a polar aprotic As illustrated in Scheme B-4 the products of the general formulae B-1 are isolated in purified form by addition of a carbonylfunctionalized resin B32 which covalently sequesters any functionalized resin B33 which covalently sequesters any substituent is reacted in reaction block chloro, bromo, or an acid activating group including but not limited to N-hydroxysuccinimide. $\mathbf{R}^{J} - \mathbf{Q}$ includes acid adduct B35, and also by the addition of a primary amine-Scaffold C-1 with a primary amine functionality with R³-Q'is effected in the presence of a tertiary amine sulfonyl chlorides acids, parallel array solvent and/or a halogenated solvent. carboxylic chlorides, alkyl chloroformates, carbamates, and isocyanates. contained within the R4 of addressed, esters activated

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remaining electrophile R3-Q from each reaction mixture as

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resin-bound adduct B34. Resin B33 also sequesters the HQ byproduct from the reaction mixture by proton transfer from solution-phase Base-HQ. Incubation at room temperature, filtration, rinsing of the resin cake, and concentration of the filtrates affords purified products B-1 filtered away from resin-bound adducts B32, B33, B34, B35, and B36.

Scheme B-5 specifically illustrates the derivatization of the primary amine-containing scaffold C1 to afford the desired products B-i in a parallel array synthesis reaction block, individual reaction products are prepared in each of multiple reaction block vessels in a spatially

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ĸ 20 30 5 ō N-methylmorpholine. The reaction mixtures are incubated N-methylmorpholine in DMF. To each reaction vessel is resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for not utilize stoichiometric excesses of electrophiles and stoichiometric excess when R^{J} -Q is an isocyanate. Excess B-1 in purified form. insoluble resin- adducts B32, B33, B34, B36, and B37, amine-functionalized resin B33. Simple filtration of the during the course of the reaction is also neutralized to addition the N-methylmorpholine hydrochloride salt formed medium as insoluble adducts 834 and 837 respectively. In unreacted scaffold amine C1 are removed from the reaction allow optimum agitation of the resin-containing vessel 14-20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to B33 and the aldehyde-functionalized stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin to products B-0001-B-0048 compared to reactions that do more rapid and/or more complete conversion of scaffold C1 electrophiles and N-methylmorpholine were used to effect when \mathbb{R}^{J} -Q is a sulfonyl chloride, or a 1.25 fold alkyl chloroformate, or a 1.5 fold stoichiometric excess stoichiometric excess when R^J-Q is an acid chloride or amine-containing scaffold C1 (limiting amount,) in evaporation of the filtrates affords the desired products rinsing of the resin cake with dichloroethane, and is then charged with a large excess (15-20 fold at ambient temperature for 2-3 h. then added the electrophiles: either a 2.0 fold its free base form by proton transfer reaction to the followed by a 4.0 fold stoichiometric excess solution of dimethylformamide (DMF) is added to the reaction vessels addressed format. The excess electrophiles R^J-Q A solution of the desired primary Each reaction vessel resin B32. and any

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Scheme B-6 illustrates a general synthetic method involving the parallel array reaction of a scaffold C-11 containing a secondary amine functionality within the definition of the R' substituent. Each reaction vessel is charged with the secondary amine-containing scaffold C-11, followed by the introduction of a stoichiometric excess of an optionally unique electrophile R^L-Q into each vessel, wherein Q is chloro, bromo, or an acid activating group including but not limited to N-hydroxysuccinimide. R^L-Q includes acid chlorides, alkyl chloroformates,

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sulfonyl chlorides, activated esters of carboxylic acids, activated carbamates, and isocyanates. Reaction of scaffold C-11 with R^L-Q is effected in the presence of tertiary amine base at room temperature or elevated temperature in a mixture of a polar aprotics solvent and/or a halogenated solvent. After solution-phase reactions have progressed to afford crude product mixtures in each vessel, the products

B-11 are isolated in purified form by the addition of the

concentration of the filtrates affords purified products sequesters remaining electrophile R^L-Q from each reaction which covalently sequesters remaining secondary amine scaffold C-11 as resin-bound adduct B39, and also by the addition of the primary amine-functionalized resin B33 which covalently Resin **B33** also sequesters the HQ byproduct in each vessel as B36, formed either simultaneously or B-11 filtered away from resin-adducts B33, B36, B38, B39, sequentially, followed by filtration, rinsing, solution-phase isocyanate-functionalized resin B38 vessel as resin-bound adducts B40. Incubation with these resins, transfer from by proton 8

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and B40.

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amine containing scaffold C-2 to the desired products Bstoichiometric excess when $R^{L}-Q$ is a sulfonyl chloride, or is an acid chloride or alkyl chloroformate, or a 1.5 fold electrophile R^L-Q as a dichloroethane (DCE) (DMF) is added to the reaction vessels followed by a 4.0multiple reaction block vessels. individual reaction products are prepared in each of 48 Scheme B-7 illustrates the conversion of the secondarya 1.25 fold stoichiometric excess when R^L -Q is either a 2.0 fold stoichiometric excess is used when R^L-Q fold stoichiometric excess solution of N-methylmorpholine scaffold C-2 (limiting amount) in dimethylformamide isocyanate. In a parallel array synthesis reaction block, To each reaction vessel is then added an The reaction mixtures are incubated at A solution of the solution:

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affords purified product solutions in collection vials as insoluble adducts B40 and B39, respectively. Resin HQ. resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for products B-i1. and rinsing with solvent mixtures of DMF and/or DCE, B36, formed by proton transfer from solution-phase Base-**B33** also sequesters the HQ byproduct in each vessel as scaffold amine C-2 are removed from the reaction medium mixtures. allow optimum agitation of the resin-containing vessel 14-20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to B33 and the isocyanate-functionalized resin B32. The stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin then charged with a large excess (15-20 fold ambient temperature for 2-6 h. Each reaction vessel is filtered away from resin-adducts B33, B36, B38, B39, and Incubation with these resins, followed by filtration Concentration of The excess electrophiles R^L -Q and unreacted filtrates affords purified

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Scheme B-8 illustrates another general synthetic method involving the parallel array reaction of a scaffold **C-11** containing a secondary amine functionality within the definition of the R⁴ substituent. Each reaction vessel is charged with the secondary amine-containing scaffold **C-10 11**, followed by the introduction of a stoichiometric excess of an optionally unique electrophile R¹-Q into each vessel. Reaction of scaffold **C-11** with R¹-Q is effected in the presence of textiary amine base at room temperature or elevated temperature in a mixture of a polar aprotic solvent and/or a halogenated solvent.

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are Each mixtures with a large excess (15-20 fold stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin B33 sequesters the solution-phase species $R^{L}-Q$, HQ, $\mathbf{B41}$, and $\mathbf{B42}$ as the 14-20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the resin-containing vessel mixtures. Filtration of the insoluble resin- adducts B33, B36, B40, B43 and B44 and subsequent rinsing of the vessel resin-bed with DMF and/or DCE affords filtrates containing the purified products B-11. Concentration of effect more rapid and/or more complete conversion of scaffold C-11 to products B-11 compared to reactions that do not utilize stoichiometric excesses of electrophiles amine scaffold C-11, converting C-11 to the in situ-derivatized compound B42. Subsequent incubation of these vessel resin-bound adducts B40, B36, B44, and B43, respectively. The resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for Excess electrophiles and N-methylmorpholine are used to reaction vessel is then charged with the sequestrationmixtures B41 reacts with remaining secondary incubated at ambient temperature for 2-8 h. the filtrates affords the purified products B-11. enabling reagent phenylsulfonylisocyanate B41. reaction and N-methylmorpholine. The

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Scheme B-9 illustrates the method of Scheme B-8 using scaffold C-2. A solution of the scaffold C-2 (limiting

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3 dichloroethane reaction vessels followed by a 4.0-fold stoichiometric phase species R^L -Q, HQ, **B41**, and **B45** as the resin-bound amine-functionalized resin B33 sequesters the solutionconverting C-2 to the in situ-derivatized compound B45 reagent phenylsulfonylisocyanate B41. This reagent B41 ambient temperature for 2-6 h. isocyanate. a 1.25 fold stoichiometric excess when R^L-Q is an stoichiometric excess when R^L -Q is a sulfonyl chloride, or chloride or alkyl chloroformate, or a 1.5 fold excess solution of N-methylmorpholine in DMF. B44, and B46 and subsequent rinsing of the vessel resin-Filtration of the insoluble resin- adducts B33, B36, B40 agitation of the resin-containing vessel mixtures charged reaction block is shaken vertically for 20 h on adducts B40, B36, B44, and B46, respectively. The resinreacts with remaining secondary amine scaffold C-2, dichloroethane solution of the sequestration-enabling mixtures, each reaction vessel is then charged with a reactions have progressed to afford crude product stoichiometric excess is used when R^{L} -Q is an acid reaction vessel is then added an electrophile $R^L\!-\!Q$ as a the purified products B-ii. an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum large excess (15-20 fold stoichiometric excess) of the Subsequent incubation of these vessel mixtures with a amount) in dimethylformamide (DMF) is added to the products **B-ii**. Concentration of the filtrates bed with DCE affords filtrates containing the purified The reaction mixtures are incubated at (DCE) solution: either a 2.0 After solution-phase affords To each

Another general method for the parallel array reaction block synthesis is illustrated in Scheme B-10 for the derivatization of the carboxylic acid-containing scaffold

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C-iii. Scaffold C-iii with a free carboxylic acid functionality is reacted in spatially addressed, parallel array reaction block vessels with excesses of optionally different primary or secondary amines B47 in the presence of the polymer-bound carbodiimide reagent B48 and a tertiary amine base in a mixture of a polar aprotic solvent and/or a halogenated solvent. After filtration of each crude vessel product misture away from resins B48 and B49, each reaction mixture is purified by treatment with the sequestration-enabling-reagent B50 (tetrafluorophthalic anhydride). The reagent B50 reacts with

fluorophthalic anhydride). The reagent B50 (tetrafluorophthalic anhydride). The reagent B50 reacts with
remaining excess amine B47 to afford the in situderivatized intermediates B51 which contain carboxylic
acid molecular recognition functionality. Subsequent
incubation of each reaction mixture with a 15-20-fold
stoichiometric excess of the primay amine-functonalized
resin B33 sequesters B51, B50, and any remaining acid
scaffold C-iii as resin-bound adducts B52, B53, and B54,
respectively. Filtration of soluton-phase products B-iii

respectively. Filtration of soluton-phase products B-iii
way from these resin-bound adducts and rinsing of the
resin beds with a polar aprotic solvent and/or
halogenated solvent affords filtrates containing purified
products B-iii. Concentration of the filtrates affords
purified B-iii.

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20 25 3 a dimethylformamide solution of a unique amine **B47** (1.5 350 converts the excess amines 347 in each filtrate resin-bound reagent B48 and resin-bound reagent byproduct dimethylformamide to each reaction vessel containing the mixture of the desired amide products **B-111**, excess separate the solution phase product mixture away from stoichiometric excess) in dichloromethane is added to 111 in a parallel synthesis format. A limiting amount of containing scaffold C-49 to the desired amide products B-Scheme B-11 illustrates the conversion of the acid added to each reaction vessel. The amine-containing vessel to its respective sequestrable half acid form B51 49, are treated with tetrafluorophthalic anhydride B50 amines **347** and any unreacted acid containing scaffold **C**fold stoichiometric excess) to each vessel. The parallel stoichiometric excess). polymer bound carbodiimide reagent **B55**, respectively. The resin-charged reaction block is remaining C-49 to their resin-bound adducts B52, B53, and resin B33 converts B51, any remaining B50, and any After two h incubation time, an excess of the amine-**B49**. The resulting solutions (filtrates) containing a shaker for 16-18 h at ambient temperature and filtered to reaction block is then agitated vertically on an orbital this slurry, followed by addition of an excess amount of subsequent rinsing of the vessel resin-bed insoluble resin- adducts B33, B52, B53, and B55 and resin-containing vessel mixtures. Filtration of ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the shaken vertically for 16 h on an orbital shaker at functionalized resin B33 and dichloromethane solvent are scaffold **C-49** is added as a A solution of pyridine (4 fold **B48** (5 fold solution with

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purified products B-111. Concentration of the filtrates dimethylformamide affords filtrates containing the affords the purified products B-iii.

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Scheme B-11

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Although Schemes B-1 through B-11 describe the use of parallel array chemical library technology to prepare compounds of general formulae B-1, B-11, and B-111, it is noted that one with ordinary skill in the art of classical synthetic organic chemistry would be able to prepare B-1, B-11, and B-111 by conventional means (one compound prepared at a time in conventional glassware and purified by conventional means such as chromatography and/or crystallization).

A general synthesis of pyridylpyrazole scaffolds C-1, C-

ii, and C-iii is depicted in Scheme C-1.

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- Step A: Picoline is treated with a base chosen from but not limited to n-butyllithium (n-BuLi), lithium di-iso-propylamide (LDA), lithium hexamethyldisilazide (LiHMDS), potassium c-butoxide (tBuOK), or sodium hydride (NaH) in an organic solvent such as tetrahydrofuran (THF), diethyl ether, t-butyl methyl ether, t-BuOH or dioxane from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. The metallated picoline solution is then added to a
- The metallated picoline solution is then added to a solution of ester B56. The reaction is allowed to stir from 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the temperature may range from -20 °C to 120 °C. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. After drying and removal of solvent the pyridyl monoketone B57 is isolated as a crude solid which can be
- 30 purified by crystallization and/or chromatography.

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Step B: A solution of the pyridyl monoketone **B57** in ether, THF, tBuOH, or dioxane is added to a base chosen from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH contained in hexane, THF, diethyl ether, t-butyl methyl ether, or t-BuOH from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from ranging from 10 minutes to 3 hours. An appropriately substituted activated ester or acid halide derived from R⁴-CO₂H is then added as a solution in THF, ether, or dioxane to the monoketone anion of **B57** while the temperature is maintained between -50 °C and 50 °C. The resulting mixture is allowed to stir at the specified temperature for a period of time from 5 minutes to three hours. The resulting pyridyl diketone intermediate **B58** is utilized without purification in Step C.

Step C: The solution containing the pyridyl diketone **B58** is quenched with water and the pH is adjusted to between 4 and 8 utilizing an inorganic or organic acid chosen from HOAC. H₂SO₄, HCl. or HNO₅. The temperature during this step is maintained between -20 °C and room temperature. Hydrazine or hydrazine hydrate was then added to the mixture while maintaining the temperature between -20 °C and 40 °C for a period of 30 minutes to three hours. The mixture is then poured into water and sextracted with an organic solvent. The pyridyl pyrazole c-1 or c-11 is obtained as a crude solid which is purified by chromatography or crystallization.

Step: D In some cases the pyridyl pyrazole C-1 or C-11 is 30 alkylated with Q-C(R^h)-(CH2),CO₂alkyl wherein Q is halogen. C-1 or C-11 is treated with a base chosen from NaH, NaOEt, KOtBu, or NEt₃ in an organic solvent such as THF, methylene chloride, dioxane, or DMF at temperatures

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between -20 °C and 150 °C and reaction times between 30 pyrazole ester is then hydrolyzed to the acid by treament with NaOH or LiOH in aqueous/alcohol solvent mixtures or in THF/water solvent mixtures. Alternatively, the ester function is removed by treatment with an organic or Acidification, followed by extraction with an organic solvent affords C-111 which may be purified by The desired C-iii can be separated away from C-iv by The resulting alkylated pyridyl regioisomeric alkylated products C-1v are also formed. fractional In some cases, the alkyl residue is t-butyl. γq purification or chromatography or crystallography. minutes and 12 hours. inorganic acid if crystallization. chromatographic

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Step A

Step A

Step C

R2

Step C

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A synthesis of pyridylpyrazole scaffold C-1 is depicted in Scheme C-2.

Step A:

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in an extraction funnel. This solution is then added to additional 30 minutes to 1 hour at room temperature. in Step B. cold hexanes leaving the pyridyl monoketone **B61** for use are then added and the solid is filtered and washed with filtered, and evaporated to give an oily solid. Hexanes then added to the reaction and the mixture is partitioned 16-24 h. mixture is then allowed to stir at room temperature for fluorobenzoate B60 at room temperature over 1-2 h. The temperature over a time period ranging from 30 minutes to Picoline is added to a solution of LiHMDS in THF at room Equal portions of water and ethyl acetate are The resulting solution is stirred for an The organic layer is dried, neat ethyl p-

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The pyridyl monoketone **B61** is added as a solution in THF to a flask maintained at room temperature which contains t-BuOK in a THF/ t-BuOH cosolvent. A yellow precipitate forms and stirring at room temperature is continued for

20 1-3 h. After this time, N-Cbz-protected glycine N-hydroxysuccinimide B62 is added dropwise at room temperature as a solution in THF over 1-3 h. This solution, containing crude diketone B63, is used directly in Step C.

and the pH is adjusted to between 6 and 7 with acetic acid. Hydrazine hydrate is then added dropwise to the mixture as a solution in water over 30 minutes to 1h at room temperature. Water and ethyl acetate are then added to the flask and the mixture is then partitioned in a separatory funnel. The organic layer is dried, filtered, and evaported to give a crude oil which is purified by

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silica gel chromatography, giving rise to purified C-1Cbz.

Step: D

The Cbz protecting group contained in compound C-1Cbz is cleaved using hydrogen gas under pressure and Pd-C in methanol solvent. The resulting amine C-1 is obtained by filtration and concentration.

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A number of pyridyl pyrazole scaffolds of type C-v are prepared as shown in Scheme C-3.

stir from 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the solvent. After drying and removal of solvent the pyridyl monoketone **B65** is isolated as a crude solid which can be from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes The metallated picoline solution is then added to a solution of an appropriately activated ester analog of a carboxylic acid CbzNR"-(CH2) "CR"(RG)-CO2H or BocNR#-(CH2) "CRF(RG)-CO2H, preferably but not limited to the N-hydroxysuccinimide B64. The reaction is allowed to temperature may range from -20 °C to 120 °C. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH in an organic solvent such as THF, ether, t-BuOH or dioxane Step A: Picoline is treated with a base chosen from but purified by crystallization and/or chromatography. to 3 hours. 2

Step B: A solution of the pyridyl monoketone **B65** in ether, THF, tBuOH, or dioxane is added to a base chosen from but not limited to *n*-BuLi, LDA, LiHMOS, tBuOK, or NaH contained in hexane, THF, ether, dioxane, or tBuOH from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. The anion sometimes precipitates as a yellow solid. An appropriately substituted activated ester such as the N-hydroxysuccinimide **B66** is then added as a

and 50 °C. The resulting mixture is allowed to stir at the specified temperature for a period of time from ranging from 5 minutes to 3 hours. The resulting pyridyl diketone intermediate B67 is utilized without further purification in Step C.

solution in THF, ether, or dioxane to the monoketone anion while the temperature is maintained between -50 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$

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Step C: The solution containing the pyridyl diketone B67 is quenched with water and the pH is adjusted to between 4 and 8 utilizing an inorganic or organic acid chosen from HOAC, H₂SO₄, HCl, or HNO₃. The temperature during this step is maintained between -20 °C and room temperature. Hydrazine or hydrazine hydrate is then added to the mixture while maintaining the temperature between -20 °C and 40 °C for a period of 30 minutes to three hours. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. The pyridyl pyrazole C-vBoc or C-vCbz is obtained as a crude solid which is purified by chromatography or crystallization.

Step: D

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The carbamate protecting groups from C-vBoc or C-vCbz are removed to afford the scaffolds C-v containing either a free primary amine (R^H is hydrogen) or a free secondary amine (R^H not equal to hydrogen). The Boc protecting carbamate groups are cleaved utilizing 1:1 trifluoroacetic acid (TFA)/methylene chloride at room temperature for several hours. The CBZ carbamate protecting groups are cleaved using hydrogen gas under pressure and Pd-C in an alcoholic solvent. The resulting amines C-v are then optionally crystallized or purified by chromatography.

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The synthesis of scaffolds $\mathbf{C}\mathbf{-v1}$ is accomplished as shown in Scheme $\mathbf{C}\mathbf{-4}$.

Step A:

A Boc protected pyridylpyrazole **B68** is treated with benzaldehyde in methylene chloride at room temperature in the presence of a drying agent for a period of time 10 ranging from 1-24 h. Solvent is then evaporated and the resulting imine **B69** is used in step B without further purification.

Step B:

The pH is adjusted to 12 and then the mixture is extracted with an stirred under nitrogen at temperatures ranging from -78 dropwise to the mixture which is then stirred for an alklyating agent R^{F} -Q are then added to the mixture and The mixture is then quenched with acid and allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred several hours until cleavage of crystallized and/or The pyridylpyrazole imine B69 is dissolved in THF and to -20 °C. A base such as LDA, n-Buli, or LiHMDS is added additional 10 minutes to 3 h. Two-five equivalents of an organic solvent, which is dried and evaporated. the Boc and the imine functions is complete. stirring is continued for several hours. crude pyridylpyrazole is then chromatographed to give C-v1. 5 ಜ 22

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Scheme C4

N-NBoc NH2
HCOPh
R2
R3

Step A
B69
Step A
B69
Step A
B69
Step B
1) Base
Step A
B69
Step B
1) Base
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The synthesis of maleimide-containing scaffolds C-v11 is accomplished as shown in Scheme C-5.

The maleimide pyrazole scaffolds **C-vii** are synthesized as depicted in scheme C-5. Condensation reaction of a primary amine H₂N-R with a maleic anhydride **B70** that is substituted at position 3 with either a bromo, chloro, or triflate group generates compound **B71**. The formed maleimide derivative **B71** then reacts with an sectophenone derivative **B72** in the presence of a Pd(0)

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catalyst and base to afford compound 873. The methylene position of 873 is then acylated with an acid anhydride 874 or an activated acid ester 875, forming the di-ketone derivative 876. The di-ketone 876 condenses with hydrazine to afford the desired maleimide pyrazole scaffold C-v11.

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Scheme C-6 illustrates the synthesis of the maleimide pyrazole scaffold C-63 wherein R⁴ is hydrogen. The synthesis starts with the condensation reaction of bromomaleic anhydride B77 with 2, 4-dimethoxybenzylamine in acetic acid and acetic anhydride, giving rise to intermediate B78. The maleimide B78 is then treated with 4'-fluoroacetophenone in the presence of catalytic amount

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Pd₂(dba)₃ and sodium t-butoxide to form the fluoroacetophenone substituted maleimide B79. The B79 is treated with tert-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane to yield the a-ketoenamine B80. The a-ketoenamine B80 is condensed with hydrazine to form the maleimide pyrazole skeleton B81. The 2, 4-dimethoxybenzyl group protecting group is optionally removed with ceric ammonium nitrate (CAN) to give compound C-63.

Scheme C-7 illustrates the synthesis of maleimide15 containing scaffolds C-64 and C-65. These scaffolds C-49
and C-50 are synthesized according to the general methods

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illustrated in Scheme C-5 and exemplified with the utilization of N-hydroxysuccinimides B82 and B83 to afford the maleimide-containing pyrazoles B86 and B87, respectively.

Optional removal of the 2,4-dimethoxylbenzyl groups with CAN and subsequent removal of the Boc-protecting groups with trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) affords the scaffolds C-64 and C-65.

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The various functionalized resins and sequestrationenabling-reagents utilized to prepare and purify parallel reaction mixtures are more fully described below, including their commercial source or literature reference to their preparation.

4-benzyloxybenzaldehyde functionalized polystyrene. Novabiochem cat. #01-64-0182

Prepared as reported in D. L. Flynn et al, J. American Chemical Society (1997) 119, 4874-4881

B38

Methyllsocyanate functionalized polystyren Novabiochem cat. # 01-64-0169

=0 Benzenesulforylisocyanate, purchased from Aldrich Chemical Company, Cata 23,229-7

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Tetre-fluorophthalic anhydride, purchased from Aldrich Chemical Company. Cat # 33,901-6

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Experimental procedure for the parallel synthesis of a series of amides, carbamates, ureas and sulfonamides B-0001 through B-0048 from scaffold C-1.

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Examples B-0001 through B-0048

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vessels: a) 500 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the acid electrophiles was then added to the appropriate reaction stock solution of N-methylmorpholine in dimethylformamide amine C-1 in dimethylformamide (0.1 M, 500 uL) was added sulfonyl chlorides in dichloroethane. dichloroethane or d) 375 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the 313 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the isocyanates in chlorides in dichloroethane or b) 500 uL of a 0.2 M to each reaction vessel followed by the addition of a solution of the chloroformates in dichloroethane or c) (1.0 M., 200 uL). A stock solution of each of the fitted with a porous frit, closed at the bottom) of a Benchtop dimethylformamide. parallel reaction apparatus was added 200 ul of To each reaction vessel (polypropylene syringe tubes apparatus was then orbitally shaken (Labline orbital shaker) at 200 RPM at ambient A stock solution of the scaffold The parallel

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20 15 ŏ polyaldehyde resin **B32** (2.9 mmol/g resin). Each reaction The yields and analytical data for the products obtained solution phase products separated from the insoluble using this method are shown below. sulfonamide products were then weighed and characterized. and a solvent trap to condense the volatile solvent equipped with high vacuum, scalable temperature settings to dryness in a Savant apparatus (an ultracentrifuge collected. The solutions obtained were then evaporated with dichloroethane (1 mL) and the rinsings were also quenched byproducts by filtration and collected in individual conical vials. Each vessel was rinsed twice Each reaction vessel was then opened and the desired 200 RPM for a period of 14-20 h at ambient temperature. dichloroethane and the orbital shaking was continued at vessel was diluted with 1 mL dimethylformamide and 1 mL resin B33 (4.0 meq N/g resin) and approximately 100 mg of vessel was treated with approximately 250 mg of polyamine gentle flow of nitrogen. At this time each reaction temperature (23-30 °C) for a period of 2-3 h, The resulting amide, carbamate, urea and

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Example#

%Yield Calcd Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) 뚕 얾 æ Έ B-0006 B-0005 B-0007 B-0003 B-0004 Example# B-0001 B-0002

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) B-0017 B-0010 B-0012 B-0013 B-0014 B-0015 B-0009 B-0011 B-0008

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

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B-0025

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418

B-0023

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397

398

B-0022

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B-0021

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B-0020

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B-0018

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Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

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B-0037	B-0036	B-0035	B-0034	B-0033	B-0032	B-0031	B-0030	B-0029	B-0028	
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422	416	569	446	352	462	407	498	428	456	
423	417	570	447	•	463	408	499	429	457	

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Example#

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Celcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)
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Examples

Mass Spec (M+H)	
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Example#

%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

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B-0044

B-0043

B-0046

B-0045

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By analogy to the procedure identified above for the preparation of Examples B0001-B0048, the following examples B-0049 through B-1573 were prepared.

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%Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

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B-0055	B-0054	B-0053	B-0052	B-0051	B-0050	B-0049
	0					
86	92	92	79	91	9	85
505	363	407	407	426	458	414
506	364	408	408	427	459	415

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%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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%Yield Calcd. Dbserved Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) æ

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Example#

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B-0063

B-0064

B-0065

B-0061

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B-0072

B-0073 B-0074

B-0075

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B-0095	B-0094	B-0093	B-0092	B-0091	B-0090	B-0089	B-0088	8-0087	B-0086	
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408	461	436	506	368	444	336	438	416	432	
409	462	437	507	369	445	337	439	417	433	

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Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (MAH)	

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B-0084 B-0085 B-0083 B-0082 B-0081 B-0080 B-0079 B-0078 B-0077 B-0076 Ą SZ. Ą %Yield Calcd. Observed
Mass Spec (M+H) 25 9 8 Z . 75 8 92 87 2 9 462 464 382 430 370 396 447 364 382 **4**00 463 465 383 <u>&</u> 371 448 365 397 383 **4**01

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Example#

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) Æ

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"%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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B-0114	F-{}		14	453	454
B-0115	F-{}		ដ	453	
B-0116	F		#	459	487
B-0117			77	438	439
B-0118	F-		52	422	423
B-0119			83	434	435
B-0120			49	422	423
B-0121			64	414	415
B-0122		J	87	501	502
B-0123	F-		100	450	451

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Example#

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B-0113	B-0112	B-0111	B-0110	B-0109	B-0108	B-0107	B-0106	B-0105	B-0104
		F-{}							
						\$		*	
78	19	41	55	65	12	33	56	79	59
453	467	458	458	450	466	346	374	360	426
454	468	459	459	451	467	347	375	361	427

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%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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401	465	353	465	471	415	433
402	466	354		472	416	434

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"AYield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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	ĴE.				F-	F-{}-{	F-	F-{}-	}-{}-	}-{}-	}-{}-
	Example#	B-0152	B-0153	B-0154	B-0155	B-0156	B-0157	B-0158	B-0159	B-0160	B-0161

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478	418	454	440	482	430	472	466	456	448

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464	464	430	430	398	416	388	406	456	472	

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%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

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				24	77	71	79	60	100
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402	366	382	340	354	312	354	340	326	365

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83	88	82	79	94	93	69	100	95	78
362	378	326	424	354	340	354	416	352	373
363	379	327	425	355	341	355	417	353	374

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B-0227

B-0228

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0248	B-0247	B-0246	B-0245	B-0244	B-0243	B-0242	B-0241	B-0240	B-0239
			F-						
	}— \$ - CF ₅	\$-\text{\text{\text{\$\sigma}}}	}————————————————————————————————————	0=%=0	0==0	}-8	}	0=6=0	
73	100	100	100	100	87	100	100	18	ē
\$	476	452	1 2	436	456	460	476	442	442
	477	453	423	437	457	461	477	443	43

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

358

Example#

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%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0238	B-0237	B-0236	B-0235	B-0234	B-0233	B-0232	B-0231	B-0230	B-0229
	\$-\$ C-\$	S CF	}————————————————————————————————————	}	} — s — c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c			0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	01 01 01 01 01 01 01
92 92	100	1 8	89	100	99	90	100	94	100
438	476	476	486	486	476	440	460	476	476
	477	477	487,489	487,489	477	441	461	477	477

%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

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357

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/10436

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

B-0259

B-0260

B-0261

554

329

WO 98/52940

Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

B-0249	o=w=0	100	516	517,519
1 11		72	458	•
L	N S S			

517,519		428	451	473	434	548	507a	535	482
516	. 458	427	450	472	664	547	484	534	491
8	52	90	100	100	100	28	100	85	100
	0=0=0	0=0=0	0=0=0	©	0 0 0	Q 1 4 1 1 - 8		X 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 5 0=6=0
B-0249	B-0250	B-0251	B-0252	B-0253	B-0254	B-0255	B-0256	B-0257	B-0258

B-0263

B-0262

B-0265

B-0264

B-0266

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0283	B-0282	B-0281	B-0280	B-0279	B-0278	B-0277	B-0276	B-0275	B-0274
	F	F	F-{}	F-{}			F →		
-C-5-		\$ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	The state of the s	J.	° 77 , "				S Con
90	68	82	79	54	100	88	100	98	\$
458	426	458	414	440	426	408	408	422	397
459	427	459	415	441	427	409	409	423	398

Ą Ą %Yield Calcd. Observed
%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

362

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

BUSSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 30)

B-0273	B-0272	B-0271 F	B-0270 F	B-0269 F	B-0268 F	8-0267 F-
			\(\frac{\hat{G}}{G}^{CF_3}\)	7		7
100	57	98	92	84	89	100
440		428	440	386	406	386
441	499	429	441	387	407	387

%Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

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361

PCT/US98/10436

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

364

363

Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	459	459	459	459	459	407	387	441	391	409
Calcd. Mass Spec	458	458	458	458	458	406	386	440	390	408
%Yield	100	. 94	100	96	100	96	96	\$6	8	100
č	\$ CF 3	S CF3	} } }	} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				5		
%							Į.			
Example#	B-0284	B-0285	B-0286	8-0287	B-0288	B-0289	B-0290	B-0291	B-0292	B-0293

451,453 44 379 409 409 407 2 427 409 391 440 380 408 378 408 406 420 440 408 426 5 6 66 2 92 흕 5 8 8 95 B-0300 B-0301 B-0302 B-0303 B-0299 B-0296 B-0298 B-0294 B-0295 B-0297

BLESTITUTE SHEET (RULE 25)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0311	B-0310	B-0309	B-0308	B-0307	B-0306	B-0305
						Ţ,
65	61	61	60	59	69	70
356	356		35.4 368		340	326
357	367	353	369	355	341	327

Example# ٠ بو %Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

Example# 핐 Ą %Yield Mass Spec (M+H) 391 392

365

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

WO 98/52940

366

PCT/US98/10436

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

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Example#

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) . હ ខ ន æ æ Example# B-0315 B-0316 B-0318 B-0319 B-0320 B-0321 B-0317 B-0312 B-0313 B-0314

\$ ន B-0329 B-0330 B-0331 B-0328 B-0323 B-0324 B-0325 B-0326 B-0327 B-0322

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

									 	1
B-0351	B-0350	B-0349	B-0348	B-0347	B-0346	B-0345	B-0344	B-0343	B-0342	
				o={						
31	57	57	s	61	56	62	96	63	41	
355	481	403	367	34	497	507	464	430	438	
356	482	404		342	498	508	465	431	•	

Ę, Į Calcd. Observed Wass Spec (M+H)

370

PCT/US98/10436

Example#

WO 98/52940

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0341	B-0340	B-0339	B-0338	B-0337	B-0336	B-0335	B-0334	в-0333	B-0332	
			11]	1000			1 1		,
64	77	89	69	65	100	60	g	60	61	
458	492	454	502	458	500	454	502	458	442	
459	493	•	503	•	501	455	503	459	443	

%Yield Catcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

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369

PCT/US98/10436

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

371

WO 98/52940

388

397

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B-0352

372

፝ Examples

%Yield Catcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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382

383

513

B-0356 B-0355 B-0357 B-0354

405

404

23

323

411

410

88

B-0358

367

366

8

325

324

8

B-0359

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Observed

Wass Spec (M+H)

B-0360

364

365

B-0362

8

464

465

B-0363

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512

513

B-0361

8

350

351

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

BUBSITTUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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-										_
B-0379	B-0378	B-0377	B-0376	B-0375	B-0374	B-0373	B-0372	B-0371	B-0370	Example#
	F-{}	F- \}	F-\							٦,
										Ą
66	69	71	ឌ	74	75	1 00	69	88	22	%Yield
387	387	387	378	386	400	430	430	460	364	Calcd. Mass Spec
388	388	388	379	387	401	431	431	461	365	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

B-0367

7

416

417

B-0368

86

454

455

B-0366

6

35

355

B-0365

70

396 86

397

B-0364

377

378

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/10436

374

WO 98/52940

Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	417	431	383	584	439
Calcd. Mass Spec	416	430	382	583	438
%Yield	85	83	78	74	8
7 £					
gt.			}		
Example#	08£0-8	B-0381	B-0382	B-0383	B-0384

%Yeld Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) ŀ æ Example# B-0387 B-0389

BLESTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0410

8

419

420

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429

430

8-0409

74

415

416

B-0408

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339

340

B-0407

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353

354

B-0406

5

419

420

B-0405

8

395

396

B-0401	B-0400	B-0399	B-0398	B-0397	B-0396	B-0395	B-0394	B-0393	B-0392
	F-{}	F-{}							
					0=s=0	**-			
\$	82	. 99	88	81	. 86	87	82	75	100
367	482	436	428	452	360	374	402	388	440
368	483	437	429	453	361	375	403	389	441
					,				

378 %Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

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B-0404

4

379

380

B-0403

91

415

416

2

325

377

WO 98/52940

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%Yield Calcd. Observed
%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/10436

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

Mass Spac (M+H)

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Example#

B-0414

PCT/US98/10436

B-0418

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B-0417

B-0416

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B-0415

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B-0420

B-0421

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

BUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-0436

73

506

B-0434

75

496

497

B-0435

52

496

497

B-0433

8

456

457

B-0432

99

8

5

B-0431

76

479

480

B-0430

5

500

501

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

B-0446	B-0445	B-0444	B-0443	B-0442	B-0441	B-0440	B-0439	B-0438	8-0437
F{}						F-{}			
				}					
84	94	80	66	72	87	96	67	100	19
464	490	515	473	481	472	472	464	490	466
465	491	516	474	482	473	473	465	491	

381

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

382

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Observed
%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

WO 98/52940

384

PCT/US98/10436

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec

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Example#

483

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B-0457

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96

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B-0458

491

490

5

B-0459

PCT/US98/10436

%Yield Celcd. Mass Spec (M+H) љ æ

Example#

12 410 B-0447

8 B-0451 B-0448 B-0449 B-0450

55

454

497

50

491

50

495

BUESTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

WO 98/52940

383

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (FULL SS)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0476	B-0475	B-0474	B-0473	B-0472	B-0471	B-0470	B-0469	B-0468	B-0467
F{}		F-{}	F-{}	F-{}	F- \}	F-{}	F-{}	F-{}	
88	55	99	92	37	100	99	85	91	78
441	472	530	462	482	490	466	436	450	470
442	473	532	463	483	491	467	437	451	471

B-0463

8

456

457

B-0464

69

490

491

B-0465

86

490

491

78

474

475

B-0462

8

456

457

B-0461

2

452

453

Example#

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%Yield Caicd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

B-0460

93

450

451

386

Example#

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%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

385

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436 %Yield Cetcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) 514 389 200 473 268 e **6** 2 \$ æ 388 æ Example# B-0490 B-0491

269

50

474

330

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) 200 28 496 427 549 448 262 439 465 487 495 426 498 **5**48 505 268 484 486 447 <u>8</u> 9 5 72 7 2 8 8 97 æ

B-0481

B-0482

B-0483

B-0479

B-0478

B-0480

515

B-0485

B-0484

B-0486

WO 98/52940

387

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Example#

8-047

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0508	B-0507	B-0506	8-0505	B-0504	B-0503	B-0502	B-0501	B-0500	B-0499
		ÇF ₃						3	~~~ Q 2
88	82	98	68	67	92	100	100	100	98
472	440	472	428	454	440	422	422	436	411
473	441	473	429	455	441	423	423	437	412

%Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

WO 98/52940

390

PCT/US98/10436

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0497 B-0496 B-0495 B-0494 B-0493 B-0498 B-0492 6 **5** ē 6 é 8 89 2 512 442 2 ŝ 420 8 . 421 513 401 455 443 455 <u>\$</u>

Ð %Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

389

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

%Yield Celcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

455

22

8

423

22

86

B-0520

441

440

66

B-0521

605

423

423

391

Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	473	473	473	473	473	421	401	455	405	423
Calcd. Mass Spec	472	472	472	472	472	420	400	454	404	422
%Yield	100	98	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	66
Ì.	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	{	,	, to						
, Ta			The state of the							
Example#	B-0509	B-0510	B-0511	B-0512	B-0513	B-0514	B-0515	B-0516	B-0517	B-0518

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

BLESTITUTE SKEET (RULE 25)

455

465

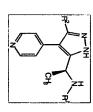
383

392 29 420 454 422 422 \$ 휹 8 5 5 ş 5 8 B-0526 B-0527 B-0524 B-0525 B-0523 B-0522

421

. <u>.</u> .						
9c50-8	B-0535	B-0534	B-0533	B-0532	B-0531	B-0530
}	F-{}		F{}	F-{}		F-{}
			J	7		
41	100	100	56	37	66	67
324	410	366	404	352	512	382
325	411	367	405	353	513	383

Example# Ð, ъį. %Yield Mass Spec (M+H)



WO 98/52940

393

WO 98/52940

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Observed
%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

2

405

406

PCT/US98/10436

394

PCT/US98/10436

364	350	464	512	377	396	354	416	454	440
100	29	02	90	61	61	69	45	100	44
				F-{}-		}-{}-		}	
B-0537	B-0538	B-0539	B-0540	B-0541	B-0542	B-0543	B-0544	B-0545	B-0546

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

388

387

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B-0556

88

387

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B-0555

388

387

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B-0554

379

378

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B-0553

387

386

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B-0552

401

400

2

8-0551

B-0550 B-0548 B-0549

431

430

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£3

430

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B-0547

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Exemple#

%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

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Examplet

%Yield Catcd Observed %Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

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2

365

364

461

460

88

B-0568	B-0566 B-0567		B-0565		B-0563	B-0562
	F-{}	F-{}				
\$			7	* *		
45	99	76	100	47	89	88
414	414 458		448	388	422	440
415	459	437	449	389	423	441

	Example#
	7 2
-°	3 7
	%Yield
	Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

Σį %Yield Caicd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

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397

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

398

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

B-0580

B-0581

B-0582

B-0583

B-0584

WO 98/52940

Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
Calcd. Mass Spec
%Yield
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Catcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)	
Calcd. Mass Spe	
%Yield	
J.	_
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Example#	

	389	403	375	361	453	429	437	483	368
440	388	402	374	360	452	428	436	482	367
88	61	58	75	22	97	п	88	22	68
					}				
B-0569	B-0570	B-0571	8-0572	B-0573	B-0574	B-0575	B-0576	B-0577	B-0578

B-0588

B-0585

B-0586

B-0587

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0598	B-0597	9650-B	B-0595	B-0594	B-0593	B-0592	B-0591	B-0590	B-0589
			F-{}				F-{}		
8	40	93	99	100	88	82	72	82	78
353	381	431	419	429	429	401	429	367	365
354	382	432	420	430	430	402	430	368	366

B-0605

87

379

380

379

380

73

368

369

B-0604

B-0603

8

354

355

B-0602

25

368

369

B-0601

8

366

367

B-0600

98

8

407

Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

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401

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

WO 98/52940

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H)

402

B-0599

6

61

462

PCT/US98/10436

458 496 206 200 479 20 496 8 8 5 92 69 8 B-0610 B-0612 B-0613 B-0611 B-0609 B-0607 B-0608

457

497

497

50

	491	465	473	473	482	474	516	491	
466	490	464	472	472	481	473	515	490	
18	100	п	83	88	11	68	89	0.4	
									(
F-{}-		F-{\}-	F-{}-{				}-{}-	}	
B-0614	B-0615	B-0616	B-0617	B-0618	B-0619	B-0620	B-0621	B-0622	

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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403

PCT/US98/10436

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Example#

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

8

465

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (PLUE 29)

Example#

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%Yield Catcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

B-0624

8

470

471

B-0625

98

490

491

B-0626

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474

475

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0632

8

500

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B-0633

85

494

495

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 96)

B-0631

75

500

501

B-0630

8

490

491

B-0629

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496

497

B-0628

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454

455

B-0627

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447

448

B-0636	B-0635	B-0634	Example#
	F-{}		až.
			Ą
100	95	63	%Yield
490	490	482	Calcd. Mass Spec
491	491	483	Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

406

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%Yield Catcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

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Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
Calcd. Mass Spec
%Yield
čc
Ît.
Example#

(M+H)	451	437	457	457	491	491	475
	450	436	456	456	490	490	414
	9	96	100	100	88	66	85
			ir-{}				
	B-0637	B-0638	B-0639	B-0640	B-0641	B-0642	B-0643

19

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B-0648

55

B-0645

B-0647

B-0650

B-0649

B-0651

B-0652

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE BG)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE BB)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 25)

B-0663	B-0662	B-0661	B-0660	B-0659	B-0658	B-0657	B-0656	B-0655	B-0654
	}	}	F						
	1		COH	HAY		HAYA			
74	98	100	80	46	92	85	98	100	92
426	495	568	505	548	498	561	447	486	464
427	496	569	506	549	499	562	448	487	465

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%Yield
Calcd. Mass Spec
Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

409

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

410

Example#

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%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

B-0664

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389

390

B-0666

93

500

501

B-0667

2

473

474

66

514

515

B-0665

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568

569

%Yield Catcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

412

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437

436

%Yield Calcd Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

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'n.

Example#

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512 442 454 40 8 454 420 9 8 45 4 65 45 43 B-0674 B-0672 B-0673 B-0675 B-0669 B-0670 B-0671

455

40

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

8 æ 46 37 8 B-0680 B-0679 B-0677 B-0678 B-0676

423

422

423

455

44

440

421

B-0681

B-0682

B-0683

513

443

455

473

472

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428

428

37

455

454

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B-0684

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B-0685

473

472

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-0705	B-0704	B-0703	B-0702	B-0701	B-0700	B-0699	B-0698	B-0697	B-0696
	 	F-{}	F-{}	F-					
	640 Ct.						} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
ដ	44	57	43	46	47	46	59	51	57
392	454	484	420	422	422	404	440	422	454
393	455	465	421	423	423	405	441	423	455

WO 98/52940 414

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						1
B-0695	B-0694	B-0693	8-0692	B-0691	B-0690	B-0689	B-0688	B-0687	B-0686	Example#
{- √}-₁				F-{}			F-{}			72
	* 6					}	}-\(\frac{1}{4}\)\(\frac{1}{4}\)\(\frac{1}{4}\)	} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Ą
43	38	56	41	52	34	42	52	57	66	%Yield
422	404	454	400	420	472	472	472	472	472	Calcd. Mass Spec
423	405	455	401	421	473	473	473	473	473	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

413

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

46 405 32

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) Έ

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Example#

217

499

				L
516	498	464	524	
76	61	37	76	
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	F-{\}-{		}-{\}-j	
B-0707	B-0708	B-0709	B-0710	

513

512

22

B-0711

535

534

16

B-0712

491

490

42

B-0713

525

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

PCT/US98/10436

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0733	B-0732	B-0731	B-0730	B-0729	B-0728	B-0727	B-0726	B-0725	B-0724	Example#
		\\\		F			F- \			7.
			ZZ O					5	NH 2	ą.
81	86	00	76	38	89	67	24	8	75	%Yield
505	495	491	415	429	495	471	456	491	401	Calcd. Mass Spec
506	496	492	416	430	496	472	456	492	402	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

WO 98/52940 418

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0723	B-0722	B-0721	B-0720	B-0719	B-0718	B-0717	B-0716	B-0715	B-0714
		F-\\	├	F	F—————————————————————————————————————	F-{}		F- \}	
					*				
68	88	8	69	84	65	61	59	60	87
443	558	512	504	528	436	450	478	464	516
444	559	513	505	529	437	451	479	465	517

ΣĮ %Yield Calcd. Observed
Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

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417

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/10436

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

Calcd. Observed *Yield - Mass Spec (M+H)

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Examples

419

WO 98/52940

442

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B-0734

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443

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B-0735

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B-0736

PCT/US98/10436

45 238 431 456 456 483 443 445 44 537 485 442 44 430 455 455 2 23 홍 <u>5</u> 7. 8 2 8 8 B-0748 B-0749 B-0750 B-0744 B-0745 B-0746 B-0747 B-0751

200

505

84

B-0738

477

B-0737

498

495

82

B-0740

909

505

82

B-0739

208

507

88

B-0741

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

430

429

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B-0743

457

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B-0742

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0768	B-0767	8-0766	B-0765	B-0764	B-0763	B-0762	B-0761	B-0760	B-0759
		F-{}					F		F
78	43	67	75	43	75	60	50	53	79
443	658	512	504	528	436	450	478	464	516
444	559	513	505	529	437	451	479	465	517

핀 %Yield Calcd. Observed %Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

Example# Ę

422

PCT/US98/10436

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-0758	8-0757	B-0756	B-0755	B-0754	B-0753	B-0752	Example#
				-			P <u>.</u>
0=s=0				\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			ą
36	57	77	85	31	67	84	%Yield
490	534	512	524	464	498	516	Calcd. Mass Spec
491	535	513	525	465	499	517	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

421

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

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%

Example#

454

WO 98/52940

423

Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	402	492	456	472	496	430	416	492	496	909
Calcd. Mass Spec	401	491	455	471	495	624	415	491	495	505
%Yield	. 9/	29	14	22	100	. 41	16	28	06	19
ČE .	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5					O ZI			
Œ	F-{}	r-{}-{					F-	}	}-{-}-	
Example#	B-0769	B-0770	B-0771	B-0772	B-0773	B-0774	B-0775	B-0776	B-0777	B-0778

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H) 458 430 478 909 909 442 **₹** 206 496 208 204 429 505 495 457 505 443 505 477 1 15 8 21 ള 6 40 8 66 8 £ B-0788 B-0786 B-0787 B-0763 B-0784 B-0785 B-0782

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

PCT/US98/10436

425

100 ន 2 8 76 455 455 **&** 444 442 456 456 431 445 443

B-0793

B-0794

B-0796

2

44

445

B-0802

8

486

487

89

8

<u>\$</u>

B-0801

8

442

443

B-0800

92

480

481

B-0799

83

428

429

B-0798

8

588

589

B-0795

B-0791

B-0792

B-0790

83

482

483

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

B-0797

8

458

459

B-0789

9

537

538

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

WO 98/52940

426

PCT/US98/10436

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

Example#

B-0805 B-0804

B-0806

B-0807

. 53

B-0820 B-0819

B-0809

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B-0808

B-0810

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

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B-0812

B-0811

B-0813

Example#

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%Yield Celcd. Observed

Mass Spec (M+H)

B-0824

8

492

493

B-0825

6

506

507

B-0826

97

458

459

B-0827

6

659

660

97

514

515

429

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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B-0835	B-0834	B-0833	B-0832	B-0831	B-830	B-0829
		F-{	F-\ \ \}	F=-	iF-	{-{}-
	J. J.		Ī		J	
Ch	79	73	81	100	70	63
400	486	442	480	428	588	458
401	487	443	481	429	589	459

Example# Ą %Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

PCT/US98/10436

430

B-0855

B-0854

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

432

WO 98/52940

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) æ Έ

Examples

440 B-0844 B-0841 B-0842 B-0843 B-0840 B-0836 B-0839 B-0837 B-0838

477 463 455 \$ 204 20 537 441 4 20 476 454 536 87 B-0853 B-0852 B-0849 B-0850 B-0851 B-0848 B-0846 B-0847

B-0845

88

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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535

536

B-0866

8

421

422

B-0865

62

395

B-0864

86

437

438

B-0863

69

423

424

B-0862

96

475

476

2

583

58 4

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0860 B-0859 B-0856 B-0858 B-0857 506 492 515 507 493 459 8

Example#

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"Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

NHCH₃

%Vield Calcd. Observed

**Wield Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

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433

PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/10436

434

WO 98/52940

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H) à

432	512		491
431	511	410	490
- 6	85	68	2
0=0=0		NI N	
		}-{\}-	
B-0878	B-0879	B-0880	B-0881

426

425

8

B-0870

448

448

5

B-0869

488

487

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B-0871

205

50

78

B-0872

471

78

B-0873

B-0874

472 476 459

B-0875

533

532

8

B-0884

425

454

82

B-0883

501

8

8

B-0882

B-0877 B-0876

208

200

8

446

445

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

PCT/US98/10436

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H)

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Examples

435

WO 98/52940

284

583

B-0868

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
8-0901	B-0900	B-0899	B-0898	B-0897	B-0896	B-0895	B-0894	B-0893	B-0892
	F-{}						F		
43	62	70	79	80	62	76	100	95	62
445	507	458	475	471	501	487	425	448	583
446	508	459	476	472	502	488	426	449	584

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

438

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0891	B-0890	B-0889	B-0888	B-0887	B-0886	B-0885
	F					
		*				
43	91	93	82	29	97	51
535	395		437	423	475	583
536	422 536		438	424	•	•

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Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

437

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

439

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) 432 41 425 833 **49** . 512 50 454 532 431 511 410 490 8 8 흄 92 83 69 8 B æ **"**E 9060-G B-0908 Example# B-0902 B-0904 B-0905 B-0907 B-0903

Example#

B-0909

B-0910

B-0911

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) 322 495 543 435 383 397 381 380 382 354 542 434 386 494 5 \$ 16 92 86 8 8 æ ~ B-0913 B-0912 B-0914 B-0915

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-0925	B-0924	B-0923	B-0922	B-0921	B-0920	B-0919	B-0918	B-0917	B-0916
	}	F							

64	70	76	81	44	99	91	68	79	28
404	466	417	16	430	460	446	384	407	542
405	467	418	435	431	461	447	385	408	543

B-0931

4

383

38<u>4</u>

B-0932

2

491

492

B-0930

4

459

460

B-0929

100

449

450

B-0928

53

369

370

B-0927

89

470

471

ą %Yield Calcd. Observed
%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

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441

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

442

PCT/US98/10436

B-0926

47

390

PCT/US98/10436

443

WO 98/52940

WO 98/52940

777

%Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec (M+H) æ "± Example#

398

%Yield Catcd Mass Mass Spec (M+H)

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Example#

448

447

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B-0933

430

429

\$

B-0934

486

485

33

B-0935

479

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B-0936

442

474

484

493

55

B-0942

B-0944 B-0943

474

473

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430

429

82

B-0945 B-0946

B-0947

480

479

22

B-0938

368

367

8

B-0937

416

415

9.

B-0939

8-0948

432

찬

8

426

425

8

8

459

8

B-0949

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

474

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8

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-0969	8-0968	B-0967	B-0966	B-0965	B-0964	B-0963	B-0962	B-0961	B-0960
					F-{}				
									FQ.
π	100	100	76	90	38	83	100	100	98
477	477	443	443	411	429	401	419	469	485
478	478	444	444	412	430	402	420	470	486

Ą	
Ą	446
%Yield	
Calcd. Mass Spec	
Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	

Example#

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-0959	B-0958	8-0957	B-0956	B-0955	8-0954	B-0953	B-0952	B-0951	B-0950
							F-		
				-Ţ				H.O	
ಚ	86	93	66	39	62	67	61	100	64
451	365	429	429	461	431	425	469	469	419
452	366	430	430	462	432	426	470	470	420

Ą %Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec Spec (M+H)

Example#

PCT/US98/10436

445

WO 98/52940

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/1Q436

BUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	462	470	480	486	444	496	454	468	432	492
	Calcd. Mass Spec	461	469	479	485	443	495	453	467	431	491
	%Yield	38	92	86	96	74	100	0.2	100	91	2
447	æ							47			
	" .									}-{}-	
	Ехетріе#	B-0970	8-0971	B-0972	B-0973	8-0974	B-0975	B-0976	B-0977	B-0978	B-0979

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Spec (M+H)

470

469 . S

B-0980

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Example#

B-0996	B-0995	B-0994	B-0993	B-0992	B-0991	B-0990	B-0989	8860-B
65	76	100	81	79	86	68	88 88	91
454	416	354	396	377	512	464	350	364
455	417	355	397	378	613	465	351	365

B-0986 B-0985 B-0984 B-0983 B-0982 B-0981 %Yield Cated. Observed
Mass Spec (M+H) 2 8 2 쁁 2 82 78 324 10 366 512 382 \$ 352 325 2 367 383 405 353 513

449

WO 98/52940

Example#

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WO 98/52940

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Observed
%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

450

PCT/US98/10436

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PCT/US98/10436

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	ਜ	F	*	*		Ψ,	4
	387	387	416	430	382	583	438
	08	25	25	25	81	99	69
	B-1006	B-1007	B-1008	B-1009	B-1010	B-1011	B-1012
•							-

PCT/US98/10436

451

WO 98/52940

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

Examples

387 379 365 4 461 5 431 5 388 **4** 460 430 400 386 378 364 430 387 2 2 79 82 8 87 64 B-1000 B-1001 B-1002 B-1003 B-1004 B-1005 B-0997 B-0998 B-0999

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1029	B-1028	B-1027	8-1026	B-1025	B-1024	B-1023	B-1022	B-1021	B-1020
	F-				F-{}	F-{}		F- -	F-{}
TZ.								\\ 	
88	100	98	95	100	73	76	74	100	100
367	482	436	428	452	360	374	4 02	388	440
368	483	437	429	453	361	375	483	389	441

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1019	B-1018	B-1017	B-1016	B-1015	B-1014	B-1013
	F-	F-		F-\{	F-	F S
\$						
41	82	63	7.4	47	61	53
414	458	436	448	388	422	440
415	459	437	449	389	423	441

453

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spac (M+H)

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

454

PCT/US98/10436

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec Spec (M+H)

WO 98/52940

B-1049

PCT/US98/10436

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	Observed Mess Spec (M+H)	366	368	430	402	430	430	420	432	
	Calcd. Mass Spec	365	367	428	401	429	429	419	431	
	%Yield	91	88	7.8	62	93	100	76	100	
957	æ				II/					1
	Œ									
	Example#	B-1040	B-1041	B-1042	B-1043	B-1044	B-1045	B-1046	B-1047	
•										

B-1032

B-1031

B-1033

B-1034

B-1035

B-1036

8-1037

B-1038

B-1039

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

PCT/US98/10436

%Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec Spec (M+H)

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Example#

B-1030

WO 98/52940

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-1064	B-1063	B-1062	B-1061	B-1060	B-1059	B-1058
}	[F-{}	F-{}	F-{}	F-{}	F-{}	i -
8	0=0=0	0=0=0	2 8 0 CO	in the second se		
83	63	58	96	37	77	35
506	496	496	456	500	479	500
•	497	497	457	501	480	501

Example# ᆪ Ą %Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec (M+H)

B-1057 8-1056 B-1055 B-1054 B-1053 B-1052 B-1051 B-1050 8 8. ē 85 98 2 83 မွ 368 379 379 354 368 366 406 461 369 380 380 355 462 367 407

%Yleid Calcd. Mass Mass Spec
Spec (M+H)

Example#

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PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

458

WO 98/52940

%Yield Calcd Mass Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

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Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	•	491	465	473	473	482	474	516	491	465
Calcd. Mass Spec	466	490	464	472 .	472	481	473	515	490	464
%Yield	24	100	74	79	26	54	29	36	100	100
æ	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0									
E .					r-{}-{	F-{}-{	}-{\}-	F-		
Example#	B-1065	B-1066	B-1067	B-1068	B-1069	B-1070	B-1071	B-1072	B-1073	B-1074

B-1082 B-1083 B-1081 B-1084 B-1078 B-1079 B-1080 B-1075 B-1076 B-1077

WO 98/52940

BUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 29)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1094	B-1093	B-1092	B-1091	B-1090	B-1089	B-1088
} ←	}					F{}
100	100	86	100	100	100	97
474	490	490	456	456	436	450
475	491	491	457	457	437	451

Example#

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%Yiaid Calcd. Mass Mass Spec (M+H)

%Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

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PCT/US98/10436

461

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

%Yield Calcd Mass Mass Spec Spec (M+H)

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Example#

, Calcd. Mass Mass Spec Spec (M+H)

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Example#

471

470

B-1095

451

450

2

B-1096

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

463

WO 98/52940

465	487	448	562	499	549	909	999	496	427
464	486	447	561	498	548	505	999	495	426
180	16	8	ß	100	273	96	100	90	73
		Q							
B-1105	B-1106	B-1107	B-1108	B-1109	B-1110	B-1111	B-1112	B-1113	B-1114

491

490

6

B-1099

482

41

B-1100

467

466

8

B-1098

437

436

9

B-1097

463

462

64

B-1101

23

230

8

B-1102

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 286)

442

<u>‡</u>

8

B-1104

472

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B-1103

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1126	8-1125	B-1124	8-1123	B-1122	B-1121	B-1120
		F-{}				
			3 4 C CF 3		, ~ O o.	, t
85	50	91	100	90	86	22
454	512	442	454	400	420	400
455	513	443	455	401	421	401

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%Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec (M+H)

B-1118

B-1119

B-1117

B-1116

WO 98/52940

466

465

WO 98/52940

Example#

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PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/10436

Observed %Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Spec (M+H)

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Example#

473

472

5

B-1139

473

472

85

B-1140

473

472

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B-1138

473

472

B-1137

421

450

8

B-1142

473

472

8

B-1141

104

8

8

B-1143

455

454

84

B-1144

405

404

8

423

423

8

B-1146

WO 98/52940

	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
	Calcd. Mass Spec
	%Yleid
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Example#

								,	
412	437	423	423	441	455	429	473	441	473
411	436	422	23	440	454	428	472	440	472
83	87	78	86	84	"	62	91	85	83
NO Y		1	1	3 X X X		**************************************	3		-Co-2
			T						
B-1127	B-1128	B-1128	B-1130	B-1131	B-1132	B-1133	B-1134	B-1135	B-1136

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

PCT/US98/10436

B-1156

B-1155

5

B-1154

PCT/US98/10436

Ð %Yield Calcd, Mass Observed Spec (M+H)

Example#

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WO 98/52940

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%Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec (M+H)

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PCT/US98/10436

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) <u>}</u> æ Examples

B-1162 B-1163 B-1164 1911-8

Έ Example#

B-1167

B-1168

B-1169

8-1170

B-1171

B-1172

B-1173

B-1174

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B-1166

B-1165

F

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H)

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

Example#

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%Yield Calcd. Observed
%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

B-1178 B-1176 B-1175 B-1184 B-1183 B-1182 B-1181 B-1180 B-1179 B-1177 5 83 74 66 75 57 90 2 8 76 40 <u>\$</u> <u>\$</u> 392 **4**00 44 4 4 474 378 379 402 200 202 393 401 415 445 445 475

B-1189

60

452

453

B-1188

76

597

598

B-1187

74

396

397

B-1186

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445

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

B-1185

8

430

431

Example#

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%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	455	437	403	463	451	473	429
Calcd. Mass Spec	454	436	402	462	450	472	428
%Yield	4	47	50	62	49	19	75
ĞE.			\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				
æ	ir			F-		} <u></u>	}
Example#	B-1190	B-1191	B-1192	B-1193	B-1194	B-1195	B-1196

382 443 497 451 375 467 403 417 389 455 381 420 442 496 374 466 416 388 402 454 흄 6 8 9 5 25 45 2 67 4 B-1206 B-1204 B-1205 B-1203 B-1200 8-1201 B-1202 B-1199 B-1197 **B-1198**

WO 98/52940

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

PCT/US98/10436

476

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Example#

WO 98/52940

475

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (FULLE 26)

Į		1								<u> </u>	
	16	65	68	78	83	100	35	69	90	100	%Yield
-	443	433	429	353	367	433	409	393	429	339	Calcd. Mass Spec
	444	434	430	354	368	434	410	394	430	340	Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
		<u> </u>	<u></u>								•
				<u> </u>							
-	B-1226	B-1225	B-1224	B-1223	B-1222	B-1221	8-1220	B-1219	B-1218	B-1217	Example#
	[17]	7	1 70	7	7	٦	T T	T	7	T]

B-1212

B-1214

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395

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367

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433

434

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443

444

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443

44

B-1216

8-1215

B-1213

B-1211

B-1210

477

PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/J0436

478

WO 98/52940

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Catcd. Observed %Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

74

443

444

381

38 28

379

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67

415

416

WO 98/52940

Example#

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B-1208

B-1209

B-1207

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H) 511 515 171 511 484 510 514 510 220 514 493 410 8 5 7 E 23 2 2 æ `***** B-1240 Example# B-1239 B-1241 B-1237 B-1238 B-1235 B-1236

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

									
B-1261	B-1260	B-1259	B-1258	B-1257	B-1256	B-1255	B-1254	B-1253	B-1252
			F-{}	F-		F-{}	F-	F	
							 - -		
98	82	95	100	63	79	96	100	59	98
508	514	514	504	510	468	461	488	504	484
509	515	515	505	511	469		489	505	485

观 Ę %Yield Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

482

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1251	B-1250	B-1249	B-1248	B-1247	B-1246	B-1245	B-1244	B-1243	B-1242
									\$ C
58	56	ಜ	61	ಚಿ	56	100	8	8	8
478	504	529	487	495	486	486	478	504	480
479	505	530	488	496	487	487	479		481

ᅰ Observed

Calcd. Mass Spec

Wield Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

PCT/US98/10436

481

WO 98/52940

Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	465	451	471	471	505	202	489
Calcd. Mass Spec	464	. 466	470	470	504	504	488
%Yield	100	79	100	18	8	001	- %
Čt.							
jt.							
Example#	B-1265	B-1266	B-1267	B-1268	B-1269	B-1270	B-1271

PCT/US98/10436

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

483

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%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

505 497 496

202

B-1263 B-1264

B-1262

Example#

WO 98/52940

B-1291	B-1290	B-1289	B-1288	B-1287	B-1286	B-1285	B-1284	B-1283	B-1282
			F	F-	F-\	F{}	F{}		
ο = ο Ζ Ζ				XX		Hayo			
91	100	η	100	79	87	65	58	58	100
440	509	582	519	562	512	575	461	500	478
441	510	583	520	563	513	576	462	501	479

Example#	
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Ą	
%Yield	
Calcd. Mass Spec	
Observed Mass Spec ac (M+H)	

WO 98/52940

485

Example#

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%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

B-1272

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485

B-1275

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48

481

B-1279

8

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545 5

B-1280

68

486

B-1281

88

455

456

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1278

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476

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B-1277

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496

511

B-1276

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B-1274

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451

B-1273

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465

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/10436

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98/52940	
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487

•				
404	583	515	•	529
403	582	514	487	628
35	73	49	48	92
0 = 0	HOP			
				}-{}-
B-1292	B-1293	B-1294	B-1295	B-1296
		F	F	F

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H) £ 425 448 453 431 445 473 410 454 444 472 447 452 479 5 22 7 99 7 65 8 æ å Example# B-1303 B-1300 B-1301 B-1302 B-1298 B-1299 B-1297

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

					m		ŗ.
B-1320	B-1319	B-1318	B-1317	B-1316	B-1315	B-1314	Example#
}	}		F-	F-\\	F-{}		20,
			The state of the s		<u>J</u> .		ą
59	23	31	100	75	57	69	%Yield
512	464	450	461	393	450	444	Calcd. Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
513	465	451	462	394	451	445	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1313	B-1312	B-1311	B-1310	B-1309	B-1308	B-1307	B-1306	B-1305	8-1304 F
					Ý) ,				
67	14	45	26	100	180	100	8	N	=
450	507	397	430	448	58	522	433	424	430
451	508	398	431	449	509	523	434		431

Ą Caicd. Observed

**Caicd. Mass Spec

**Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

489

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PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/10436

490

WO 98/52940

491

Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	415	435	415	469	457	527	469
Calcd. Mass Spec	414	434	414	468	456	526	468
%Yield	63	45	53	32	45	05	55
æ	المركب المراجعة المرا	امرکی	٠	{ Cor,		734	
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Example#	B-1321	B-1322	B-1323	B-1324	B-1325	B-1326	B-1327

Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	426	451	437	437	455	469	443	487	455	487
Calcd. Nass Spec	425	450	436	436	454	468	442	486	454	486
%Yield	58	67	69	45	81	23	53	. 18	69	19
Te	No. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10		المراجعة المادية	1	المحركة المحردة المحرد	5 <u>-</u>	Ž			\$ Co.
ČE					Š					
Example#	B-1328	B-1329	B-1330	B-1331	B-1332	B-1333	B-1334	B-1335	B-1336	B-1337

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

WO 98/52940

B-1357	B-1356	B-1355	B-1354	B-1353	B-1352	B-1351	B-1350	B-1349	B-1348
	 -	F-{}	F-{}	F-{}	F-{}				
	\$ 0°5								
36	50	77	58	86	77	54	73	68	39
406	468	478	\$	436	436	418	454	436	468
407	469	479	435	437	437	419	455	437	469

Example# ą, ą %Yield Calcd. Observed %Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

494

PCT/US98/10436

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-1347	B-1346	B-1345	B-1344	B-1343	B-1342	B-1341	B-1340	B-1339	B-1338
		F			}				
					B.	Z CF 3		} _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _	
67	40	å	52	72	51	55	49	61	39
436	418	468	414	434	486	486	486	486	486
437	419	469	415	435	487	487	487	487	487

₹ Ą %Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

Example#

493

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Example#

B-1358

%Yield Calcd Mass Mass Spec Spec (M+H)

553	445	383	407	365	391	909
552	444	392	406	364	390	504
98	"	100	85	100	66	92
	, , , ,	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		34	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
			F-		}-{\}-	
B-1359	B-1360	B-1361	B-1362	B-1363	B-1364	B-1365

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

PCT/US98/10436

B-1382	B-1381	B-1380	B-1379	B-1378	B-1377	B-1376
	F-\{\}					
	J _{NH}			_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		7
58	84	89	93	95	100	87
501	393	469	459	379	480	400
502	394	470	460	380	481	401

%Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec Spec (M+H)

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498

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1376	B-1374	B-1373	B-1372	B-1371	B-1370	B-1369	B-1368	B-1367	B-1366	
		F		F		F-				
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	77(s=0	Z	ر المحرد				\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	700	Š	
22	8	£3	108	77	100	100	86	100	18	
414	476	427	444	440	470	456	394	417	552	
415	477	428	445	441	471	457	395	418	553	

%Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec (M+H)

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497

PCT/US98/10436

Calcd. Mass Mass Spec Spec (M+H)

%Yield

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Example#

80

Mass Spec (M+H)	417	433	427	428	428	505	481
Calcd. Mass Spec	416	432	426	124	427	504	460
%Yield	98	26	59	209	12	99	48
ĘE			ر کی	() O	N 0 2 1	ار کی ا	مر کسکی
፟፝፞፞፞፞፞፞ቘ			F-	}		}	}
Example#	B-1383	B-1384	B-1385	B-1386	B-1387	B-1388	B-1389

452 485 441 461 505 445 461 495 457 452 440 460 \$ 451 8 460 44 49 456 451 20 65 2 28 4 20 4 \$ 4 B-1398 B-1399 B-1395 B-1396 B-1397 8-1392 B-1393 B-1394 B-1390 B-1391

B-1409

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1408

B-1407

B-1406

B-1405

B-1404

8-1403

B-1402

B-1419	B-1418	B-1417	B-1416	B-1415	B-1414	B-1413	B-1412	B-1411	B-1410
		F-{}							
		ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ	7, 3	\(\frac{1}{2} \)	7,6		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		و کی ا
39	49	57	48	48	68	75	74	19	42
494	494	494	494	462	462	494	462	462	512
495	495	495	495	463	463	495	463	463	513

8 73 57 7 2 8 76 ន 512 512 512 440 512 512 512 445 462 462 513 513 513 513 **2** 513 513 446 **4**63 **4**63

WO 98/52940

Example#

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%Yield Catcd. Mass Mass Spec (M+H)

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%Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec (M+H)

502

PCT/US98/10436

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	443	429	430	463	467	482	205
Calcd. Mass Spec	442	428	429	462	466	481	504
%Yield	61	89	12	74	88	75	11
Ťc	\$	0=5=0	0=9=0		0 0 0 0 0	1 - 1 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -	
ČE :			}-{-}-	}—{}		r-{}-{	
Example#	B-1430	B-1431	B-1432	B-1433	B-1434	B-1435	B-1436

B-1423

B-1422

B-1421

B-1424

B-1425

B-1426

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 283)

B-1429

B-1428

B-1427

Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

Calcd. Mass Spec

%Yield

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Example#

B-1420

PCT/US98/10436

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

Γ		_								1
B-1456	B-1455	B-1454	B-1453	B-1452	B-1451	B-1450	B-1449	B-1448	B-1447	
	F{}	F-{}	F-	F						
0.000	Out S	S F	}————————————————————————————————————	}		O D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	}		02500	
78	83	81	73	76	7.4	8	82	76	73	
498	498	498	530	530	530	530	530	530	506	
499	499	499	531	531	531	531	531	531	507	

Example#	
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꾸	
%Yield	
Calcd. Mass Spec	
Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	

506

PCT/US98/10436

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1446	B-1445	B-1444	B-1443	B-1442	B-1441	B-1440	B-1439	B-1438	B-1437	
F				F-{}				F-		
7 020=0	0 = 0 C				1-1-750				Y S S	
70	74	75	28	79	8	S.	70	78	8	
570	526	522	513	555	608	535	545	502	468	
571	527	523	514	556		536	546	503	469	

%Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec Spec (M+H)

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Example#

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505

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

488

487

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53

230

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88	
2	

208

PCT/US98/10436

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Spec (M+H)

531

530

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477

476

79

488

487

72

18

480

98/52940		
WO 98/52940		

PCT/US98/10436

507

WO 98/52940

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Example#

, 7	0=0=0	0.00	7	1 8 - 3 8 - 3	0 %	08-3	0=6=0		0 4		
Tec -		F \\	F			}-{					
Example#	B-1467	B-1468	B-1469	B-1470	B-1471	B-1472	B-1473	B-1474	B-1475	B-1476	
						-					
									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1
Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	497	541	417	531	488	£2	547	481	497	541	
Calcd. Mass Spec	496	540	476	230	487	540	546	480	496	540	
%Yleid	74	. 28	98	78	82	71	78	88	28	80	

B-1462

B-1460

B-1461

B-1459

B-1458

B-1463

B-1464

B-1465

B-1466

2

540

22

497

496

74

477

476

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-1484	B-1483	B-1482	B-1481	B-1480	B-1479	B-1478
				JQ.		
82	74	77	18	87	41	87
422	406	427	416	451	504	394
423	407	428	417	452	505	395

Example# æ, %Yield Calcd. Observed

Mass Spec (M+H)

Example# B-1477 꾸 %Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec (M+H) 79 546 547

PCT/US98/10436

509

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510

PCT/US98/1Q436

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B-1503

B-1502

B-1504

PCT/US98/10436

Example#

WO 98/52940

%Yield Mass Spec (M+H) -**"**

B-1485

B-1486 B-1487

B-1489 B-1488

B-1499

B-1498

B-1500

B-1501

B-1490 B-1491

B-1492 B-1493 B-1494

BUBSITIUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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Example#

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Mass Spec (M+H)

B-1495

B-1496

B-1497

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (PULE 26)

B-1524	B-1523	B-1522	B-1521	B-1520	B-1519	B-1518	B-1517	B-1516	B-1515	Example#
										٦,
TO					>=	©==				꾸
81	59	ಸ	88	8	50	33	92	27	68	%Yield
459	459	405	509	435	393	379	466	429	496	Calcd. Mass Spec
460	460	48	510	436	394	380	467	430	497	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-1514	B-1513	B-1512	B-1511	B-1510	B-1509	B-1508	B-1507	B-1506	B-1505
42	44	50	30	62	56	65	70	69	69
530	540	476	468	400	414	480	496	462	540
S31	541	477	469	4 01	415	481	497	463	541

513

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

514

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

Example#

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%Yield Mass Spec (M+H)

516

444

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468

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422

74

B-1531

439

438

89

B-1532

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RUE 28)

420

Caicd. Mass Observed Spec (M+H)

%Yield

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Examples

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PCT/US98/10436

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Example#

%Yield Calcd. Mass Spec (M+H) 419 2

B-1525

515

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1552	B-1551	B-1550	B-1549	B-1548	B-1547	B-1546	B-1545	B-1544	B-1543	Exampled
						p				Ð,
Qr ,										꾸
23	55	37	67	83	58	76	#	76	82	%Yield
434	420	424	410	406	448	394	476	460	476	Calcd. Mass Spec
435	421	425	411	407	449	395	477	461	477	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)

Example# P,

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-1542	B-1541	B-1540	B-1539	B-1538	B-1537	B-1536	B-1535	B-1534	B-1533	
									5	
68	71	71	85	7.4	86	73	78	73	28	
442	433	380	478	478	460	443	408	422	476	
443	434	381	479	479	461	444	409	423	477	

%Yield Calcd. Mass Hass Spec Spec (M+H)

PCT/US98/10436

517

WO 98/52940

518

PCT/US98/10436

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

Observed Mass Spec (M+H)	513	446	483	396	410	452	526	422	476	476
Calcd, Mass Spec	512	445	482	395	409	451	525	421	475	475
%Yield	22	22	64	11	54	76	02	7.8	09	ш
<u>t</u>		0=0=0		IZ O						Q.J.
ČE	<u></u>		<u></u>			<u></u>	~~			
Example#	B-1563	B-1564	B-1565	B-1566	B-1567	B-1568	B-1569	B-1570	B-1571	B-1572
_		1 ———	<u> </u>							

417

416

45

B-1558

431

430

62

B-1557

497

496

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B-1556

485

484

67

B-1559

493

492

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B-1560

222

556

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B-1561

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

547

546

74

B-1562

PCT/US98/10436

Calcd. Mass Spec Spec (M+H)

%Yield

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Example#

B-1553

479

478

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B-1554

221

226

513

512

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B-1555

PCT/US98/10436

520

WO 98/52940

519

WO 98/52940 Example# B-1573 Ŧ. 521 꾸 %Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec (M++) 65 435 PCT/US98/10436 436

Proton NMR data for selected members from Examples B-0001 through B-1573 are shown in the following table.

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

WO 98/52940

522

PCT/US98/10436

1H NIMF(solvent), d ppm (DMF-d7) d 8.53(bd, J = 4.99Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.24(m, 11H), 4.41(s, 2H), 4.31(br

Plate ID

B-0120

-0224

-d7) d 8.56(bd, J = 4.98Hz, 2H), 7.78-7.69(m, 4H), 7.39-7.19(m, 6H),

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Plate ID	1H NMR(solvent), d ppm
B-1179	(CDCi3), 1.94(br, 2H), 2.53(s, 3H), 2.85(t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.65(br, 2H), 6.15(br, 1H), 7.04(m, 3H), 7.22(m, 3H), 7.41(br, 4H), 8.60(br, 2H)
B-1183	(GDCi3), 2.00(br, 2H), 2.85(br, 2H), 3.64(br, 2H), 7.03(br, 3H), 7.17(br, 2H), 7.36(br, 2H), 7.66(br, 2H), 8.60(br, 2H), 8.77(br, 2H).
B-1194	(OMSO), 1.76(br, 2H), 2.66(br, 2H), 2.91(br, 2H), 4.30(s, 2H), 7.18(br, 5H), 7.35(m, 6H), 8.54(d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H).
B-1200	(DMSO), 1.17(br, 3H), 1.76(br, 2H), 2.71(br, 2H), 2.97(br, 4H), 7.18(br, 4H), 7.36(br, 2H), 8.54(br, 2H).
8-1206	(DMSD), 1,00(s, 6H), 1,68(br, 2H), 2,63(br, 2H), 3,00(br, 2H), 3,65(br, 1H), 5,68(m, 2H), 7,16(br, 4H), 7,35(br, 2H), 8,54(br, 2H).
B-1216	(DMSD), 1,75(m,2H), 2,14(s, 6H), 2,66(br, 2H), 3,10(br, 2H), 7,04(br, 3H), 7,18(br, 4H), 7,35(m,2H), 7,47(br, 1H), 8,54(d, J = 4,8 Hz, 2H)
B-1226	(DMF), 1.28(br, 3H), 2.01(br, 2H), 3.35(br, 4H), 6.20(s, 1H), 6.30(s, 1H), 7.42(br, 4H), 7.65(br, 2H), 8.77(s, 2H).
B-1360	(DMSD-d8), 1.80(br. 44), 2.82(br. 14), 2.94(br. 14), 3.10(br. 14), 3.50(br. 14), 4.54(br. 14), 7.18(m, 44), 7.30(m, 44), 7.46(m, 24), 6.54(br. 24).
B-1361	(DMSO-d8), 0,99(br, 6H), 1,73(br, 4H), 2,89(br, 2H), 3,03(m, 1H), 4,04(br, 2H), 4,44(m, 1H), 7,18(m, 4H), 7,30(m, 2H), 8,57(d, J = 4,64 Hz, 2H).
B-1363	(DMSO-d6), 1.78(br. 4H), 2.01(s, 3H), 2.89(br. 1H), 3.05(br. 1H), 3.34(br. 1H), 3.85(br. 1H), 4.48(br. 1H), 7.12(br. 2H), 7.21(br. 2H), 7.30(br. 2H), 8.69(br. 2H),
B-1364	(CDCI3), 0,78(dd, J=3.0, 2.9 Hz, 2.H), 1,00(s, 2.H), 1,78(m, 1H), 1,86(b, 4H), 2,54(m, 1H), 2,98(m, 1H), 3,18(m, 1H), 4,33(br, 1H), 4,70(br, 1H), 6,99(m, 2H), 7,14(s, 1H), 728(m, 2H), 8,94(s, 2H),
	(CDCI3), 1.89(s, 4H), 2.65(m, 1H), 2.96(m, 1H), 3.06(m, 1H), 3.43(s, 3H), 3.83(d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 4.09(d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 4.18(d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H),
B-1368	4.68(d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 7.60(m, 2H), 7.12(s, 2H), 7.26(m, 2H), 8.63(s, 2H).

DMF), 180(br. 3H), 2.35(s. 1H), 4.98(br. 1H), 7.38(m, 6H), 7.35(m, 2H), 2.45(br. 1H), 8.75(d. J = 6.0 Hz. 2H), Methanol-dd), 1.57(d. J = 5.6 Hz. 3H), 4.74(br. 1H), 7.23(m, 4H); 7.76(m, 2H), 28(m, 4H), 8.75(c. 3H), 8.74(br. 1H), 7.23(m, 4H), 7.26(br. 2H), 7.26(br. 2H),

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3-0487 3-0566 1-0569 **20574** -0839

330D), 1, 3056(3, 57), 1, 2, 24), 4, 15(br, 2H), 4, 50(br, 1H), 7,04(br, 2H), 8(br, 2H), 7,30(m, 7H), 8,45(m, 2H). 330(D), 1,56(br, 3H), 4,66(q, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 7,17(m, 8H), 7,56(m, 2H),

DMSO), 1.14(t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 4.54(m, 1H), 6.99(br, 2H), 7.21(br, 4H), 4.56, 1H), 7.61(g, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.52(g, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.61(g, J = 30.6 Hz, 3H), 4.61 (br, 1H), 7.25(m, 6H), 7.65(m, 3H), 59(br, 2H), 13.34(brd, J = 34.8 Hz, 1H).

3-0466

B-0438

B-0473 3-0477

CD3OD), 1.53(d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.59(q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.88(d, J = 4 Hz, Hz, 7.09(m, 3H), 7.15(dd, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 7.26(m, 2H), 8.46(d, J = 6.0

(CDCI3/CD3OD) d 8:38(d, J = 5.38 Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.32(m, 9H), 7.04-6.95(m, 4H), 6.89-6.80(m, 2H), 4.52(q, J = 6.98 Hz, 1H), 1.40(d, J = 6.88 Hz, 3H), 6.0MF-47), 8.45(m, J = 2.85, 2H), 7.87(br s, 4H), 7.76-7.75(m, 2H), 7.59-7.30(m, 5H), 7.16-7.13(br, 4H), 7.16-7.13(br, 4H), 7.16-7.13(br, 4H), 7.16-7.13(br, 4H), 7.15(br, 3H), 4.17(br, 2H), 5.12(br, 1H), 7.50(m, 6H), 6.12(br, 3H), 4.17(br, 2H), 5.12(br, 1H), 7.50(m, 6H),

DMF-d7) d 8.47(pr. 2H), 7.91-7.75(m, 3H), 7.57-7.53(m, 1H), 7.38-7.34(m, 1H), 7.21-7.13(m, 4H), 4.20(br. 2H)

B-0235

B-0244 B-0256 B-0426 hanol-d4), 1.49(pr, 3H), 3.86(pr, 3H), 4.60(pr, 1H), 6.92(pr, 2H), 7.19(pr, 7.31(pr, 2H), 7.75(m, 4H), 8.60(br, 2H).
F-d7), 1.58(brd, 3 = 30.0 Hz, 3H), 4.62(br, 1H), 7.25(m, 6H), 7.60(m, 4H), (pr, 2H), 13.30(prd, 3 = 12.3 Hz), (pr, 2H), 7.32(dd, J = 6.0, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.70(dd, J = 9.0, 5.8Hz, 1H),

i, J = 4, B, 3,2 Hz, 2H). D), 1.58(br, 3H), 4,62(q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 6.93(br, 1H), 7.17(m, 5H),

3-0643

B-0650 3-0656 (m, 2H), 8.59(d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H). 6 Hz, 1H), 7.04(t, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.14(m, 2H), 7.36(m, 2H), 8.39(d, J = 1.1

7.02(1, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.15(d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.40(m, 2H)

DCI3CD3OD) d 8.48 (d. J = 5.30 Hz, 2H), 7.72-7.59(m, 4H), 7.14-7.10(m, 2DCI3CD3OD) d 8.48 (d. J = 5.30 Hz, 2H), 7.72-7.59(m, 4H), 7.14-7.10(m, 2D3OD), 1.52(d. J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 3.75(s. 3H), 7.21(m, 2H), 7.42(m, 2H), 7.42(m, 2H), 7.52(s. 1H), 7.86(s. 2H), 8.76(s. 2H)

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B-1169

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By analogy to the procedure identified above for the preparation of Examples B0001-B0048, the following examples B-1574 through B-2269 are prepared.

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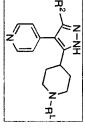
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Examples B-1574 through B-1597 are prepared from Scatfold C-27

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B-1576
B-1577
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B-1595

B-1596

B-1597

B-1593

B-1592

B-1594

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B-1586 B-1587 B-1588 B-1589 B-1590 B-1591 B-1581 B-1583 B-1584 8-1585 B-1582

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1614	B-1613	B-1612	B-1611	B-1610	B-1609	B-1608	B-1607	B-1606	B-1605
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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1604 B-1603 B-1602 8-1601 B-1600 B-1599 B-1598

Examples B-1598 through B-1621 are prepared from Scaffold C-28

Example#

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Example#

B-1619 B-1620 B-1618 B-1621 B-1615 B-1616 B-1617

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Examples B-1622 through B-1645 are prepared from Scaffold C-38

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B-1625 B-1622 B-1623 B-1624

B-1626 B-1627 B-1628

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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B-1633

B-1634

B-1644

B-1645

B-1643

B-1642

B-1641

B-1640

B-1632

B-1631

B-1630

B-1629

B-1637

B-1636

B-1635

B-1638

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 25)

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Example#

B-1639

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Examples

B-1653

Examples B-1646 through B-1669 are prepared from Scatfold C-39

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Example#

B-1646

B-1647

B-1654

B-1655

B-1656 B-1657

B-1658

B-1649

B-1648

B-1650

B-1651

B-1652

B-1659

B-1660

B-1661

B-1662

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 286)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1676	B-1675	B-1674	B-1673	B-1672	B-1671	B-1670
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B-1668

B-1667

B-1666

Example# Examples B-1670 through B-1693 are prepared from Scaffold C-65 픿 꾸

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B-1663

B-1664

B-1665

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Examples

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B-1687 B-1688

B-1690 B-1691 B-1689

B-1692

B-1693

B-1681

B-1680

B-1679

B-1678

B-1677

B-1682

B-1683

B-1684

B-1685

B-1686

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

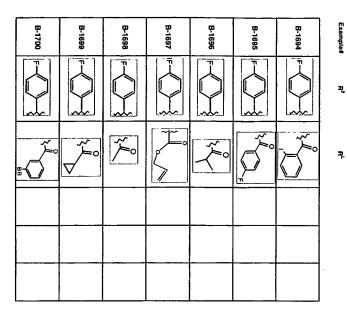
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 283)

PCT/US98/10436

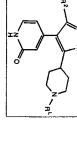
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1710	B-1709	B-1708	B-1707	B-1706	B-1705	B-1704	B-1703	B-1702	B-1701
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### SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 20)



Examples B-1694 through B-1717 are prepared from Scaffold C-66



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Example#

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Examples

B-1711

B-1712

B-1713

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Example#

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Examples B-1718 through B-1741 are prepared from Scaffold C-69

B-1718	B-1719

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2		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
	B-1719	B-1720	B-1721

B-1715

B-1714

8-1716

B-1717

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	14		
 3-1721	B-1722	B-1723	

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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B-1737 B-1741 B-1740 B-1739 B-1738 B-1736 B-1735

B-1731

B-1732

B-1729

B-1730

B-1728

B-1727

B-1726

B-1725

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1734

B-1733

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Example#

B-1750

B-1749

B-1751

B-1752

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Examples B-1742 through B-1765 are prepared from Scaffold C-70

Examples

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B-1744 B-1743

B-1746 B-1745 B-1747

B-1754

B-1753

B-1755

B-1756

B-1748

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-1758

B-1757

B-1772	B-1771	B-1770	B-1769	8-1768	B-1767	B-1766
				F{}	F-{}	
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B-1764

B-1763

B-1762

B-1761

B-1760

B-1759

Example#

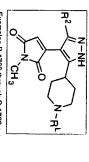
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Examples B-1766 through B-1789 are prepared from Scaffold C-71

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B-1785 B-1786 B-1787 B-1783 B-1784

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B-1778 B-1779 B-1780 B-1782 B-1781 B-1774 B-1775 B-1776 B-1777 B-1773

B-1788

B-1789

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (FLUE 26)

B-1806

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1805

B-1804

B-1803

B-1802

B-1796

B-1795

B-1794

B-1793

B-1792

B-1791

B-1800

B-1801

B-1799

B-1798

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Examples B-1790 through B-1813 are prepared from Scaffold C-72

B-1790 (F-

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B-1797

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Examples

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						<b>}</b>
B-1807	B-1808	B-1809	B-1810	B-1811	B-1812	B-1813

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Examples B-1814 through B-1837 are prepared from Scatfold C-73

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				\$\$\\	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	
B-1814	B-1815	B-1816	B-1817	B-1818	B-1819	B-1820

SUPERITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RUESS)

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1830

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1829

B-1828

B-1827

B-1837

B-1836

B-1826

B-1825

B-1824

B-1823

B-1833

B-1834

B-1835

B-1832

B-1831

B-1822

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Example#

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Example#

B-1845

B-1848 B-1849

B-1847

B-1846

Examples B-1838 through B-1861 are prepared from Scaffold C-33

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Examples

B-1838 F-

B-1840

B-1839

B-1841

B-1842

B-1843

B-1844

B-1850

B-1851

B-1852

B-1853

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 286)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1868

B-1867

B-1866

B-1865

B-1864

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Example#

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Examples B-1862 through B-1885 are prepared from Scaffold C-45

B-1862

B-1861 B-1860 B-1859 B-1858 B-1857 B-1856 B-1855

B-1863

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Examples

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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Example#

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B-1881

B-1884

B-1885

BUBSTITUTE SHEET (RIVE 26)

# SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-1902	8-1901	B-1900	B-1899	B-1898	B-1897	B-1896	B-1895	B-1894	B-1893
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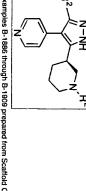
B-1889 B-1888 B-1887 B-1891 B-1886 B-1892

Examples B-1886 through B-1909 prepared from Scaffold C-42

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Examples

B-1903 B-1906 B-1907 B-1908 B-1909 B-1905 B-1904

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Examples B-1910 through B-1933 are prepared from Scaffold C-44

Example#

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0161-8	B-1911	B-1912	B-1913	B-1914	B-1915	B-1916
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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 286)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

# SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-1933	B-1932	B-1931	B-1930	B-1929	B-1928	B-1927
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#### SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1926

B-1924 B-1919 B-1918 B-1917 B-1925 B-1921 B-1920 B-1923 B-1922

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Example#

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SUBSITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1946 B-1948 B-1949 B-1950 B-1945 B-1947 B-1942 B-1943 B-1944 B-1941

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Example#

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Examples B-1934 through B-1957 are prepared from Scaffold C-41

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B-1934	B-1935	B-1936	B-1937	B-1938	B-1939	B-1940

**BLESTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)** 

Example# B-1956 B-1955 B-1954 B-1952 B-1951 B-1953 픿 573 꾸

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Examples B-1958 through B-1981 are prepared from Scaffold C-43

Example#

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B-1964	B-1963	B-1962	B-1961	B-1960	B-1959	B-1958
<b>}</b>	F- <b>{</b> }	F- <b>\}</b>			F- <b>-</b>	
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B-1957

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 286)

576 æ Example# B-1978 B-1979 8-1977 B-1976 B-1975

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B-1972 B-1974 B-1970 B-1971 B-1973 B-1965 8-1966 B-1967 B-1968 B-1969

B-1980

B-1981

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

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# BUBSITTUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1998

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-1997

B-1996

B-1995

B-1994

B-1993

B-1991

B-1992

B-1990

3. N	32	3.L°	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	H.
		 <u> </u>		

B-1984

B-1985

B-1982 5

Example#

Examples B-1982 through B-2005 are prepared from Scaffold C-30

8-1983

B-1986 S

B-1987 | S

B-1988

577

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WO 98/52940 578

Example#

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B-1989

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579

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Example#

B-1999

B-2000

280

Examples B-2008 through B-2029 are prepared from Scaffold C-60 ኤ <u>~</u> B-2012 Example# B-2009 B-2010 B-2011 B-2006 B-2007 B-2008

B-2004

B-2003

B-2002

B-2001

B-2005

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

8-2029	B-2028	B-2027	B-2026	B-2025	B-2024	8-2023	Example#
			F-{}		F-{}	F-{}	<b>7</b> .
	N N		40	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Ą

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B-2013

B-2014

B-2015

8-2019

B-2020

B-2021

B-2018

B-2017

B-2016

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Example#

B-2037

Examples B-2030 through B-2053 are prepared from Scaffold C-36

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Example#

B-2030

B-2031

B-2039 B-2040 B-2038

8-2041

B-2042 B-2043

B-2044

B-2045

B-2035

B-2034

B-2033

B-2032

B-2036

B-2046

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B-2060	B-2059	B-2058	B-2057	B-2056	B-2055	B-2054
\$0 F-	9	18 F-	" F-{	6 F	5 F	<b>1</b>
7	-4	[7]			720	
# C	V	/ <u>~</u> °	5			

B-2050 B-2049 B-2048 B-2047 B-2053 B-2052 8-2051

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Example#

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Example#

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Examples B-2054 through B-2077 are prepared from Scaffold C-34

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-2071	B-2072 F	B-2073	B-2074 F	B-2075 F	B-2076 F-	B-2077 F
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		-				

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Example#

B-2068 B-2069 B-2070 B-2065 B-2066 B-2067 B-2064 B-2061 B-2062 B-2063

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 280)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-2083

B-2084

B-2093

B-2092

B-2082

B-2081

B-2080

B-2079

Examples B-2078 through B-2101 are prepared from Scaffold C-57

Example#

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B-2078

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Example# 찏,

B-2086 B-2087 B-2085

B-2089 B-2088

B-2090

B-2091

B-2108

B-2101

. 591

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Example#

B-2094

B-2095

B-2096

Examples B-2102 through B-2125 are prepared from Scaffold C-52 592 α-ξ

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8-2102	B-2103	B-2104	B-2105	B-2106	B-2107
H——{	<b>*</b>		<b>**</b>		
	پڑہ			7/3	0 2 2

B-2098

B-2097

B-2099

B-2100

SUBSTRUTE SPEET (RULE AS)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-2118	B-2117	B-2116	B-2115	B-2114	B-2113	B-2112	B-2111	8-2110	B-2109
<b>T</b>	} 	<b>±</b>	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ	<b>±</b>	¥—————————————————————————————————————	Ŧ	<b>T</b>
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	N 27		ڮؙڒ			300	2-0	

B-2125

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WO 98/52940

Example#

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B-2124 B-2123 B-2122 B-2121 B-2120 B-2119

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 25)

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B-2133	B-2134

Examples B-2128 through B-2149 are prepared from Scaffold C-58

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B-2126

B-2127

B-2128

B-2129

B-2130

B-2131

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#	H	
B-2134	B-2135	B-2136

CC 7-0	B-2136	B-2137	
% 	H	¥—	7
			<i>r</i>

B-2138 B-2139

B-2140

B-2141

B-2142

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-2132

								_
B-2156	B-2155	B-2154	B-2153	B-2152	8-2151	B-2150	Example#	
F-	F-{}			F-\}	F{}	F-{}	R ²	Examples B-215
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\ <u>\</u>		} ²	$\left  \stackrel{\circ}{\bigvee}_{F} \right $		Ą	Examples B-2150 through B-2173 are prepared from Scaffold C-32
								re prepared
								from Scaff
-								old C-32

B-2149 B-2148 B-2147 B-2146 B-2145 B-2144 B-2143

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B-2157

B-2158

B-2159

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, Et	0		O HN			L NH NH	
H²	r-{\}-{		}-{}-	F-	}-{}-	}-{}-	}-{}-
Example#	B-2167	B-2168	B-2169	B-2170	B-2171	B-2172	B-2173
						•	
			•				

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSITUTE SPEET (RULE 28)

B-2163

B-2162

B-2160

B-2161

B-2164

B-2165

B-2166

B-2190	B-2189	B-2188	B-2187	B-2186	B-2185	B-2184	B-2183	B-2182	B-2181	Example#
	F-{}	F- <b>-</b>	F- <b>\}</b>					F	F	ΣĮ.
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	77/5=0	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				Q, S	700	Z-0		7
								. ,		

B-2176

B-2177

B-2178

B-2180

B-2179

B-2176

B-2174

Example#

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Examples 2174 through B-2197 are prepared from Scaffold C-64

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B-2203

B-2204

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Ехатріе#

B-2191

B-2192

B-2193

B-2194

B-2195

	from Scaf
	e prepared
7	camples B-2198 through B-2221 re prepared from Scal
-\ _ <b>Z</b> _//	Examples B-2198
	'   <del> </del>

			•		
3x		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\$ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\		<b>*</b>
Example#	B-2198	B-2199	B-2200	B-2201	B-2202

B-2196

B-2197

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

# SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 286)

B-2213	B-2212	B-2211	B-2210	8-2209	B-2208	B-2207	B-2206	B-2205	Example#
F-{}	F-{}		F- <b>\</b>	F-{}			F- <b>\}</b>	F-{}	H²
	N J	ر کمکنی ا			***************************************	34	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		Ą
									_

B-2221

8-2220

B-2219

B-2218

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B-2215

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B-2216

B-2217

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

~ Example# B-2235 B-2237 B-2232 B-2233 B-2234 B-2236 B-2229 B-2230 B-2231

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Examples B-2222 through B-2245 are prepared from Scaffold C-29

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Example#

B-2228 B-2222 B-2223 B-2224 B-2225 B-2226 B-2227

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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B-2245	B-2244	B-2243	B-2242	B-2241	D-2.640
у Д-¦	• \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	¥ \	

B-2245 S

B-2240 S

B-2239

B-2248 B-2247 B-2246 Example# B-2249 B-2251 B-2250 B-2252 Examples B-2246 through B-2269 are prepared from Scaffold C-35 짆 610 Ą.

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Example#

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B-2268 Example# B-2269 8-2265 B-2266 B-2267 B-2263 B-2264

> B-2258 B-2261 B-2262 B-2256 8-2257 B-2259 B-2260

#### SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

611

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Example#

B-2253

B-2254

B-2255

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Examples B-2270 through B-2317

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shaker at 250 RPM for 16-20 h at ambient temperature. apparatus and dimethylformamide (350 uL) was added to The reaction mixtures were filtered into conical vials M, 1000 uL) followed by a solution of a unique amine B47 was added a solution of pyridine in dichloromethane (0.2 49 in dimethylformamide (0.1 M, 500 uL). To each slurry dimethylformamide and 2.0 mL of dichloromethane. mixtures were agitated on a Labline benchtop orbital resin) and a solution of the acid-containing scaffold C-250 mg of polymer bound carbodiimide B48 (1.0 mmol/g fritted vessels, each reaction vessel was charged with (0.2 M, 375 uL) in dimethylformamide. tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (1.0 M, each conical vial to dissolve the residue. A solution of filtrates were evaporated to dryness in a Savant the polymer was In a parallel array reaction block containing 48 washed with 1.5 mL The reaction 150 uL) in The

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

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dimethylformamide was added to the reconstituted conical vials and the mixture incubated for 2 hours at ambient temperature. Polyamine polymer B33 (4.0 meg N/g resin, 250 mg) and 1.0 mL dichloromethane was then added to the reaction mixture in each conical vial. After agitating

the reaction mixtures for 16 h at 250 RPM on an orbital

shaker at ambient temperature, the mixtures were filtered through a polypropylene syringe tube fitted with a porous frit. The polymers were washed twice with dimethylformamide (1.0 mL each) and the filtrates and washings collected in conical vials. The filtrates were evaporated to dryness and weighed to afford the desired amide products **B-2270 through B-2317** as oils or solids. The analytical data and yields for the products prepared

in this manner are listed below.

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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Observed Mass Spec M+H		461		436	402	413" *M+Na	417° "M+Na	•	•	•
Calcd. Mass Spec.	490	460	420	435	401	390	394	423	450	506
Yield	33	53	10	7	18	z	10	4	ឌ	*
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		T-			J. IN S	O NH O	S. In			ao t
<b>"</b> E	F-			r-{}-						
	B-2277	B-2278	B-2279	B-2280	B-2281	B-2282	B-2283	B-2284	B-2285	B-2286
		<u></u>	<u> </u>							

#### SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-2276

Calcd, Mass Mass Spec Spec. M+H 353 433 435 365 397 443 364 400 396 434 432 325 Yleld 7 9 33 12 39 8 43 615

B-2271

8-2270

B-2273

B-2272

B-2274

B-2275

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### SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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B-2306	B-2305	B-2304	B-2303	B-2302	B-2301	B-2300	B-2299	B-2298	B-2297	
	F-{}	F-{}					F-			71,
J. ~ 1			200					4,44	1	N-1
#	10	Уп	æ	36	20	7	4	۵	7	Yleid
466	460	395	482	459	396	442	507	537	490	Calcd. Mass Spec.
467	•	396			397		508	•		Observed Mass Spec M+H

#### SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-2288	7,		b s v Held	Vield Calcd. Mass Spec. 5 437 5 435
B-2290		+0	 80	9 456
B-2291			9	9 415
B-2292			Ch .	5 368
B-2293		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	55	5 366
B-2294			 Ch Ch	5 381
B-2295			 16	16 410
B-2296			 4	4 483

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Calcd. Mass Mass Spec Spec. M+H

Vield

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B-2317

620

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Celcd. Mass Mass Spec Spec. M+H 422 421 Yield

470 **5**6

364 410 363 338 398 348 424 5 2 88 8 8-2312 B-2313 B-2314 B-2308 B-2309 B-2310 B-2311 B-2307

425

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

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B-2316

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B-2315

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**SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)** 

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following examples B-2318 through B-2461 were prepared. preparation of Examples B-2270 through B-2317, the By analogy to the procedure identified above for the 5

B-2318 B-2319 B-2324 B-2323 B-2322 B-2321 B-2320 찟 Yield 57 88 8 49 ន 23 23 Calcd. Mass Spec. 426 394 410 366 426 490 456 Mass Spec 457 411 367 427 **491** 427

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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B-2342

624

Observed Mass Spec M+H

Calcd. Mass Spec.

Yield

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623

Observed Mass Spec M+H	383	14	465	468	466	365	465	484	379
Calcd. Mass Spec.	382	440	464	467	465	364	464	483	378
Yield	41	. 11	36	32	34	26	88	æ	36
*-x	HHN 0				# ( # ( ) °		•=\		
ž.	}—{}_			}-\\\-\\		}		F-	
	B-2325	B-2326	B-2327	B-2328	B-2329	B-2330	B-2331	B-2332	B-2333

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B-2339

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B-2340

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350

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B-2341

424

423

22

B-2337

429

428

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B-2336

404

406

22

B-2335

429

428

4

B-2334

470

469

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B-2338

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

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B-2350

23

448

449

B-2349

73

517

518

B-2348

51

458

459

B-2347

2

392

393

B-2351

2

486

487

B-2360	B-2359	B-2358	B-2357	B-2356	B-2355	B-2354	B-2353	B-2352	
	F-	F-{}	F-{}	F-{}	F-{}		F-{}	(F————————————————————————————————————	71.
	O NH HIN		THE STATE OF THE S	NH NH	5.11	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		0 HH 0	N-RE
46	57	41	41	29	28	ස	57	3	Yield
496	502	451	436	408	536	484	438	482	Calcd. Mass Spec.
497	503	452	437	409	537	485	439	483	Observed Mass Spec M+H

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B-2343

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Yield

Calcd. Mass Spec.

Observed Mass Spec

B-2344

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492

493

B-2345

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420

421

B-2346

35

474

475

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423

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B-2372

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Observed Mass Spec M+H	477	494	397	439	425
Calcd. Mass Spec.	476	493	396	438	424
Yield	13	46	29	61	2.2
* - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * -	476	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		HN HN	o=⟨
<b>"</b>				}— <b>(</b> )—	<b>}</b> -{ }-₃
	B-2361	B-2362	B-2363	B-2364	B-2365

Yield Calcd. Mass Spec Spec. M+H

481

480

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B-2367

404

407

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B-2368

381

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B-2366

436

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B-2369

415

414

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B-2370

367

366

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8-2371

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-2390	B-2389	B-2388	B-2387	B-2386	8-2385	B-2384	B-2383	8-2382
	F-\(\)	F-{}	F-{}	F-{}	F-{}	F-{}	F-{}	
		2 /2 o		\$ N		N	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	,,, =0 Z
53	33	æ	74	45	59	<b>3</b> 8	8	48
487	493	475	558	429	498	447	382	407
488	494	•		430	450	448	383	408

WO 98/52940 B-2376 B-2375 B-2374 B-2373 B-2379 B-2378 B-2377 B-2381 B-2380 Yield Calcd. Mass Mass Spec Spec. M+H ະ 55 8 36 ដូ 13 8 5 52 382 432 395 428 364 446 438 429 421 PCT/US98/10436 396 383 433 447 439 429 422 365 430

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	Observed Mass Spec M+H	382	379	520	628	448	637	385	509	496
	Calcd. Mass Spec.	381	378	519	627	447	636	394	809	495
	Yield	34	32	71	89	62	7.	29	89	*
632	**************************************	N- O- N-	0=\ N_		**************************************	**************************************				
	Ĩz.									
		B-2400	B-2401	B-2402	B-2403	B-2404	B-2405	B-2406	B-2407	B-2408
			<u> </u>							<u></u>

Calcd. Mass Mass Spec Spec. M+H Yield ¥ ಜ B-2398 B-2399 B-2396 B-2397 B-2394 B-2395 B-2391

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B-2392 B-2393

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

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B-2414

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Yield

Cated. Mass Spec.

Mass Spec

B-2415

B-2410

42

B-2411

B-2412

B-2416

**#** 

B-2418

B-2420

B-2417

B-2409

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (FULLE 26)

Observed Mass Spec M+H
Calcd. Mass Spec.
_

Observed Mass Spec M+H	477	447		429	477	443	487	493	423
Calcd. Mass Spec.	476	446	404	428	476	442	486	492	422
Yield	9 ZE		60	13	23	ĸ	4	88	
*- R°	O NS O	#-\\	<u></u> <u><u>1</u> - <u></u> - <u></u> - <u> </u> -        </u>				*().		
.f.									
	B-2430	B-2431	B-2432	B-2433	B-2434	B-2435	B-2436	B-2437	B-2438

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523 469 433 405 5 465 455 421 **4**04 Calcd, Mass Spec. 522 464 468 432 \$ **4**00 420 \$ 8 Yield **æ** 92 22 88 2 88 S 13 47 <u>"</u> B-2428 B-2429 B-2427 B-2425 B-2426 B-2421 B-2422 B-2423 B-2424

SUBBITTUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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### SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

B-2456	B-2455	B-2454	B-2453	B-2452	B-2451	B-2450	B-2449	B-2448	
<b>├</b>	<b>}</b>		F-{}		F-{}	F-{}	F-{}		<b>λ</b> 2
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		oct.				J. D.	ري ري ري	N—R°
51	39	ij	61	71	71	16	19	51	hieid
533	520	472	470	600	511	538	512	522	Calcd. Mass Spec.
834	•	473	•	501	512	539	513	523	Observed Mass Spec M+H

#### SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

B-2447	B-2446	B-2445	B-2444	B-2443	B-2442	B-2441	B-2440	B-2439	
								F-{}	73.
٠, \$ ي.		3000					HW-75-0	Q-(-)-1	~~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~ ~~
56	70	33	52	15	37	ø.	œ	12	Yield
488	500	517	520	618	514	<b>A</b> 3	521	454	Calcd. Mass Spec.
489	501	518	,	•	616	#	522	455	Observed Mass Spec M+H

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638

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Observed Mass Spec 535 489 487 Calcd. Mass Spec. 242 486 53 488 8 Yield 55 Z 2 5 7 B-2461 B-2460 B-2458 B-2457 B-2459

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PCT/US98/10436

Example C-1

S-AMINOMETHYL-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridyl)-1-ethanone.

(0.45 mol, 450 mL of a 1.0 M solution in THF) over 30 g, 0.45 mol, neat) over 1 h. The mixture was stirred overnight (16 h). Water (200 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with BtOAc (2x200 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine (1x200 mL) and dried over picoline (40 g, 0.43 mol) was added to a LiHMDS solution minutes at room temperature (a slight exotherm was This solution was added to ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate (75.8 observed) The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h. 23

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Na₂SO₄. The organic layer was filtered and the solvent was removed to leave oily solid. Hexane was added to the oil and the resulting solid was filtered and washed with hexane (cold). A yellow solid was isolated (50 g, 54%):  1 H NMR (CDCl₃) & 8.58 (d, J=5.7 Hz, 2H), 8.02 (dd, J=5.5, 8.0, 2H), 7.12-7.21 (m, 4H), 4.23 (s, 2H);  19 F NMR (CDCl₃) & -104.38 (m); LC/MS, t_r = 2.14 minutes (5 to 95% accetonitrile/water over 15 minutes at 1 mL/min, at 254 nm at 50°C), M+H = 216; High Resolution MS Calcd for C₂₃H₂₀N₄O₂F (M+H): 216.0825. Found: 216.0830 ( $\Delta$  mmu = 0.5).

# N-benzyloxycarbonyl-5-aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-

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fitted with a mechanical stirrer,  $N_2$  inlet and an addition was adjusted to 6.7 with 70 mL of AcOH. Hydrazine precipitate formed and the mixture was stirred for 1 h. the layers were separated. addition funnel. The mixture was stirred for 1 h and was another 5 minutes and 150 mL of water was added. the pH g, 0.42 mol) was dissolved in 600 mL of THF and added N-benzyloxycarbonyl-glycinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide (128.6 to the stirred mixture at room temperature. A yellow BuOK in THF and 53 mL (0.56 mol) of t-BuOH. The ketone, 1 (4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole. A 3L round bottom flask extracted with EtOAc (3x300 mL). The organic layer was The biphasic mixture was transferred to a sep funnel and diluted with 500 mL of water and 500 mL of ethyl acetate. monohydrate (41 mL in100 mL of water) was added via an dropwise at r.t. over 1h. (60 g, 0.28 mol) was dissolved in 600 mL of THF and added funnel was was charged with 557 mL (0.56 mol) of 1 M t-The mixture was stirred for The aqueous layer was

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dried (Na $_2$ SO $_4$ ), filtered and evaporated to leave 157 g of a crude reddish oil.

7.16-7.52 (m, 11H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 4.48 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, monoketone). The solution was split into two portions Resolution MS Calcd for C23H20N4O2F (M+H): 403.1570. fluorine signal is due to the pyrazole tautomers); LC/MS, 2H);  $^{19}F$  NMR (DMF- $d_7$ )  $\delta$  -114.9 (m), -116.8 (m) (split filtered to give 30 g of a white solid (27% yield of 2): and heated to boiling for 10 minutes. The solution was a yellow solid. The solid was suspended in ethyl acetate  $t_x = 3.52$  minutes (5 to 95% acetonitrile/water over 15 allowed to cool to R.T. overnight. The precipitate was monoketone and the hydrazone) from each portion to leave fractions were concentrated (some contamination from the EtOH/CH2Cl2 then 6% EtOH/CH2Cl2). and each portion was chromatographed (Biotage 75L, 3% remove any insoluble material (DCU, hydrazone of the Found:  $403.1581 (\Delta mmu = 1.1)$ . minutes at 1 mL/min, at 254 nm at  $50^{\circ}$ C), M+H = 403; High ¹H NMR (DMF- $d_7$ )  $\delta$  13.36 (s, 1H), 8.57 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), The oil was suspended in CH2Cl2 and filtered to The appropriate

# 5-aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)

pyrazole. To a 1L Parr bottle was added 7 g (17.4 mmol)

25 of 2 and 180 mL of MeOH and 90 mL of THF to give a clear
solution. The bottle was purged with nitrogen and 1.5 g
of 10% Pd/C (wet Degussa type E101) was added. The Parr
bottle was pressured to 40 psi (H₂) and was agitated.
Hydrogen uptake was 5 psi after 5 h. The bottle was
repressured to 42 psi and was agitated overnight. The
bottle was purged with N2 and was filtered through
Celite. The Celite was washed with MeOH (3x50 mL) and

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 $t_r = 1.21$  minutes (5 to 95% acetonitrile/water over 15  $^{1}\text{H}$  NMR (DMSO-d₆) & 8.52 (d, J = 4.63 the filtrate was concentrated to give 4.5 g of an off-Hz, 2H), 7.36 (dd, J = 5.64, 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.16-7.30 (m, 4H), 3.79 (s, 2H); ¹⁹F NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ -114.56 (m); LC/MS, minutes at 1 mL/min, at 254 nm at  $50^{\circ}$ C), M+H = 269 m/z; High Resolution MS Calcd for  $C_{15}H_{14}N_4F$  (M+H): 269.1202. Found:  $269.1229 (\Delta mmu = 2.7)$ . white solid (94%).

Table C-1.

procedure described above for example C-1. C-1) were prepared according to

The following pyridylpyrazoles (C-2 through C-21, Table

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experimental

the

2H), 3.01 (septet, J = 5.3323.1670 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.44 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H),  $(DMF-d_1): 8.77 (t, J =$ 7.35 (m, 2H), 3.22 (bd, Hz, 1H), 2.74 (m, 2H), 1.95 (m, 4H) Calculat Found eq Structure Examp1 e No.

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7.50 (br s, 2H), 7.38-7.35 (m, 2H) 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.65 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.98-7.50 (br s, 2H), 7.38-7.34 4.6 Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.13 (m, 5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 1H), 8.61 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 8.33 (bs, 1H), 7.33 6.98-6.96 (m, 4H), 4.06 (DMSO-d₆): 8.46 (d, J = 4.06 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), (DMSO-d₆): 8.56 (br, 2H) 4H), 2.91 (m, 2H), 2.71 2H), 7.20-7.12 (m, 5H), (DMSO-d₆): 13.83 (bs., (m, 6H), 4.44 (m, 1H), 2H), 7.64-7.62 (m, 2H), 7H), 6.98-6.96 (m, 4H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.64-7.62 (m, 2H), (m, 2H), 4.40-4.37 (m, (m, 2H), 1.40 (m, 2H) (m, 2H), 4.40-4.37 (m, (DMF-d₇): 8.77 (br s, 1H), 1.57 (br s, 3H) (DMSO-d6): 8.46 (d, J 1H), 1.56 (br s, 3H) 2.98-2.95 (m, 2H) 2.94 (m, 2H) 313.1492 282.1245 282.1147 323.1687 323.1672 (M, EI) (M, EI) 282.127 359 359 359 Ξ C-5 C-4

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3.63 (m, 2H), 3.27 (s, 3H)

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	7	C-13					C-12								7	C-11						_		7	C-10						7	C-9
2	<u>)</u> }	N-NT THI-N			z(		N-NH							N CONHCH		N-NH NO's							CONHICH		N-NH H-NH				;		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	FIN-NH NH
	297.1515	297.1515				283.1363	283.1359					_			354	354							•	354	354						313.1457	313.1465
5.8, 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.18	5.4  Hz, $2H$ ), $7.34  (dd, J = )$	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (d, J =$	2.77  (d,  J = 6.0  Hz,  2H)	2.83(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H),	2H), 7.21-7.17 (m, 4H),	5.0 Hz, 2H), 7.37-7.32 (m,	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (d, J =$	(dt, J=7.3, 7.1 Hz, 2H)	(t, J= 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.85	(d, J=4.5 Hz, 3H), 1.97	(t, J= 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.45	7.12-7.21 (m, 4H), 3.77	Hz, 1H), 7.3 (m, 2H),	Hz, 2H), 7.58 (bq, J=4.3	1H), 8.50 (dd, J=1.6, 2.7	(DMSO-d ₆ ): 13.03 (bs,	(dt, J=7.3, 7.1 Hz, 2H)	(t, J= 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.85	(d, J=4.5 Hz, 3H), 1.97	(t, J= 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.45	7.12-7.21 (m, 4H), 3.77	Hz, 1H), 7.3 (m, 2H),	Hz, 2H), 7.58 (bq, J=4.3	1H), 8.50 (dd, J=1.6, 2.7	$(DMSO-d_6): 13.03 (bs,$	6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.20 (s, 3H)	6.5  Hz, $1H$ ), $3.49  (d, J =$	7.16 (m, 2H), $4.06$ (t, $J =$	= 1.6, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.22-	7.32 (m, 2H), 7.26 (dd, J	1.5, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.37-	$(DMSO-d_6): 8.55 (dd, J =$

C-17

339

4.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (m, 3H),

7.14 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (t, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H),

3H), 1.92, (m, 3H), 1.70

(m, 1H)

3.23 (m, 2H), 2.88, (m,

4.6 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (bs, 2H)

 $(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (t, J =$ 

8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, J =

ξ. Έ

329, 331 329, 331

4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d. J =

 $(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (d, J =$ 

7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J =

C-18

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 $(DMSO-d_6): 8.57 (d, J =$ 

8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J =8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J =4.6 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J =

2H), 2.88 (m, 1H), 2.76 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.18 (bd,

(m, 2H), 1.82 (br, 4H)

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284.0806 284.0829

7.77 (br, 2H), 7.45-7.58

(m, 3H), 7.30-7.40 (m,

1H), 4.43 (s, 2H)

( CD₃OD): 8.74 (br, 2H),

2.52 (m, 2H), 1.64 (m, 2H)

2.68 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H),

(dd, J = 5.8, 9.8 Hz, 4H),

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 $(DMSO-d_6): 8.53 (br, 2H)$ ,

7.56 (br, 2H), 7.26 (m,

4H), 3.75 (br, 2H)

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(NH 383, 385

383, 385

 $(DMSO-d_6): 8.56 (br, 2H),$ 

7.52 (br, 2H), 7.14-7.29

(m, 4H), 2.99 (br, 2H),

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2.71 (br, 1H), 2.51 (br,	2H), 1.68 (br, 4H)

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The following pyridylpyrazoles (C-22 through C-40, Table C-2) are prepared utilizing the general schemes C-1 and

C-2 and the experimental procedure described for example

C-1 above.

rable C-2

Structure	SIN IN-N	**************************************	1.W
Cmpd. No.	C-22	C-23	C-24

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C-30 C-26

C-31

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C-43 C-41

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Example C-49

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Step A

suspended in 52 mL of dichloroethane and 52 mL of 2.5 M  $\,$ The pyrazole (2.60 g, 10.3 mmol) from example 4 was

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C-45

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Tetrabutylammonium hydroxide (0.5 mL of a 1 M temperature for 4 h. The mixture was poured onto 200 mL of CH₂Cl₂ and 200 mL of H₂O. The phases were separated and the organic phase was washed with water (1x100 mL) Na₂SO₄ and was filtered. The solvent was removed to leave This solid was triturated with this mixture was added t-butyl bromoacetate (2.10 g, 10.8 The reaction mixture was stirred at room The organic layer was dried over hexane and the resulting solid isolated by filtration. The solid was washed with hexane to leave 3.4 g of a aqueous solution) was added to the stirred mixture. and brine (1x100 mL). an off-white solid. white solid (90%). mmol).

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Step B

The alkylated pyrazole (3.7 g, 10.1 mmol) from Step residue was dissolved in THF. The solution was treated with propylene oxide (10.3 mmol) and was stirred for 1h The solvent was removed to leave an The residual solvent was chased with several The resulting solid was triturated Example C-49 was isolated by filtration to afford 3.0 g of an off-white NMR (DMSO-d6): 8.81 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J =solid (95%). Mass spec: M+H cald: 312; found 312. removed under reduced pressure and A was treated with 57 mL of 4 N HCL in dioxane. solution was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. with Et20 and the title compound at room temperature. portions of EtOH. solvent was oil. œ. 23 20

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5.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.23 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H).

Example C-50

Example C-51

5.16 (s, 2H).

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Starting with the N-Boc-piperidinyl analog of Example C-2, Example C-51 is also prepared according to the methods described in Scheme C-1.

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Example C-52

may range from  $-20~^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $120~^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The mixture is then hydroxysuccinimide. The reaction is allowed to stir from to 3 hours. The picoline solution is then added to a from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH in an monoketone is isolated as a crude solid which could be After drying and removal of solvent the pyridyl poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the temperature organic solvent such as THF, ether, t-BuOH or dioxane Step A: Picoline is treated with a base chosen from but purified by crystallization and/or chromatography. N-Cbz-(L)-phenylalaninyl

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25 Step B: A solution of the pyridyl monoketone in ether, THF, tBuOH, or dioxane is added to a base chosen from but

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solution in THF, ether, or dioxane to the monoketone intermediate is utilized without purification in Step C. and 50 °C. The resulting mixture is allowed to stir at anion while the temperature is maintained between -50 °C hours. Formyl acetic anhydride is then added as a contained in hexane, THF, ether, dioxane, or tBuOH from minutes to several hours. The resulting pyridyl diketone the specified temperature for a period of time from 5 78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH

25 2 chromatography or crystallization. mixture while maintaining the temperature between -20  $^\circ\mathrm{C}$ quenched with water and the pH is adjusted to between 4 and 40 °C for a period of 30 minutes to several hours. HOAc, H₂SO₄, HCl, or HNO₃. The temperature during this and 8 utilizing an inorganic or organic acid chosen from Step C: The solution containing the pyridyl diketone is an organic solvent. The N-Cbz-protected pyridyl pyrazole The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with Hydrazine or hydrazine hydrate is then added to the step is maintained between -20 °C and room temperature. is obtained as a crude solid which is purified by

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Step: D

The CBZ protecting group is cleaved using hydrogen gas under pressure and Pd-C in an alcohol solvent, affording scaffold G-52 after filtration and concentration.

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15 The following compounds C-53 through C-59 in Table C-3 are prepared according to the general procedure described above for the preparation of C-53.

### Table C-3

Structure	H-N-N-H
Example No.	C-53

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### Example C-60

5 Step A:

A Boc protected pyridylpyrazole is treated with benzaldehyde in methylene chloride at room temperature in

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the presence of a drying agent for a period of time ranging from 1-24 h. Solvent is then evaporated and the resulting imine is used in step B without further purification.

Step B:

20 5 5 under nitrogen at temperatures ranging from -78 to -20  $^{
m oc}$ . several hours. The mixture is then quenched with acid is dried and evaporated. several hours until cleavage of the Boc and the imine to the mixture which is then stirred for an additional 10 A base such as LDA, n-BuLi, or LiHMDS is added dropwise then crystallized and/or chromatographed to give purified the mixture is extracted with an organic solvent, which functions is complete. The pH is adjusted to 12 and then then added to the mixture and stirring is continued for minutes to 3 h. Two equivalents of a methyl iodide are The pyridylpyrazole imine is dissolved in THF and stirred and allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred The crude pyridylpyrazole is

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Example C-61

Example C-61 is prepared according to the method described in example C-60, substituting 1,4-dibromobutane for methyl iodide.

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Ежатр1е С-62

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Example C-62 is prepared according to the method described in example C-60, substituting 1,3-dibromoethane for methyl iodide.

### Example C-63

then treated with tert-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane to yield the a-ketoenamine B80. The a-ketoenamine B80 is with hydrazine to form the N-protected maleimide pyrazole B81. The 2,4-dimethoxybenzyl group is cleaved with ceric ammonium nitrate (CAN) to give the The synthesis of compound C-63 starts with the condensation reaction of bromomaleic anhydride B77 with 2, 4-dimethoxybenzylamine in acetic acid and acetic fluoroacetophenone in the presence of catalytic amount fluoroacetophenone substituted maleimide B79. B79 is anhydride. The maleimide B78 is then treated with 4'to form t-butoxide and sodium title compound C-63. condensed Pd2 (dba) 3 2

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 64 is prepared.

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### Example C-65

Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 65 is prepared.

### Example C-66

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example C-66 is synthesized, substituting N-2,4-dimethoxybenzyl-4-bromopyridone for B78.

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### Example C-67

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example C-67 is synthesized, substituting N-2,4-10 dimethoxybenzyl-4-bromopyridone for B78, and substituting N-Boc-glycyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B82.

### Example C-68

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, 20 Example C-68 is synthesized, substituting N-2.4-dimethoxybenzyl-4-bromopyridone for **B78**.

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Example C-69

Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 69 is prepared, substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

Example C-70

15 Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 70 is prepared, substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

Example C-71

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 71 is prepared, substituting N-methyl-3-bromomaleimide for **B78**.

Example C-72

10 Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 72 is prepared, substituting N-methyl-3-bromomaleimide for B78, and substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

Example C-73

Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 73 is prepared, substituting N-methyl-3-bromomaleimide for **B78** and substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for **B83**.

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s B-1573 and of Examples B-2270 through B-2462 are shown in the following tables. Biological data from compounds of Examples B-0001 through

the column identified as: In vitro P38-alpha kinase inhibitory data are shown in

"P38 alpha kinase IC50, uM or % inhib @ conc. (uM)"

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identified as: the compounds to inhibit TNF production in human U937 cells stimulated with LPS are shown in the column In vitro whole cell assay for measuring the ability of

"U937 Cell IC50, uM or % inhib @ conc., (uM)"

3

in the column identified as: inhibit LPS-stimulated TNF release in the mouse is shown In vivo assessment of the ability of the compounds to

"Mouse LPS Model, % TNF inhib @ dose @ predose time"

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administered by oral gavage and the predose time wherein in the dose is milligram per kilogram (mpk) the compound is administered. indicates the number of hours before LPS challenge when

23

In vivo assessment of the ability of the compounds to inhibit LPS-stimulated TNF release in the rat is shown in the column identified as:

"Rat LPS Model, % TNF inhib @ dose @ predose time"

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wherein in the dose is milligram per kilogram (mpk) administered by oral gavage and the predose time

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indicates the number of hours before LPS challenge when the compound is administered.

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	ICSO, uM or %	'n	TNF Inhib @ dose	Inhib Odose
Examples	Inhib@conc. (uM)	Inhib@conc. (uM)	• predose time	© predose time
B-0043	0.22 uM	0.54uM		
B-0044	0.14 uM	0.19uM		
B-0045	94.0%@1.0uM	1.01uM		
B-0046	96.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0047	94.0%@1.0uM	74.0%@10.0uM		
B-0048	94.0%@1.0uM	76.0%@10.0uM		
B-0049	88%@1.0uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0050	73%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0051	3.3uM	2.15uM	47%@100mpk@-6h	79%@3mpk@-4h
B-0052	92% @1.0uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
B-0053	95% @1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0054	90% @ 1.0uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0055	93%@1.0uM	×1.0uM		
B-0056	96% @ 1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0057	96% @ 1.0uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0058	79%@1.0uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0059	83%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
9-0080	73%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0061	62%@1.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0062	94%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0063	96%@1.0uM	40.0% @1.0uM		
B-0064	90%@1.0uM	4.0%@1.0uM		
B-0065	83%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0066	94%@1.0uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0067	91%@1.0uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0068	72%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0069	96%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0070	92%@1.0uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0071	86%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
8-0072	Mn0.19%77	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0073	91%@1.0uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
8-0074	92%@1.0uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-0075	91%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0076	58% @1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0077	0.8uM	10.0uM		
B-0078	80% @1.0uM	20.0% @1.0uM		
B-0079	93%@1.0uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0080	73%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0081	92%@1.0uM	13.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0082	47%@1.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0083	0.22uM	6.51uM		
B-0084	56%@1.0uM	30.0%@1.0uM		

0.03 uM 4.47uli 30.0% e1.0uli 82.0% e1.0uli 82.0% e1.0uli 82.0% e1.0uli 94.0% e1.0uli 68.0% e1.0uli 73.0% e1.0uli 73.0% e1.0uli 83.0% e1.0uli 73.0% e1.0uli 83.0% e1.0uli 84.0% e1.0uli 84.0% e1.0uli 85.0% e1.0uli

B-0027

B-0036 B-0037 B-0037 B-0039

B-0040

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SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

PCT/US98/10436

Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose Opredose time

Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose Opredose time

**U937 Cell IC50,uM** or % Inhib@conc. (uM)

P38 alpha kinase ICS0,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM)

*xample

3-0003

199

25.0% 61.0uM 40.0% 61.0uM 71.0% 61.0uM 28.0% 610.0uM 70.0% 61.0uM 28.0% 610.0uM 85.0% 610.0uM 85.0% 610.0uM 85.0% 610.0uM 74.0% 61.0uM 85.0% 610.0uM 74.0% 61.0uM 85.0% 610.0uM 70.0% 61.0uM 65.0% 610.0uM 65.0W 65.

## SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 287)

B-0168	B-0167	B-0166	B-0165	8-0164	B-0163	B-0162	B-0161	B-0160	B-0159	8-0158	B-0157	B-0156	B-0155	B-0154	B-0153	B-0152	B-0151	B-0150	B-0149	B-0148	B-0147	B-0146	B-0145	B-0144	B-0143	B-0142	B-0141	B-0140	B-0139	B-0138	B-0137	B-0136	B-0135	B-0134	B-0133	B-0132	B-0131	B-0130	B-0129	B-0128	B-0127	Example#		
44%@1.0uM	40.0% @1.0uM	45.0% @10.0uM	70.0% @10.0uM	37.0% @10.0uM	20.0% @10.0uM	23%@1.0uM	72.0% @10.0uM	59.0% @10.0uM	54.0% @10.0uM	58.0% @10.0uM	48.0% @10.0uM	42.0% @10.0uM	40.0% @10.0uM	65.0% @10.0uM	57.0% @1.0uM	51.0% @1.0uM	43.0% @1.0uM	27.0% @10.0uM	1.15 uM	51.0% @1.0uM	44.0% @1.0uM	77.0% @10.0uM	54.0% @10.0uM	Mu0.1@ %0.88	42.0% @1.0uM	Wn0.1@%0.38	Mu0.1@%0.87	67%@10.0uM	54.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@1.0uM	41.0%@1.0uM	77.0%@1.0uM	78.0%@1.0uM	60.0%@1.0uM	51.0%@1.0uM	76.0%@1.0uM	43.0%@1.0uM	69.0%@1.0uM	51.0%@1.0uM	78.0% @ 1.0uM	82.0%@1.0uM		IC50,uM or %	P36 alpha kinase
2.36 uM	37.0% @1.0uM	37.0% @1.0uM	19.0% @1.0uM	20.0% @1.0uM	10.0% @1.0uM	2.05 uM	13.0% @1.0uM	26.0% @1.0uM	5.0% @1.0uM		9.0% @1.0uM	13.0% @1.0uM	26.0% @1.0uM	14.0% @ 1.0uM	21.0% @1.0uM	24.0% @1.0uM	30.0% @1.0uM	35.0% @1.0uM	10.0 uM	>1.0uM	22.0% @1.0uM	28.0% @1.0uM	12.0% @1.0uM	43.0%@1.0uM	3.63uM	12.0%@1.0uM	10.0%@1.0uM	9.0%@1.0uM	17.0%@1.0uM	32.0%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM	44.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM	2.17uM	42.0%@1.0uM	8.0%@1.0uM	46.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM	1.81uM	0.96uM		or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell 1C50,uM
																																											TNF inhib @ dose	Mouse LPS Model %
																																											inhib @dose	Rat LPS Model %

## SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

		17.0%@1.0uM	70.0%@10.0uM	B-0125
		15.0%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM	B-0124
		>1.0uM	59.0%@1.0uM	B-0123
		2.0%@1.0uM	79.0%@10.0uM	B-0122
		1.22uM	79.0%@1.0uM	B-0121
70%@3mpk@-4h	77%@100mpk@-6h	0.21 uM	0.008 uM	B-0120
		2.78uM	89.0%@10.0uM	B-0119
		1.29 uM	1.18 uM	B-0118
	30%@30mpk@-6h	1.78 uM	0.46 uM	B-0117
		35.0%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM	B-0116
		2.0%@1.0uM	47.0%@1.0uM	B-0115
		3.92uM	45.0% @1.0uM	B-0114
		43.0%@1.0uM	75.0%@1.0uM	B-0113
		1.12uM	97.0%@1.0uM	8-0112
		>1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM	B-0111
		13.0%@1.0uM	66.0%@1.0uM	B-0110
		19.0%@1.0uM	45.0%@1.0uM	B-0109
		4.85uM	61.0%@1.0uM	8-0108
		5.0uM	0.27uM	B-0107
		5.0uM	62.0%@1.0uM	B-0106
		5.0uM	78.0%@1.0uM	B-0105
		2.78uM	56.0% @1.0uM	B-0104
		6.0%@1.0uM	71.0%@1.0uM	B-0103
		15.0%@1.0uM	81.0%@1.0uM	B-0102
		2.11uM	71.0% @1.0uM	1010-B
		5.0uM	75.0% @1.0uM	B-0100
		>1.0uM	43.0% @1.0uM	B-0099
		12.0%@1.0uM	66.0%@10.0uM	8-0098
		38.0%@1.0uM	72.0%@10.0uM	B-0097
		22.0%@1.0uM	Mn0.1@%16	B-0096
		38.0%@1.0uM	98%@1.0uM	B-0095
		52.0%@1.0uM	96%@1.0uM	B-0094
	30%@30mpk@-6h	1.25uM	3.18 uM	B-093
		34.0%@1.0uM	97%@1.0uM	B-0082
		40.0%@1.0uM	96%@1.0uM	B-0091
		52.0%@1.0uM	98%@1.0uM	9000
		3.33uM	0.04uM	8800-8
		9.0%@1.0uM	96%@1.0uM	B-0088
	38%@30mpk@-6h	2.26uM	0.55uM	8-0087
		37.0%@1.0uM	91%@1.0uM	B-0086
		21.0%@1.0uM	83%@1.0uM	5800-B
Opredose time	©predose time	Inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	Example#
inhib @dose	TNF inhib @ dose	0937 Cell IC50,uM or %	P38 atpha kinase IC50.uM or %	

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### SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

36.0% @1.0uM 1.0% @1.0uM 54.0% @1.0uM

75.0%@1.0uM

B-0248

Rat LPS Model % Inhib @dose @predose time Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time 90.0% @1.0uM 46.0% @1.0uM 82.0% @1.0uM 82.0% @1.0uM 70.0% @1.0uM 70.0% @1.0uM 53.0% @1.0uM 57.0% @1.0uM 27.0% @1.0uM 75.0% @1.0uM 75.0% @1.0uM 29.0% 01.0uM 1.0% 01.0uM 32.0% 01.0uM 32.0% 01.0uM 20.0% 01.0uM 1.0% 01.0uM 44.0% 01.0uM 30.0% 01.0uM 40.0% 1.0uM 20.0% 01.0uM 20.0% 01.0uM 20.0% 01.0uM 43.0%@1.0uM 68.0%@1.0uM or % inhib@conc. (uM) 18%@1.0uM 18%@1.0uM 40%@1.0uM 30%@1.0uM 28%@1.0uM 39%@1.0uM 50%@1.0uM ×1.0uM P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM) -0236 B-0234 B-0235 B-0246 B-0247 B-0233 B-0222 B-0232 B-0223

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U937 Cell IC50,uM

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Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose Opredose time Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @ predose time B-0169
B-0172
B-0173
B-0174
B-0177
B-0178
B-0181
B-0201
B or. % Inhib@conc. (uM) U837 Cell 1C50,uM P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)

**ELEGITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)** 

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## SUBSTITUTE SHEET (FULLE 28)

P36 alpha kinasa U337 Cell IC50,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM)	0.56uM	B-0306	B-0307	B-0308	B-0310	B-0311	B-0312	B-0313	B-0314	B-0315	B-0316	B-0317	B-0318	B-0319	B-0320	B-0321	B-0322	B-0323	B-0324	B-0325	B-0326	B-0326 B-0327	B-0326 B-0327 B-0328	B-0326 B-0327 B-0328 B-0329	B-0326 B-0327 B-0329 B-0330	B-0326 B-0327 B-0328 B-0330 B-0330 B-0331	B-0326 B-0327 B-0328 B-0339 B-0331 B-0331 B-0332	B-0326 B-0327 B-0329 B-0330 B-0330 B-0331 B-0333	B-0326 B-0327 B-0329 B-0330 B-0331 B-0333 B-0334	B-0326  B-0327  B-0328  B-0330  B-0330  B-0331  B-0333  B-0334  B-0335
Mouse LPS Model %. TNF inhib @ dose @predose time																														
Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time																														

## SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

		45.0%@1.0uM	0.68uM	B-0294
		53.0%@1.0uM	0.66uM	B-0293
		28.0%@1.0uM	0.22uM	B-0292
		20.0%@1.0uM	1.33uM	B-0291
		44.0%@1.0uM	0.66uM	B-0290
		55.0%@1.0uM	0.15uM	B-0289
		26.0%@1.0uM	4.46uM	B-0288
		22.0%@1.0uM	4.0uM	8-0287
		50.0%@1.0uM	0.33uM	B-0286
		29.0%@1.0uM	4.57uM	B-0285
		65.0%@1.0uM	0.083uM	B-0284
		29.0%@1.0uM	6.66uM	B-0283
		38.0%@1.0uM	0.75uM	B-0282
		24.0%@1.0uM	7.37uM	B-0281
		18.0%@1.0uM	0.86uM	B-0280
		33.0%@1.0uM	1.39uM	B-0279
		36.0%@1.0uM	1.26uM	B-0278
		34.0%@1.0uM	0.68uM	B-0277
		26.0%@1.0uM	1.25uM	B-0276
		33.0%@1.0uM	2.67uM	B-0275
		25.0%@1.0uM	2.68uM	B-0274
		13.0%@1.0uM	5.03uM	B-0273
		48.0%@1.0uM	1.81uM	B-0272
		12.0%@1.0uM	7.55uM	B-0271
		13.0%@1.0uM	5.79uM	B-0270
		19.0%@1.0uM	Mu18.6	B-0269
		Mn0.1@%0.81	Mu68:8	B-0268
		11.0%@1.0uM	0.48uM	B-0267
		24.0%@1.0uM	0.25uM	B-0266
		24.0%@1.0⊔M	0.92uM	B-0265
		18.0%@1.0uM	0.14uM	B-0264
		64.0%@1.0uM	0.62uM	B-0263
		Mu0.1@%0.68	0.41uM	B-0262
		23.0%@1.0uM	0.49u <b>M</b>	B-0261
		23.0%@1.0uM	0.56uM	B-0260
		Mn0.1@%0.85	Wn58.0	B-0259
		63.0%@1.0uM	Mu76.0	8-0258
		Mu0.1@%0.11	1.71uM	B-0257
		88.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	8-0256
		68.0%@1.0uM	0.32uM	B-0255
		59.0%@1.0uM	0.12uM	B-0254
		74.0%@1.0uM	0.061uM	B-0253
	•			Example#
©predose time	Ž	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	
inhih @dose	Mouse LPS Model %	U937 Cell (C50,uM	P38 alpha kinase	

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Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose

Mouse LPS Model %
TNF inhib @ dose
@predose time

U937 Cell IC50,uM To St. To Inhib@conc. (uM)

P38 alpha kinase L IC50,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM)

B-0337 B-0338 B-0339 B-0340 B-0341 B-0343 B-0344 B-0346 B-0346 B-0348 B-0348

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

		Dog with himse	14. 0301 II-O 2001	70 Jahrell 90 Jahrell	100
		ICSO, uM or %	% .io	TNF inhib @ dose	inhib @d
	Example#	innibe conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (um)	epredose time	a bredose
	B-0379	0.53uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0380	1.41uM	32.0% @1.0uM		
	B-0381	0.22uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0382	0.41uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0383	1.43uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0384	4.02uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0385	0.057uM	Mu6.0	30%@30mpk@-6h	0%@3mp
	B-0386	0.13uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0387	0.41uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0388	<0.1uM	36.0%@1.0uM		i
	B-0389	0.01uM	0.05uM		62%@3mp
	B-0390	0.089uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
•	B-0391	0.86uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0392	0.13uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0393	0.043uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0394	0.13uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0395	0.087uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0396	Mu√90.0	0.44uM		
	B-0397	0.17uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0398	0.054uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0399	0.14uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
	9 9 9 9 9 9	0.16uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0401	0.46uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
	8-0462	0.14uM	1.51uM		
	B-0403	1.77uM	2.42uM		
	90404	0.31uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0405	0.79uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0406	0.54uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0407	0.76uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0408	0.5uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0409	0.53uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0410	0.38uM	44.0% @1.0uM		
•	12	0.62uM	50.0% @1.0uM		
	B-0412	0.24uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0413	0.18uM	55.0% @ 1.0uM		
	B-0414	2.54uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0415	0.42uM	43.0% @1.0uM		
	B-0416	0.32uM	34.0% @1.0uM		
	B-0417	0.91uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0418	0.22uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
	B-0419	0.85uM	41.0%21.0uM		
	B-0420	0.83uM	49.0%@1.0uM		

51%@30mpk@-6h 54%@3mpk@-4h

B-0349
B-0350
B-0351
B-0352
B-0353
B-0354
B-0355
B-0356
B-0356
B-0356
B-0358

1.37uM 1.0uM 1.6uM 1.6uM 0.37uM 0.35uM 0.35uM 0.35uM 1.0uM 1.0umM 1.0umM 1.0umM 1.0um 1.0umM 1.0umM 1.0umM 1.0umM 1.0umM 1.0umM 1.0umM 1.0umM 1.0umM 1

B-0362 B-0360

B-0364
B-0366
B-0366
B-0366
B-0370
B-0371
B-0373
B-0374
B-0375
B-0375
B-0377
B-0377

675

inhib@conc. (uM) P38 sipha kinase IC50,uM or %

Inhib@conc. (uM) U937 Cell IC50,uM

Mouse LPS Model %
TNF inhib @ dose Opredose time

Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time

57.0%@1.0uM 40.0%@1.0uM 33.0%@1.0uM 32.0%@1.0uM 54.0%@1.0uM 0.74uM 39.0%@1.0uM

41%@3mpk@-4h

45.0%@1.0uM 75.0%@1.0uM 27.0%@1.0uM

0.056µM 0.063µM 0.027µM 0.190M 0.190µM 0.004µM 0.024µM 0.21µM 0.21µM 0.56µM 1.48µM 1.48µM 0.034µM 0.034µM

92.0% @1.0µM 92.0% @1.0µM 97.0% @1.0µM 54.0% @1.0µM 95.0% @1.0µM 86.0% @1.0µM 74.0% @1.0µM 96.0% @1.0µM 96.0% @1.0µM 96.0% @1.0µM 97.0% @1.0µM 98.0% @1.0µM

95.0%@1.0uM

56%@3mpk@-4h 15%@3mpk@-4h

54%@3mpk@-4h

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### 2.01uM 2.01uM 1.01uM 40.1uM 0.78uM 0.18uM 0.83uM 0.83uM 0.071uM 0.77uM 0.77uM 0.77uM 0.71uM 0.11uM 0.11uM 0.039uM 0.039uM 0.039uM 0.039uM 64.0%@1.0uM 89.0%@1.0uM 65.0%@1.0uM 61.0%@1.0uM 61.0%@1.0uM 91.0%@1.0uM 91.0%@1.0uM 91.0%@1.0uM 65.0%@1.0uM 65.0%@1.0uM 71.0%@1.0uM 91.0%@1.0uM 91.0%@1.0uM 91.0%@1.0uM 42%@30mpk@4h 75.0%@1.0uM 83.0%@1.0uM 83.0%@1.0uM 83.0%@1.0uM 83.0%@1.0uM 83.0%@1.0uM 83.0%@1.0uM 83.0%@1.0uM 83.0%@1.0uM 83.0%@1.0uM 95.0%@1.0uM 95.0%@1.0uM 96.0%@1.0uM 97.0%@1.0uM 36%@3mpk%-4

0.014uM 0.57uM 0.57uM 0.52uM 0.024uM 0.021uM 0.03uM 0.03uM

68.0%@1.DuM 68.0%@1.DuM 95.0%@1.DuM 95.0%@1.DuM 95.0%@1.DuM 95.0%@1.DuM 96.0%@1.DuM 74.0%@1.DuM 74.0%@1.DuM 36.0%@1.DuM 36.0%@1.DuM 37.0%@1.DuM 37.0%@1.DuM 37.0%@1.DuM 37.0%@1.DuM 41.0%@1.DuM 41.0%@1.DuM 41.0%@1.DuM 41.0%@1.DuM

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P38 siphs kinsse IC50,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM)

U937 Cell IC50,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM)

TNF inhib @ dose
Opredose time

Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time

95.0%@1.0uM 91.0%@1.0uM 98.0%@1.0uM 98.0%@1.0uM

93.0%@1.0uM

77.0%@1.0uM

0%@3mpk@-4h

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 20)

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Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time

Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time

U937 Cell IC50,uM or % T

P38 alpha kinase | 1 IC50,uM or % | Inhib@conc. (uM) |

680

37%@3mpk@-4h

65%@3mpk@-4l

5%@3mpk@-4h

0% ӨЗтрк Ө-4h

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

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B-0510

# SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

Prime   Prim	B-0646	B-0043	B-0645	B-0644	B-0643	B-0642	0-004	B-0641	8-0640	B-0639	8-0638	8-0637	B-0636	B-0635	B-0634	B-0633	B-0632	B-0631	B-0630	B-0629	B-0628	B-0627	B-0626	B-0625	B-0624	B-0623	B-0622	B-0621	B-0620	20010	B-0617	B-0616	B-0615	B-0614	B-0813	B-0611	B-0610	B-0609	B-0808	B-0607	B-0606	B-0605	B-0604	B-0603		P. S	B-0600	8-0599	Example#	
TNF   Inhib @ dose	0.26uM	MD6C0	O SALM	0.058uM	0.069uM	0.49uM	0.500181	0.58 M	0.36uM	0.051uM	0.25uM	0.11uM	<0.1uM	0.15uM	0.6uM	0.6uM	<0.1uM	0.065uM	0.06uM	0.2uM	0.023uM	0.25uM	<0.1uM	0.023uM	0.085uM	0.12uM	0.076uM	0.36uM	1.59uM	0.37480	0.045uM	0.38uM	0.08uM	0.76uM	0.15UM	0.65uM	<0.1uM	<0.1uM	0.059uM	2.79uM	0.17uM	0.18uM	0.3uM	0.09uM	0.0000m	O DROUM	0.0024M	4.16uM	inhib@conc. (uM)	IC50,uM or %
Inhib @dose   Examples   Cisquid or %   Examples   Cisquid or %   Examples   Cisquid or %   Cisquid or	94.0%@1.0uM	W.O.O. 00.00	80 0% @ 1 Du.M	89.0%@1.0uM	85.0%@1.0uM	MUU.1.09%0.08	00.0% @ 1.0.M	65 0% @1 DuM	94.0%@1.0uM	Mn0.1@%0.68	89.0%@1.0uM	92.0%@1.0uM	Mu0.1@%0.88	55.0%@1.0uM	40.0%@1.0uM	80.0%@1.0uM	79.0%@1.0uM	81.0%@1.0uM	77.0%@1.0uM	79.0%@1.0uM	72.0%@1.0uM	69.0%@1.0uM	85.0%@1.0uM	88.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM	76.0%@1.0uM	78.0%@1.0uM	68.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM	88.0% @1.0UM	92.0%@1.0uM	87.0%@1.0uM	83.0%@1.0uM	70.0%@1.0uM	76.0%@1.0uM	60.0% @1.0uM	88.0%@1.0uM	87.0%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM	Mu0.1@%0.07	53.0% @ 1.0uM	47.0%@1.0uM	20.0%@1.0uM	51.0%@1.0uM	81 08/01 0mM	1 21.14	28.0% @1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM	inhib@conc. (uM)	or %
Inhib @clase   Examples   Examp																					,																												@predose time	8
(C50,UM or % Inhib@cone. (uM) -0.11MM 0.83 uM 0.006 uM 0.178 uM 0.19 uM 0.19 uM 0.17 uM 0.18 uM 0.17 uM 0.18 uM 0.17 uM 0.18 uM 0.17 uM 0.18 u					0%@3mpk@					50%@3mpk@																								0%@3mpk@-4h											40/0000000	43%@3mnk%_4			epredose time	,
(C50,UM or % Inhib@cone. (uM) -0.11MM 0.83 uM 0.006 uM 0.178 uM 0.19 uM 0.19 uM 0.17 uM 0.18 uM 0.17 uM 0.18 uM 0.17 uM 0.18 uM 0.17 uM 0.18 u					4	1				÷				L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L	L	L	L	Ш		_		Ш		_	┸	Ŧ	L	L	Ш						Ŀ	7				`
(C50,UM or % Inhib® conc. (uM) -0.1UM 0.83UM 0.005UM 0.19UM 0.19UM 0.19UM 0.19UM 0.19UM 0.19UM 0.005UM			]		4	1		_		45	L				<u> </u>		<u>L</u>	1_	J		l		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		L			1	<u>]                                    </u>						1	1_	1				_	_1		1				
(C50,UM or % Inhib # conc. (uM)0.11uM				,		1				-45						<u>l</u> _	1.	1.	<u></u>		1_		<u> </u>											_1		1	1	1	]					_1		<u> </u>				
0.0M or % 9 conc. (uM) 9 conc. (uM) 1.78uM 1.178uM 1.1						<u></u>										1		1			1				1							ı m		į.					1	160	16							<u> </u>		
	B-0696	B-0695	B-0694			<u></u>	B-0691	B-0690			B-0687	B-0686	B-0685	8-0684			B-0682		B-Deep Control of the	100/6		D 0677	B-0676	B-0678	B-0674	1000/2	8-0671	B-0670	B-0669	B-0668	B-0667	B-0665		B-0663	B-0662	B-0661	B-0650		B-0657	B-0656	B-0655	B-0654	B-0653	B-0652			B-0649	B-0648		
		+		B-0593	3 2 2 2 2	B-0692	+	_	B-0689	B-0688	+	+	l	+	$\dagger$		-			+	1	$\dagger$	+	1	+				_		+		B-0664			1		Ť			L			_	B-0651	B-0650 0	-	,	Example	ICO

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TNF Inhib @ dose

Opredose time

Rat LPS Model % Inhib @dose @predose time

8%@3mpk@-4h

28%@3mpk@-4h

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### SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 20)

	P38 aipha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM	Mouse LPS Model % TNF Inhib © dose	Rat LPS Model % Inhib @dose
Example#	mindecone, tumi	mmpecone. (nw)	A bredose time	A brecose une
B-0746	0.01uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0747	1.1uM			
B-0748	1.2uM			
B-0749	4.4uM			
B-0750	0.92uM			
B-0751	1.6uM			
B-0752	0.33uM			
B-0753	0.37uM			
B-0754	0.55uM			
8-0755	2.3uM			,
B-0756	0.94uM			
B-0757	0.54uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
B-0758	1.5uM			
B-0759	0.3uM			
B-0760	0.01uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0761	<0.1uM			
B-0762	0.13uM	5.0% @1.0uM		
B-0763	0.015uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0764	0.67uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0765	Mus.o	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0766	0.95uM			
B-0767	0.08uM			
B-0768	1.4uM			
B-0769	12.7uM			
B-0770	2.3uM			
B-0771	0.5uM			
B-0772	0.8uM			
B-0773	14.0uM			
B-0774	1.5uM			
B-0775	0.6uM	Mu0.1<		
B-0776	0.9uM	>1.0uM		
B-0777	21.0uM			
B-0778	51.0uM			
B-0779	0.5uM			
B-0780	1.1 uld			
B-0781	48.0uM			
B-0782	22.0uM			
B-0783	8.0uM			
B-0784	Mu0.7			
B-0785	23.0uM			
B-0786	24.0uM			
B-0787	1,5uM			
B-0788	1.2uM			
B-0789	33.0uM			
B-0790	Nu0.1	4.0%@1.0uM		
B-0791	0.3uM	>1.0uM		
B-0792	1.1uM			
B-0783	0.3uM			
B-0784	2.9uM	2.0% @ 1.0uM		

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

11.0%@1.0uM >1.0uM

17.0%@1.0uM

>1.0uM

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Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time Mouse LPS Model % TNF Inhib @ dose @predose time 44.0% @1.0uM 43.0% @1.0uM 13.0% @1.0uM 55.0% @1.0uM 45.0% @1.0uM 29.0% @1.0uM 29.0% @1.0uM 22.0% @1.0uM 22.0% @1.0uM 22.0% @1.0uM P38 alpha kinase U937 Ceff IC50,uM IC50,uM or % or % inhib@conc. (uM) inhib@conc. (uM) 683

# SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 25)

(=1		_	r=			-	-1-	-1.	=+	_,	_	-	ı <u></u>	1-2	.=	-	1_	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	=		_	_,	=1					-r:	=1=		r	1	_		=1				=1	_	_,	_			
B-0892	B-0891	B-0890	B-0889	B-0888	0-0007	2004	B-DR96	20995	B-0884	B-0883	B-0882	B-0881	B-0880	8-0879	B-0878	B-0877	B-0876	B-0875	B-0874	B-0873	8-0872	B-0871	B-0870	B-0869	8980-B	8-0867	B-0866	8-0865	B-0864	8-0863	B-0862	P-0861	B-0860	0.0000	0.007	B-0856	B-0855	B-0854	8-0853	B-0852	B-0851	B-0850	B-0849	B-0848	B-0847	B-0846	B-0845	B-0844	Example#		
								1,000	1 89uM	1.06uM	1.48uM	1.36uM	0.15uM	0.87uM	0.65uM	1.17uM	0.89uM	2.13uM	1.92uM	6.92uM	3.13uM	1.9uM	3.13uM	4.19uM	3.28uM	0.62uM	1.38uM	0.66uM	0.39uM	0.81uM	2.15uM	1 32 11	38 1 14	20 Sub	5.25UM				•	1.02uM	0.91uM	1.81uM	1.25uM	1.56uM	0.73uM	1.8uM	1.78uM	0.4uM	and the conc. (um)	icso,um or %	P38 alpha kinase
										>1.0uM	9%@1.0uM	>1.0uM	40.0% @1.0uM	1.0%@1.0uM	19.0%@1.0uM	13.0% @ 1.0uM	>1.0uM	8%@1.0u₩	>1.0uM	>1.0uM	3.0% @ 1.0uM	>1.0uM	>1.0uM	>1.0uM	8.0%@1.0uM	>1.0uM	28.0%@1.0uM	46.0%@1.0uM	40.%@1.0uM	25.0%@1.0uM	4.0%@1.0uM	13 08/ 61 0::14		MINA'I AQ' A'OR	40 00 A1 014	38.0%@1.0uM	8.0%@1.0uM	25.0%@1.0uM	38.0% @1.0uM		39.0%@1.0uM	•	•		21.0%@1.0uM			25.0%@1.0uM	minoecone, (am)	or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM
																																																	C precese time	INF inhib & dose	86
		-																																															@predose time		2

## SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %	U937 Cell IC50,uM or %	Mouse LPS Model % TNF Inhib @ dose	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose
Example#	Inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	@predose time	@predose time
B-0795	1.9uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0796	1.4uM			
B-0797	1.04uM	•		
B-0798	1.73uM			
B-0799		>1.0uM		
B-0800	1.01uM	>1.0uM		
B-0801	Mu79.0	>1.0uM		
B-0802		>1.0uM		
B-0803	0.057uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0804	0.3uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0805	0.71uM	>1.0uM		
B-0806	3.28uM	>1.0uM		
B-0807	10.8uM			
B-0808	3.09uM	>1.0uM		
B-0809	1.22uM	7.0%@1.0uM		
B-0810	1.11uM	>1.0uM		
8-0811	2.79uM	2.0%@1.0uM		
B-0812	2.12uM	>1.0uM		
B-ORYA	- Constant	×10.00		
B-0815	2.11uM	>1.0uM		
B-0816	3.46uM	>1.0uM		
B-0817	3.07uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0818	4.97uM	>1.0uM		
8-0819	1.08uM	>1.0uM		
B-0820	1.64uM	3.0%@1.0uM		
B-0821	1.44uM			
B-0822	1.33uM			
B-0823	2.39uM	>1.0uM		
8-0824	3.41uM			
B-0825				
B-0826	1.74uM	•		
B-0827	15.6uM			
8780-8	Mue.7			
B-0830	0.54.14	34 09/00 1 Out		
B-0831	0.9uM	>1.0uM		
B-0832	1.49uM	•		
8-0833	0.95uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0834	1.25uM	•		
B-0835				
B-0836	1.24uM	•		
B-0837	1.96uM	>1.0uM		
B-0838	3.1uM	•		
8-0839	4.3uM	•		
B-0840	0.63uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0841	0.32uM	36.0% @1.0uM		
	O. Facility	00.0 70 W. I. WUM		

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47.0% @ 1.0uM 47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 63.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 51.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0w @ 1.0uM 78.0w @ 1.0uM 78.0w		P38 atpha kinase IC50,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Hat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
2 47.0%@1.0uM 6 67.0%@1.0uM 6 69.0%@1.0uM 6 69.0%@1.0uM 7 64.0%@1.0uM 8 78.0%@1.0uM 9 78.0%@1.0uM	Example#				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM	0893				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM	0894				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM	0895				
47.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM	9680				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM	7680				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 68.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM	8680				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM	6680	-			
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM	0060				
47.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM	1060				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM	0905				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 68.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM	893				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM	9004				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM	808				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 66.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM	9060				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 68.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM	2060				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM	8060				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 68.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM	g				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM	0100				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 51.0% @ 1.0uM 51.0% @ 1.0uM	15				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 61.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM	3				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 51.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM					
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 61.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM	2				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 51.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM	914				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 61.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM	915				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 61.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM	916				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 64.0% @ 1.0uM 51.0% @ 1.0uM	-0917				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 89.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM	918				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 51.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM	B-0919				
47.0% 61.0uM 67.0% 61.0uM 69.0% 61.0uM 69.0% 61.0uM 69.0% 61.0uM 51.0% 61.0uM 78.0% 61.0uM	920				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 61.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM	1000				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 51.0% @ 1.0uM 51.0% @ 1.0uM	5				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 51.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM	8				
47.0% 61.0uM 67.0% 61.0uM 69.0% 61.0uM 69.0% 61.0uM 69.0% 61.0uM 54.0% 61.0uM 54.0% 61.0uM	3				
47.0% 01.0uM 67.0% 01.0uM 69.0% 01.0uM 69.0% 01.0uM 69.0% 01.0uM 51.0% 01.0uM 78.0% 01.0uM	-0924				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 667.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 51.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM	-0925				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 51.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM	-0926				
47.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 51.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM	-0927				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 68.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 54.0% @1.0uM	-0928				
47.0% 01.0uM 67.0% 01.0uM 69.0% 01.0uM 69.0% 01.0uM 69.0% 01.0uM 51.0% 01.0uM 78.0% 01.0uM	6285				
47.0% 61.0uM 67.0% 61.0uM 69.0% 61.0uM 69.0% 61.0uM 69.0% 61.0uM 51.0% 61.0uM	933				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 68.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 51.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM	1				
47.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 51.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM	١				
67.0%@1.0UM 69.0%@1.0UM 69.0%@1.0UM 64.0%@1.0UM 51.0%@1.0UM 78.0%@1.0UM	Ę	A7 0% @1 0.1M	37 0% @ 1 Oak		
69.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 64.0% @1.0uM 51.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM	2005	67 0% @1 0 M	36 0% @ 1 DuM		
69.0% 61.00M 64.0% 61.00M 51.0% 61.00M 78.0% 61.00M	į	20 00 01 01 B	E4 00 84 0.M		
64.0%@1.0uM 51.0%@1.0uM 78.0%@1.0uM		09.0% B. Dulyi	34.0 AG 1.00m		
51.0%@1.0uM 78.0%@1.0uM	200	MD.1960.00	Man. >		
78.0%@1.0uM		64.U%@1.0UM	1./4UM		
78.0%@1.0uM		MUO. L®%0. Tc	4		
		78.0%@1.0uM	_		

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

687

WO 98/52940

WO 98/52940

889

Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time

U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)

PCT/US98/10436

# SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 28)

		40 00 @ 1 Out		
		32.0%@1.0uM	0.05uM	B-1087
		42.0%@1.0uM	-0.1uM	B-1086
		29.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1085
		29.0%@1.0uM	0.43uM	B-1084
		23.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1083
		54.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1082
		37.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1081
		28.0%@1.0uM	0.19uM	B-1080
		40.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1079
		48.0%@1.0uM	0.26uM	B-1078
		38.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1077
		31.0%@1.0uM	0.08uM	B-1076
		29.0%@1.0uM	0.03uM	B-1075
		33.0% @ 1.0uM	0.23uM	B-1074
		21.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1073
		28.0%@1.0uM	0.38uM	B-1072
		48.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1071
		44.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1070
		27.0%@1.0uM	0.22uM	B-1069
		24.0%@1.0uM	0.48uM	B-1068
		32.0%@1.0uM	1.6uM	B-1067
		39.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1066
		40.0%@1.0u₩	0.56uM	B-1065
		50.0%@1.0uM	0.39uM	B-1064
		44.0%@1.0uM	0.16uM	B-1063
		26.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1062
		19.0%@1.0uM	0.03uM	B-1061
		32.0%@1.0uM	0.11uM	B-1060
		24.0%@1.0uM	0.18uM	B-1059
		43.0%@1.0uM	0.66uM	B-1058
		0.72uM	85.0%@1.0uM	B-1057
		0.76uM	89.0%@1.0uM	B-1056
		63.0%@1.0uM	Mu0.19%0.68	B-1055
		55.0%@1.0uM	79.0%@1.0uM	B-1054
		0.4uM	78.0%@1.0uM	B-1053
		66%@1.0uM	69.0%@1.0uM	B-1052
		41% @1 0uM	68.0%.@1.DuM	B-1051
		MD0.1 @ 4.0.CO	MD0.1.8%0.70	B-1048
-		19.0%@1.0UM	67.0%@1.0UM	B-1048
		58.0%@1.0uM	72.0%@1.0uM	B-1047
		66.0%@1.0uM	72.0%@1.0uM	B-1046
		25.0%@1.0uM	78.0%@1.0uM	B-1045
		0.93uM	94.0%@1.0uM	B-1044
		53.0%@1.0uM	64.0%@1.0uM	8-1043
		12.0% @ 1.0uM	79.0%@1.0uM	8-1042
		73.0%@1.0uM	70.0%@1.0uM	B-1041
		Mn8c.0	72.0%@1.0uM	B-1040
				Example#
@predose time	Š	ÿ	inhib@conc. (uM)	
inhib @dose	TNF inhib @ dose	e *	IC50.uM or %	
THE PERSON A	Mondo the second of	COUNT CON 1000, CINI		

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

| Examples | 1000 | 33,0% @ 1,0uM | 10,00M | 10, P38 sipha kinase IC50,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM) U937 Cell IC50,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM) Mouse LPS Model % TNF Inhib @ dose Opredose time Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time

689

PCT/US98/10436

WO 98/52940

PCT/US98/10436

690

### SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

C550,MM o'% or %   The Inhib @ dose   Inhib @ dose   Inhib @ core   C550,MM o'%   C5		P38 alpha kinase	U937 Cell IC50,uM	8	Rat LPS Model %
1.82uM > 1.00uM   1.82uM   1.82uM   2.00ve 1.0uM   0.4uuM   2.20ve 1.0uuM   0.4uuM   2.20ve 1.0uuM   0.11uuM   32.0ve 1.0uuM   0.4uuM   7.20ve 1.0uuM   0.4uuM   0.3uuuM   6.0ve 30mpke-6h   7.20ve 1.0uuM   0.2uuuM   6.0ve 30mpke-6h   7.20ve 1.0uuM   0.3uuuM   40ve 30mpke-6h   7.20ve 1.0uuM   0.3uuuM   40ve 30mpke-6h   7.20ve 1.0uuM   0.3uuuM   0.3uum   0.3uuuM   0.3uum		IC50,uM or %	se s		inhib @dose
1.82uM > 510uM   0.041uM   2.47uM   32.0%e1.0uM   0.041uM   32.0%e1.0uM   0.11uM   32.0%e1.0uM   0.11uM   0.12uM   0.12u	Example#	innibecone. (uM)	inhibeconc. (uM)	Cpredose time	C predose time
0.041uM 32.0%e1.0uM 2.47uM 32.0%e1.0uM 0.11uM 32.0%e1.0uM 0.041uM 32.0%e1.0uM 0.43uM 61.0%e1.0uM 0.43uM 61.0%e1.0uM 0.43uM 61.0%e1.0uM 0.43uM 62.0%e1.0uM 0.22uM 52.0%e1.0uM 0.22uM 52.0%e1.0uM 0.22uM 52.0%e1.0uM 0.22uM 66.0%e1.0uM 0.22uM 66.0%e1.0uM 0.22uM 66.0%e1.0uM 0.22uM 66.0%e1.0uM 0.22uM 66.0%e1.0uM 0.22uM 0.33uM 0.22uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.32uM 0.33uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.32uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.32uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.32uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.30uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.30uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.30uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.30uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30uM 0.30	B-1138	1.82uM	>1.0uM		
1.66UM 33.0%@1.0UM 2.47UM 37.0%@1.0UM 0.11UM 37.0%@1.0UM 0.11UM 37.0%@1.0UM 0.44UM 77.0%@1.0UM 0.44UM 77.0%@1.0UM 0.44UM 77.0%@1.0UM 0.44UM 77.0%@1.0UM 0.44UM 77.0%@1.0UM 0.44UM 77.0%@1.0UM 0.44UM 75.0%@1.0UM 0.44UM 75.0%@1.0UM 0.44UM 75.0%@1.0UM 0.44UM 75.0%@1.0UM 0.22UM 75.0%@1.0UM 0.22UM 75.0%@1.0UM 0.22UM 75.0%@1.0UM 0.22UM 75.0%@1.0UM 0.23UM 65.0%@1.0UM 0.23UM 65.0%@1.0UM 0.23UM 0.33UM 60%@30mpk@-6h 74.0%@1.0UM 0.33UM 60%@30mpk@-6h 72.0%@1.0UM 0.33UM 60%@30mpk@-6h 72.0%@1.0UM 0.33UM 60%@30mpk@-6h 72.0%@1.0UM 0.33UM 60%@30mpk@-6h 72.0%@1.0UM 65%@1.0UM 72.0%@1.0UM 65%@1.0UM 72.0%@1.0UM 66%@1.0UM	B-1139	0.041uM	Mu0.19%0.62		
2.47uM 32.0%e1.0uM 0.11uM 40.0%e1.0uM 0.11uM 40.0%e1.0uM 10.4ulM 72.0%e1.0uM 10.4ulM 72.0%e1.0uM 0.4ulM 72.0%e1.0uM 0.4ulM 72.0%e1.0uM 0.4ulM 61.0%e1.0ulM 0.4TulM 61.0%e1.0ulM 0.52ulM 62.0%e1.0ulM 0.22ulM 66.0%e1.0ulM 0.22ulM 66.0%e1.0ulM 0.22ulM 66.0%e1.0ulM 0.22ulM 66.0%e1.0ulM 0.32ulM 0.32ulM 0.32ulM 0.33ulM	B-1140	1.68uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
0.11uM 20.70%91.0uM 0.41uM 77.0%91.0uM 0.43uM 77.0%91.0uM 0.43uM 61.0%91.0uM 0.43uM 61.0%91.0uM 0.43uM 61.0%91.0uM 0.43uM 66.0%91.0uM 0.43uM 77.0%91.0uM 0.22uM 52.0%91.0uM 0.22uM 52.0%91.0uM 0.22uM 52.0%91.0uM 0.22uM 52.0%91.0uM 0.22uM 66.0wM 66.0%91.0uM 0.22uM 66.0wM 66.0%91.0uM 0.22uM 66.0wM 66.0wM 0.22uM 66.0wM 0.33uM 40%930mpk@-6h 74.0%91.0uM 0.33uM 40%930mpk@-6h 74.0%91.0uM 0.33uM 40%930mpk@-6h 77.0%91.0uM 0.33uM 60%930mpk@-6h 77.0%91.0uM 0.33uM 60%930mpk@-6h 77.0%91.0uM 0.33uM 60%930mpk@-6h 77.0%91.0uM 0.33uM 60%930mpk@-6h 77.0%91.0uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 80.0%91.0uM 0.53uM 80.0%91.0uM 0.53uM 80.0%91.0uM 66%91.0uM 77.00%91.0uM 66%91.0uM 77.00%91.0uM 66%91.0uM 77.00%91.0uM 66%91.0uM 77.00%91.0uM 66%91.0uM 77.00%91.0uM 66%91.0uM 77.00%91.0uM 66%91.0uM 77.00%91.0uM 66%91.0uM 77.00%91.0uM 66%91.0uM 77.00%91.0uM 66%91.0uM	B-1141	2.47uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
0.17uM 40.0%91.0uM 1.07uM 1.07uM 77.0%91.0uM 1.07uM 77.0%91.0uM 0.04uM 77.0%91.0uM 0.095uM 53.0%91.0uM 61.0%91.0uM 61.0%91.0uM 0.095uM 73.0%91.0uM 61.0%91.0uM 0.095uM 73.0%91.0uM 73.0%91.0uM 0.095uM 1.09uM 0.09uM 77.0%91.0uM 0.09uM 0.09uM 77.0%91.0uM 0.09uM 0.09uM 77.0%91.0uM 0.09uM 0.09uM 1.09uM 0.09uM 1.09uM 0.09uM 0.00uM 0.09uM 0.09uM 0.09uM 0.09uM 0.09uM 0.09uM 0.00uM 0.0u	B-1142	0.11uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
0.44uM 7.20%69.10uM 0.47uM 17.20%69.10uM 0.44uM 7.720%69.10uM 0.44uM 0.47uM 61.0%91.0uM 0.47uM 61.0%91.0uM 0.45uM 61.0%91.0uM 0.47uM 61.0%91.0uM 0.47uM 72.0%69.10uM 65.0%91.0uM 65.0%91.0uM 65.0%69.10uM 65.0%91.0uM 65.0%91.0u	B-1143	0.17uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
1.07uM 61.0%uM 61.0%e1.0uM 61.0wM 61.0w	B-1144	0.44uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
0.47uM 61.0%e1.0uM 0.43uM 61.0%e1.0uM 1.55uM 61.0%e1.0uM 0.73uM 75.0%e1.0uM 0.73uM 75.0%e1.0uM 0.73uM 52.0%e1.0uM 0.27uM 52.0%e1.0uM 0.27uM 52.0%e1.0uM 0.27uM 66.0%e1.0uM 0.27uM 0.85uM 60%e30mpke-6h 74.0%e1.0uM 0.89uM 40%e30mpke-6h 74.0%e1.0uM 0.89uM 40%e30mpke-6h 74.0%e1.0uM 0.89uM 40%e30mpke-6h 74.0%e1.0uM 0.89uM 40%e30mpke-6h 74.0%e1.0uM 0.89uM 60%e30mpke-6h 74.0%e1.0uM 0.89uM 10%e30mpke-6h 70.0%e1.0uM 0.89uM 10%e30mpke-6h 72.0%e1.0uM 0.89uM 10%e30mpke-6h 72.0%e1.0uM 0.89uM 10%e30mpke-6h 72.0%e1.0uM 0.89uM 0.89uM 72.0%e1.0uM 0.89uM	B-1145	1.07uM	71.0%@1.0uM		
0.095sM 63.0%e1.0tM 0.47uM 61.0%e1.0tM 0.47uM 72.0%e1.0tM 0.32uM 72.0%e1.0tM 0.32uM 53.0%e1.0tM 0.22uM 53.0%e1.0tM 0.085sM 66.0%e1.0tM 0.027uM 72.0%e1.0tM 0.028uM 66.0%e3.0mpke-6h 66.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 40%e30mpke-6h 73.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 40%e30mpke-6h 66.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 40%e30mpke-6h 74.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 40%e30mpke-6h 74.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 1.03uM 77.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 80.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 77.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 1.03uM 80.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 77.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 80.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 80.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 80.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 80.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 80.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 80.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 77.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 80.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 77.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 80.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 77.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 80.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 77.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 77.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 0.33uM 77.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 77.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 80.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 77.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 77.0%e1.0tM 0.33uM 77.0%e1.0tM 0.03uM 80.0%e1.0tM 0.03uM	B-1146	0.47uM	Mu0.1@%0.19		
1.55UM 46.0% 1.0MM 0.42UM 1.55UM 46.0% 1.0MM 0.42UM 55.0% 1.0MM 0.73UM 55.0% 1.0MM 0.73UM 55.0% 1.0MM 0.73UM 55.0% 1.0UM 55.0% 1.0UM 55.0% 1.0UM 55.0% 1.0UM 55.0% 1.0UM 0.83UM 0.83UM 0.83UM 0.85UM 0.83UM 0.	B-1147	0.095uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
1.55uM 460% 10.0M 0.73uM 75.0% 91.0uM 0.73uM 72.0% 91.0uM 2.22uM 72.0% 91.0uM 2.22uM 25.0% 91.0uM 3.22uM 72.0% 91.0uM 1.22uM 72.0% 91.0uM 72.0% 91.0uM 72.0% 93.0uM 72.0% 91.0uM 0.33uM 40% 930mpk@-6h 72.0% 91.0uM 0.33uM 60% 930mpk@-6h 72.0% 91.0uM 0.33uM 60% 930mpk@-6h 72.0% 91.0uM 0.33uM 1.93uM 82.0% 91.0uM 0.33uM 82.0% 91.0uM 0.33uM 72.0% 91.0uM 0.53uM 82.0% 91.0uM 0.53uM 72.0% 91.0uM 0.53uM	B-1148	0.43uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
0.32u/M 72.0%e1.0uM 0.32u/M 53.0%e1.0uM 0.22u/M 53.0%e1.0uM 0.02xu/M 53.0%e1.0uM 0.22u/M 53.0%e1.0uM 0.22u/M 65.0%e1.0uM 0.22u/M 65.0%e1.0uM 0.22u/M 65.0%e1.0uM 0.22u/M 65.0%e1.0uM 0.22u/M 66.0%e1.0uM 77.0%e1.0uM 0.33u/M 40%e30mpke-6h 78.0%e1.0uM 0.33u/M 40%e30mpke-6h 78.0%e1.0uM 0.33u/M 60%e30mpke-6h 77.0%e1.0uM 0.33u/M 60%e30mpke-6h 77.0%e1.0uM 0.33u/M 60%e30mpke-6h 77.0%e1.0uM 0.33u/M 60%e30mpke-6h 66.0%e1.0uM 0.33u/M 60%e30mpke-6h 77.0%e1.0uM 0.33u/M 60%e30mpke-6h 66.0%e1.0uM 0.33u/M 60%e30mpke-6h 77.0%e1.0uM 0.33u/M 60%e30mpke-6h 66.0%e1.0uM 65.0%e1.0uM 65.0%e1.0uM 77.0%e1.0uM 65.0%e1.0uM 1.33u/M 66.0%e1.0uM 1.33u/M 66.0%e1.0uM 66.00%e1.0uM	B-1149	1.55uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
0.32UM 5.20%-0.0UM 0.73UM 0.720%-0.10UM 0.025UM 5.20%-0.10UM 0.025UM 5.20%-0.10UM 0.22UM 0.22UM 0.22UM 0.22UM 0.22UM 0.22UM 0.22UM 0.23UM 0.23UM 0.33UM 0.33	B-1150	0.47uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
0.73uM 53.0% 91.0uM 0.085uM 46.0% 91.0uM 0.085uM 46.0% 91.0uM 0.22uM 78.0% 91.0uM 73.2uM 78.0% 91.0uM 53% 930mpk@-6h 73.2uM 66.0% 91.0uM 65.0% 930mpk@-6h 79.0% 91.0uM 0.38uM 40% 930mpk@-6h 71.0% 91.0uM 0.38uM 60% 930mpk@-6h 77.0% 91.0uM 0.38uM 60% 930mpk@-6h 77.0% 91.0uM 0.38uM 60.8uM 86.0% 91.0uM 0.31uM 0.33uM 66.0% 91.0uM 0.53uM 0.53uM 66.0% 91.0uM 0.53uM 0.53uM 66.0% 91.0uM 0.53uM 0.53uM 77.0% 91.0uM 0.53uM	B-1151	0.32uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
2.22uM 22.0xe9.10uM 0.085uM 46.0xe9.10uM 0.085uM 32.2ve9.10uM 0.085uM 53.2ve9.10uM 0.22uM 57.0xe9.10uM 0.22uM 66.0xe9.10uM 0.32uM 66.0xe9.10uM 0.33uM 40%e30mpk@-6h 79.0xe9.10uM 0.33uM 60%e30mpk@-6h 77.0xe9.10uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 60.0xe9.10uM 0.11uM 0.33uM 0.53uM	B-1152	0.73uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
0.085uM 46.0%e1.0uM 0.22uM 3.22uM 30.0%e1.0uM 0.22uM 3.22uM 30.0%e1.0uM 0.22uM 50.2%e1.0uM 0.22uM 66.0%e1.0uM 0.33uM 66.0%e30mpke-6h 79.0%e1.0uM 0.33uM 66%e30mpke-6h 79.0%e1.0uM 0.33uM 40%e30mpke-6h 79.0%e1.0uM 0.33uM 40%e30mpke-6h 70.0%e1.0uM 0.33uM 40%e30mpke-6h 70.0%e1.0uM 0.33uM 66%e30mpke-6h 70.0%e1.0uM 0.33uM 66%e1.0uM 0.33uM 66%e1.0uM 0.33uM 66%e1.0uM 0.33uM 66%e1.0uM 0.33uM 66%e1.0uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 66%e1.0uM 0.33uM 0.3	B-1153	2.22uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
3.22uM 3.0.0%e 1.0uM 78.0%e 3.0mpke-6h 78.0%e 1.0uM 6.5uM 6.5%e 30mpke-6h 78.0%e 1.0uM 0.38uM 40%e 30mpke-6h 78.0%e 1.0uM 0.38uM 40%e 30mpke-6h 78.0%e 1.0uM 0.38uM 40%e 30mpke-6h 74.0%e 1.0uM 0.38uM 40%e 30mpke-6h 74.0%e 1.0uM 0.38uM 40%e 30mpke-6h 74.0%e 1.0uM 0.38uM 50%e 3.0uM 65.0%e 1.0uM 0.38uM 66.0%e 1.0uM 0.38uM 1.08uM 66.0%e 1.0uM 0.38uM 1.88uM 65.0%e 1.0uM 0.38uM 1.88uM 65.0%e 1.0uM 0.38uM 0.33uM 65.0%e 1.0uM 0.38uM 0.33uM 65.0%e 1.0uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 65.0%e 1.0uM 0.33uM 0.33uM 65.0%e 1.0uM 0.33uM 0.33	B-1154	0.085uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
0.27uM 66.0% 0.0ml 65.0% 0.0ml 66.0% 0.0ml 62.0ml 62.	B-1155	3.22uM	30.0% @ 1.0uM		
76.26uM 66.0%e1.0uM 10.8uM 65%e30mpk@-6h 66.0%e1.0uM 10.8uM 65%e30mpk@-6h 79.0%e1.0uM 0.8uM 40%e30mpk@-6h 79.0%e1.0uM 0.8uM 40%e30mpk@-6h 79.0%e1.0uM 0.8uM 40%e30mpk@-6h 79.0%e1.0uM 0.8uM 40%e30mpk@-6h 70.0%e1.0uM 0.8uM 50%e30mpk@-6h 70.0%e1.0uM 0.8uM 50%e30mpk@-6h 70.0%e1.0uM 0.8uM 65.0%e1.0uM 0.5uM 0.8uM 65.0%e1.0uM 0.1uM 65.0%e1.0uM 0.1uM 65.0%e1.0uM 0.1uM 65.0%e1.0uM 0.1uM 65.0%e1.0uM 0.1uM 0.8uM 72.0%e1.0uM 0.8uM 0.8uM 65.0%e1.0uM 0.8uM 0.8u	B-1156	0.27uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
74%@1.0uM 0.68uM 52%@30mpk@-6h 79.0%@1.0uM 0.83uM 60%@30mpk@-6h 79.0%@1.0uM 0.83uM 40%@30mpk@-6h 79.0%@1.0uM 0.83uM 40%@30mpk@-6h 74.0%@1.0uM 0.83uM 40%@30mpk@-6h 74.0%@1.0uM 0.33uM 40%@30mpk@-6h 74.0%@1.0uM 0.33uM 40%@30mpk@-6h 77.0%@1.0uM 0.33uM 1.08uM 66.0%@1.0uM 0.33uM 1.08uM 66.0%@1.0uM 0.31uM 0.32uM 66.0%@1.0uM 0.11uM 80.0%@1.0uM 0.11uM 0.33uM 1.85u%@1.0uM 0.31uM 0.33uM 1.85u%@1.0uM 0.31uM 0.33uM 0.	B-1157	0.26uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
66.0% 61.0uM 1.0suM 66% 830mpk@-6h 79.0% 61.0uM 0.3suM 40% 830mpk@-6h 78.0% 61.0uM 0.3suM 40% 830mpk@-6h 78.0% 61.0uM 0.3suM 40% 830mpk@-6h 78.0% 61.0uM 0.3suM 50% 830mpk@-6h 77.0% 61.0uM 0.5suM 65% 61.0uM 0.3suM 0.5suM 65% 61.0uM 0.3suM 0.5suM 65% 61.0uM 0.3suM 0.3su	B-1158	74%@1.0uM	0.68uM	53%@30mpk@-6h	
79.0% @ 1.0uM 0.39uM 40% @ 30mpk@ -6h 79.0% @ 1.0uM 0.39uM 40% @ 30mpk@ -6h 79.0% @ 1.0uM 0.39uM 40% @ 30mpk@ -6h 79.0% @ 1.0uM 0.39uM 50% @ 30mpk@ -6h 77.0% @ 1.0uM 0.39uM 50% @ 30mpk@ -6h 77.0% @ 1.0uM 0.39uM 50% @ 30mpk@ -6h 77.0% @ 1.0uM 0.59uM 0.59uM 66.0% @ 1.0uM 0.59uM 0.50uM 0.50u	B-1159	66.0%@1.0uM	1.03uM	60%@30mpk@-6h	
64.0%21.0uM 0.93uM 40%e30mpke-6h 74.0%e1.0uM 0.53uM 40%e30mpke-6h 74.0%e1.0uM 0.53uM 40%e30mpke-6h 74.0%e1.0uM 0.53uM 50.8uM 66.0%e1.0uM 0.53uM 50.8uM 66.0%e1.0uM 0.53uM 65.0%e1.0uM 0.53uM 0.53uM 65.0%e1.0uM 0.53uM 0.53uM 65.0%e1.0uM 0.53uM	B-1160	79.0%@1.0uM	0.38uM		
78.0% @ 1.0uM 0.55uM 40% @ 30mpk@ @ fh 74.0% @ 1.0uM 0.35uM 5.0c% @ 1.0uM 0.35uM 5.0c% @ 3.0uM 77.0% @ 1.0uM 0.55uM 6.0c% @ 1.0uM 0.55uM 6.0c% @ 1.0uM 0.51uM 0.52uM 6.0c% @ 1.0uM 0.52uM 6.0c% @ 1.0uM 0.52uM 6.0c% @ 1.0uM 0.52uM 6.0c% @ 1.0uM 0.52uM 0.52uM 6.0c% @ 1.0uM 0.52uM 0.52u	B-1161	64.0%21.0uM	0.93uM	40%@30mpk@-6h	45%@3mpk@-4h
74.0% @ 1.0uM 0.35uM 66.0% @ 1.0uM 0.35uM 50% @ 3.0uM 77.0% @ 1.0uM 1.05uM 1.05uM 1.05uM 1.05uM 1.05uM 1.05uM 1.05uM 1.05uM 0.53uM 86.0% @ 1.0uM 0.51uM 0.51uM 82.0% @ 1.0uM 0.23uM 65.0% @ 1.0uM 1.35uM 62.0% @ 1.0uM 1.35uM 65.0% @ 1.0uM 67.0% @ 1.0uM 1.15uM 80.0% @ 1.0uM 1.15uM 86.0% @ 1.0uM 1.15uM 0.53uM 1.51uM 86.0% @ 1.0uM 1.15uM 0.53uM 1.51uM 86.0% @ 1.0uM 0.53uM 0.53uM 1.510w 0.53uM 0.53	B-1162	79.0%@1.0uM	0.59uM	40%@30mpk@-6h	
66.0% @ 1.0uM 0.3suM 50% @ 30mpk@-6h 77.0% @ 1.0uM 0.3suM 50% @ 3.0uM 0.3suM 66.0% @ 1.0uM 0.3suM 66.0% @ 1.0uM 0.1uM 0.3uM 0.1uM 0.3uM 0.	B-1163	74.0%@1.0uM	0.37uM		
G. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO	1-16	•	0.35uM		
77.0% @ 1.0M 0.39UM 50%@30mpk@-Eh 77.0%@ 1.0UM 1.0SUM 66.0%@ 1.0UM 0.6SUM 89.0%@ 1.0UM 0.5SUM 89.0%@ 1.0UM 0.5SUM 0.7SUM 68.0%@ 1.0UM 0.23UM 62.0%@ 1.0UM 0.23UM 62.0%@ 1.0UM 0.8SUM 72.0%@ 1.0UM 67.0%@ 1.0UM 1.1SUM 72.0%@ 1.0UM 67.0%@ 1.0UM 1.1SUM 86.0%@ 1.0UM 0.5SUM 1.1SUM 86.0%@ 1.0UM 0.5SUM 0.5SUM 77.0%@ 1.0UM 0.5SUM 0.5SUM 77.0%@ 1.0UM 0.5SUM 0.5SUM 77.0%@ 1.0UM 0.5SUM 0.5SUM 77.0%@ 1.0UM 0.5SUM 0.5SUM 86.0%@ 1.0UM 0.5SUM 0.5SUM 0.5SUM 0.5SUM 86.0%@ 1.0UM 0.5SUM 0.5SUM 0.5SUM 86.0%@ 1.0UM 0.5SUM	B-1165	66.0%@1.0uM	0.99uM		
66.0% 61.0MM  80.0% 61.0MM  80.0% 61.0MM  82.0% 61.0MM  78.0% 61.0MM  80.0% 61.0MM  77.0% 61.0MM  78.0% 61.0MM  78.0% 61.0MM  78.0% 61.0MM  78.0% 61.0MM  77.0% 61.0MM  86.0% 61.0MM  77.0% 61.0MM  86.0% 61.0MM  86.0% 61.0MM  86.0% 61.0MM  86.0% 61.0MM	B-1166	77.0%@1.0uM	0.39uM	50%@30mpk@-6h	50%@3mpk@-4h
66.0% 61.0UM 82.0% 61.0UM 78.0% 61.0UM 68.0% 61.0UM 65.0% 61.0UM 65.0% 61.0UM 77.0% 61.0UM	B-1167	70.0% @1.0uM	1.06uM		
80.0% 61.0M 80.0% 61.0M 68.0% 61.0M 68.0% 61.0M 72.0% 61.0M 72.0% 61.0M 72.0% 61.0M 82.0% 61.0M 76.0% 61.0M 76.0% 61.0M 76.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M 86.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M 86.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M 86.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M 86.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M 86.0% 61.0M 86.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M 86.0%	F1168	66.0%@1.0uM	0.63uM		
82.0% 61.0M 68.0% 61.0M 68.0% 61.0M 65.0% 61.0M 80.0% 61.0M 72.0% 61.0M 72.0% 61.0M 72.0% 61.0M 78.0% 61.0M 78.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M 68.0% 61.0M 68.0% 61.0M 68.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M 68.0% 61.0M 77.0% 61.0M	B-1169	80.0%@1.0uM	0.11uM		
65.0% 61.0MM 65.0% 61.0MM 65.0% 61.0MM 67.0% 61.0MM 67.0% 61.0MM 67.0% 61.0MM 67.0% 61.0MM 68.0% 61.0MM 67.0% 61.0MM 67.0M	B-1170	82.0%@1.0uM	0.57uM		
65.0% 61.00M 67 72.0% 61.00M 67 72.0% 61.00M 67 70.0% 61.00M 67 70.0% 61.00M 78.0% 61.00M 78.0% 61.00M 77.0% 61.00M 77.0% 61.00M 67.00M 77.00% 61.00M 88.00% 61.00M 88.00% 61.00M 88.00% 61.00M 88.00% 61.00M 67.00% 61.00M 88.00% 61.00M 67.00% 61.00M	71.9	78.0%@1.0UM	0.Z3UM		
80.0% @ 1.00M G7 70.0% @ 1.00M G7 70.0% @ 1.00M G7 82.0% @ 1.00M 76.0% @ 1.00M 76.0% @ 1.00M 77.0% @ 1.00M 77.0% @ 1.00M 77.0% @ 1.00M 77.0% @ 1.00M 77.0% @ 1.00M 88.0% @ 1.00M	8-1173	65.0%@1.0dm	62% @1 Orth		
72.0%@1.0M 67 67.0%@1.0M 77.0%@1.0M 85.0%@1.0M 78.0%@1.0M 78.0%@1.0M 78.0%@1.0M 77.0%@1.0M 69.0%@1.0M 77.0%@1.0M 77.0%@1.0M 77.0%@1.0M 77.0%@1.0M 69.0%@1.0M 69.0% 69.0% 69.0% 69.0% 69.0%	B-1174	80.0%@1.0kiM	D. ShuM		
67.0% 61.0uM 67 70.0% 61.0uM 92.0% 61.0uM 86.0% 61.0uM 78.0% 61.0uM 77.0% 61.0uM 77.0% 61.0uM 71.0% 61.0uM 83.0% 61.0uM 83.0% 61.0uM	B-1175	72.0%@1.0uM	1.83uM		
70.0%@1.0uM 92.0%@1.0uM 86.0%@1.0uM 78.0%@1.0uM 77.0%@1.0uM 77.0%@1.0uM 71.0%@1.0uM 71.0%@1.0uM 71.0%@1.0uM	B-1176	67.0%@1.0uM	67.0%@1.0uM		
92.0% @ 1.0uM 86.0% @ 1.0uM 78.0% @ 1.0uM 77.0% @ 1.0uM 77.0% @ 1.0uM 68.0% @ 1.0uM 71.0% @ 1.0uM 83.0% @ 1.0uM	B-1177	70.0% @1.0uM	1.16uM		
86.0% 61,0uM 78.0% 61,0uM 72.0% 61,0uM 77.0% 61,0uM 77.0% 61,0uM 71.0% 61,0uM 71.0% 61,0uM 83.0% 61,0uM	B-1178	92.0% @ 1.0uM	1.61uM		
78.0% @1.0uM 72.0% @1.0uM 77.0% @1.0uM 69.0% @1.0uM 71.0% @1.0uM 83.0% @1.0uM	B-1179	86.0%@1,0uM	0.41uM		
79.0% @ 1.0uM 77.0% @ 1.0uM 69.0% @ 1.0uM 71.0% @ 1.0uM 83.0% @ 1.0uM	B-1180	78.0%@1.0uM	0.53uM		
72.0% 01.0uM 77.0% 01.0uM 69.0% 01.0uM 71.0% 01.0uM 83.0% 01.0uM	B-1181	79.0%@1.0uM	66%@1.0uM		
77.0%@1.0uM 69.0%@1.0uM 71.0%@1.0uM 83.0%@1.0uM	B-1182	72.0%@1.0uM	0.65uM		
69.0% @ 1.0uM 71.0% @ 1.0uM 83.0% @ 1.0uM	8-1183	77.0%@1.0uM	0.2uM		
71.0%@1.0uM 83.0%@1.0uM	9-1184	69.0%@1.0uM	0.63uM		
83.0%@1.0uM	B-1185	71.0%@1.0uM	0.79uM		
	B-1186	83.0%@1.0uM	60%@1.0uM		

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Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose Opredose time Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time or % Inhib@conc. (uM) UB37 Cell IC50,uM P38 alpha kinase UICSO,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM) II

BUBSITTUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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P38 alpha kinase U937 Cell IC50,uM IC50,uM or % or % inhib@conc. (uM)

TNF inhib @ dose

Opredose time

Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time

75.0%@1.0uM

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (FULLE 28)

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

	64.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1283	
	75.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1282	
	85.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1281	
	83.0%@1.0uM	0.039uM	B-1280	
	79.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1279	
	85.0%@1.0uM	0.12uM	B-1278	
	47.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1277	
	11.0%@1.0uM	0.062uM	B-1276	
	50.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1275	
	41.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1274	
	36.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1273	
	38.0%@1.0uM	0.014uM	B-1272	
	74.0%@1.0uM	0.13uM	B-1271	
	83.0%@1.0uM	0.47uM	B-1270	
	84.0%@1.0uM	0.46uM	B-1269	
	79.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1268	
	73.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1267	
	58.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1266	
	51.0%@1.0uM	0.43uM	B-1265	
	47.0%@1.0uM	0.32uM	B-1264	
	57.0%@1.0uM	1.05uM	B-1263	
	63.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1262	
	44.0%@1.0uM	0.74uM	B-1261	
	48.0%@1.0uM	0.11uM	B-1260	
	0.48uM	<0.1uM	B-1259	
	56.0%@1.0uM	0.07uM	B-1258	
	40.0%@1.0uM	1.48uM	B-1257	
	41.0%@1.0uM	0.12uM	B-1256	
	75.0%@1.0uM	12.9uM	B-1255	
-	68.0%@1.0uM	0.16uM	B-1254	
	57.0%@1.0uM	0.15uM	B-1253	
	46.0%@1.0uM	0.17uM	B-1252	
	38.0%@1.0uM	0.41uM	B-1251	
	18.0%@1.0uM	0.14uM	B-1250	
	60.0%@1.0uM	0.24uM	B-1249	
•	68.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1248	
	58.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1247	
	40.0%@1.0uM	0.27uM	B-1246	
	42.0% @1.0⊔M	0.49uM	B-1245	
	44.0%@1.0uM	0.26uM	B-1244	
	47.0%@1.0uM	0.04uM	B-1243	
	83.0%@1.0uM	0.08uM	B-1242	
	81.0%@1.0uM	0.04uM	B-1241	
	59.0%@1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1240	
	38.0% @1.0uM	<0.1uM	B-1239	
	16.0%@1.0uM	0.14uM	B-1238	
	39.0%@1.0uM	0.22uM	B-1237	
	53.0%@1.0uM	0.1uM	B-1236	
			earthings.	

| B-1187 | 76.0% @ 1.0µM | 3.0% @ 1.0µM | B-1188 | 68.0% @ 1.0µM | 62.0% @ 1.0µM | B-1189 | 74.0% @ 1.0µM | 62.0% @ 1.0µM | B-1190 | 74.0% @ 1.0µM | 65.0% @ 1.0µM | B-1191 | 74.0% @ 1.0µM | 65.0% @ 1.0µM | B-1192 | 69.0% @ 1.0µM | 65.0% @ 1.0µM | B-1193 | 69.0% @ 1.0µM | 60.0% @ 1.0µM | B-1196 | 74.0% @ 1.0µM | 60.0% @ 1.0µM | B-1197 | 77.0% @ 1.0µM | 60.0% @ 1.0µM | G-1200 | 64.0% @ 1.0µM | 65.0% @ 1.0µM | G-1200 | 64.0% @ 1.0µM | G-120µM | G-120

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P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)

U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhlb@conc. (uM)

Mouse LPS Model %
TNF inhib @ dose
Opredose time

Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time

3.0%@30mpk @-6H

Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time

Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time

U937 Cell IC50,uM or % Inhib@conc. (uM)

P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)

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)

53%@3mpk@-4h 17%@3mpk@-4h

6H 53.0% @ 30mpk@ -6.0H

0.28uM 0.27uM

0.009 0.009

B-1363

44.0%@30mpk @-

88.0% @ 1.0uM 0.27uM 0.22uM 0.23uM 0.29uM 0.77uM

54%@3mpk@-4l

73.0% @1.0uM 83.0% @1.0uM 83.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 67.0% @1.0uM 63.0% @1.0uM 63.0% @1.0uM 68.0% @1.0uM 86.0% @1.0uM 73.0% @1.0uM 84.0% @1.0uM 84.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM 89.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM 78.0% @1.0uM 81.0% @1.0uM

## SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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				9 1479
		34.0% @ 1.0uM	2.5uM	B-1477
			0.047uM	B-1476
		24.0% @1.0uM	2.1uM	B-1475
		31.0% @1.0uM	1.23uM	B-1474
		14.0% @1.0uM	1.24uM	B-1473
		12.0%@1.0uM	0.93uM	B-1472
		25.0% @1.0uM	0.85uM	B-1471
		28.0% @1.0uM	0.6uM	B-1470
		14.0% @1.0uM	0.37uM	B-1469
		10.0% @1.0uM	1.61uM	8-1468
		1.0% @1.0uM	1.22uM	B-1467
		>1.0uM	1.69uM	B-1466
		31.0% @1.0uM	3.23uM	B-1465
		27.0% @1.0uM	1.18uM	B-1464
			2.34uM	B-1463
			0.22uM	B-1462
		39.0% @1.0uM	0.4uM	B-1461
		29.0% @1.0uM	0.96uM	B-1460
		46.0% @1.0uM	0.67uM	B-1459
		65.0% @1.0uM	0.95uM	B-1458
		43.0% @1.0uM	0.43uM	B-1457
		>1.0uM	1.29uM	B-1456
		8.0% @1.0uM	1.21uM	B-1455
		12.0% @1.0uM	1.6uM	B-1454
		49.0% @1.0uM	2.53uM	B-1453
		47.0%@1.0uM	2,41uM	B-1452
		50% @1.0uM	2.88uM	B-1451
		49.0%@1.0uM	2.1uM	B-1450
		50.0% @1.0uM	1.61uM	B-1449
		22.0% @1.0uM	1.43uM	B-1448
		34.0% @1.0uM	0.5uM	B-1447
		36.0% @1.0uM	0.77uM	B-1446
		27.0% @1.0uM	0.43uM	B-1445
		24.0% @ 1.0uM	Muc.0	B-1444
		83.0% @1.0uM	0.014uM	B-1443
		18.0% @1.0⊔M	1.54uM	B-1442
		87 I	1.95u <b>M</b>	B-1441
		3.0% @1.0uM	0.87uM	B-1440
		17.0% @1.0uM	1.7u <b>M</b>	B-1439
		27 0% @1 0uM	201,14	B-1438
		23.0% @1.0uM	0.3u <b>M</b>	B-1437
			1.0uM	B-1436
			1.84%	B-1435
			0.19uM	B-1434
		21.0% @1.0uM	0.26uM	B-1433
		51.0% @1.0uM	0.11uM	B-1432
		58.0% @1.0uM	Mn96.0	B-1431
		35.0% @1.0uM	0.75uM	B-1430
			The second second	Example#
@predose time	Š	Inhih@conc. (uM)	Inhih Occario (Mi)	
inhib @dose	TNF inhib @ dose	2	CS0 uM or %	
	The state of the state of the	***************************************		

B-1392 B-1393 B-1393 B-1393 B-1393 B-1396 B-1396 B-1399 B-1400 B-1400 B-1400 B-1400 B-1400 B-1400 B-1401 B-

0.73UM
0.73UM
0.15UM
0.15UM
0.15UM
0.11UM
0.11UM
0.11UM
0.11UM
0.11UM
0.15UM
1.38UM
1.

697

P38 alpha kinase U937 Cell IC50,uM IC50,uM or % or % inhib@conc. (uM) inhib@conc. (uM)

TNF inhib @ dose

Operators time

Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time

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902

P38 alphe kinase U937 Cell IC50,uM Mouse LPS Model % Rat LPS Model % IC50,uM or % TNF inhib © inhib © dose inhib © conc. (uM) inhib © conc. (uM) dose © predose time © predose time 25%@30mpk@-1h 61.0% @ 10.0uM 46.0% @ 10.0uM 30.0% @ 10.0uM 41% @ 10.0uM 58.0% @ 10.0uM 56.0% @ 10.0uM 56.0% @ 10.0uM 63.0% @ 10.0uM 63.0% @ 10.0uM 63.0% @ 10.0uM 4.22uM 62.0% @10.0uM 43.0% @10.0uM 44.0% @10.0uM 58.0% @ 1.0uM 54.0% @ 10.0uM 56.0% @ 10.0uM 39.0% @ 10.0uM 56.0% @ 10.0uM 56.0% @ 10.0uM 47.0% @ 10.0uM 2.29uM B-2302 B-2304 B-2305 B-2306 B-2307 B-2308 B-2309 B-2298 B-2299 B-2300 B-2301 B-2272 8-2274

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## SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

		29.0%@10.0uM	39.0%@10.0uM	B-2389
		24.0%@10.0uM	42.0%@10.0uM	B-2388
		>10.0uM	50.0%@100.0uM	B-2387
		19.0%@10.0uM	38.0%@10.0uM	B-2386
		19.0%@10.0uM	79.0%@10.0uM	B-2385
		10.0%@10.0uM	49%@100.0⊔M	B-2384
		35.0%@10.0uM	63.0%@10.0uM	B-2383
		24.0%@10.0uM	51.0%@10.0uM	B-2382
		2.0%@10.0uM	68% @ 100.0uM	B-2381
		53.0%@10.0uM	81%@100.0uM	B-2380
		45.0%@1.0uM	73.0%@100.0uM	B-2379
		61.0% @ 10.0uM	48.0%@10.0uM	B-2378
		17.0%@10.0uM	34.0%@10.0uM	B-2377
		17.0%@10.0uM	32.0%@10.0uM	B-2376
		>10.0uM	62.0% @ 100.0uM	B-2375
		20.0% @ 10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM	B-2374
		6%@10.0uM	50.0%@100.0uM	B-2373
		>10.0uM	55.0%@100.0uM	B-2372
		36.0% @10.0uM	54.0%@10.0uM	B-2371
		20.0%@10.0uM	73%@100.0uM	B-2370
		>10.0uM	32.0%@10.0uM	B-2369
		55.0%@10.0uM	65.0%@10.0uM	B-2368
		40.0%@1.0uM	46.0% @ 10.0uM	B-2367
		59.0%@10.0uM	70.0%@10.0uM	B-2366
		43.0%@10.0uM	82.0%@10.0uM	B-2365
		4.0%@10.0uM	47.0%@10.0uM	B-2364
		1.0%@10.0uM	44.0%@10.0uM	B-2363
		39.0%@10.0uM	60%@100.0uM	B-2362
		46.0%@10.0uM	19.0%@10.0uM	B-2361
		>10.0uM	45.0%@10.0uM	B-2360
		35.0%@10.0uM	76.0%@10.0uM	B-2359
		52.0%@10.0uM	17.0%@10.0uM	B-2358
		41.0%@10.0uM	47.0%@10.0uM	B-2357
		45.0%@10.0uM	77.0%@10.0uM	B-2356
		50.0%@10.0uM	84.0%@10.0uM	B-2355
		25.0%@10.0uM	65.0% @ 10.0uM	B-2354
		33.0%@10.0uM	38.0% @ 10.0uM	B-2353
		19.0%@10.0uM	37.0%@10.0uM	B-2352
		1.0%@10.0uM	77.0%@10.0uM	B-2351
		56.0%@10.0uM	38.0% @10.0uM	B-2350
©predose time	predose	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM) inhib@conc.	
Inhib @dose	TNF inhib @	or %	P38 alpha kinase ICS0.uM or %	Example#

## SUBSTITUTE SHEET (FULE 26)

		27.0%@10.0uM	75.0%@10.0uM	B-2349
		48.0%@10.0uM	76.0%@10.0uM	B-2348
		50.0%@10.0uM	49.0%@10.0uM	B-2347
		48.0%@10.0uM	45.0%@10.0uM	B-2346
		38.0%@10.0uM	64.0%@10.0uM	B-2345
		50.0%@10.0uM	71.0%@10.0uM	B-2344
		27.0%@10.0uM	43.0%@10.0uM	B-2343
		46.0%@10.0uM	83.0%@10.0uM	B-2342
		50.0%@10.0uM	75.0%@10.0uM	B-2341
		12.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM	B-2340
		>10.0uM	84.0%@10.0uM	8-2339
		50.0%@10.0uM	73.0%@10.0uM	B-2338
		59.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM	B-2337
		35.0%@10.0uM	48.0%@10.0uM	B-2336
		50.0%@10.0uM	82.0%@10.0uM	B-2335
		45.0%@10.0uM	81.0%@10.0uM	B-2334
		36.0%@10.0uM	58.0%@10.0uM	B-2333
		47.0%@10.0uM	70.0%@10.0uM	B-2332
		44.0%@10.0uM	74.0%@10.0uM	B-2331
		37.0%@10.0uM	81.0%@10.0uM	B-2330
		53.0%@10.0uM	72.0%@10.0uM	B-2329
		28.0%@10.0uM	65.0% @ 10.0uM	B-2328
		23.0%@10.0uM	76.0%@10.0uM	B-2327
		33.0%@10.0uM	76.0%@10.0uM	B-2326
		51.0%@10.0uM	60.0%@10.0uM	B-2325
		Mn0.01@%0.86	58.0%@10.0uM	B-2324
		46.0%@10.0uM	69.0%@10.0uM	B-2323
		38.0%@10.0uM	76.0%@10.0uM	B-2322
		27.0%@10.0uM	69.0%@10.0uM	B-2321
		35.0%@10.0uM	44.0%@10.0uM	B-2320
		40.0% @ 10.0uM	75.0%@10.0uM	B-2319
		25.0% @ 10.0uM	73.0%@10.0uM	B-2318
		Wn0.01@%0.09	1.0uM	B-2317
		58.0%@10.0uM	0.46uM	B-2316
		Wn0.01@%0.9E	0.49uM	B-2315
		Mn0.01@%0.99	11.0uM	B-2314
		58.0%@10.0uM	42.3uM	B-2313
		43.0%@10.0uM	2.93uM	B-2312
		60%@10.0uM	7.18uM	B-2311
	50%@30mpk@-6h	1.2uM	0.12uM	B-2310
©predose time	dose @predose time	inhib@conc. (uM)	inhib@conc. (uM)	Examples
Rat LPS Model %	Mouse LP	=	P38 alphe kinase	

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Rat LPS Model % inhib Odose Opredose time

Mouse LPS Model %

U937 Cell IC50,uM

P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or %

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inhib@conc.' (uM)|inhib@conc. (uM)|dose @predose time

90.0%@10.0uM 61.0%@10.0uM 85.0%210.0uM | 68.0%@10.0uM 86.0%210.0uM 40.0%@10.0uM

B-2431

94.0% @ 10.0um | 84.0% @ 10.0um | 87.0% @ 10.0um | 82.0% @ 10.0um | 44.0% @ 10.0um | 44.0% @ 10.0um | 75.0% @ 10.0um | 76.0% @ 10.0um | 70.0% @ 10.0um | 70.0% @ 10.0um | 70.0% @ 10.0um | 94.0% @ 10.0um | 70.0% @ 10.0um | 90.0% @ 10.0um | 26.0% @ 10.0um | 26.0%

B-2433 B-2433 B-2435 B-2436 B-2437 B-2438 B-2438 B-2438

B-2441 B-2442 B-2443 B-2444 B-2446

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B-247 94.0% 91.0 DuM 31.0 DuM B-2448 75.0% 910.0 DuM 42.0% 910.0 DuM B-2449 86.0% 910.0 DuM 42.0% 910.0 DuM B-2450 87.0% 910.0 DuM 45.0% 910.0 DuM 85.0% 910.0 DuM 85.0% 910.0 DuM 85.0% 910.0 DuM 95.0% 910.0 DuM

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WHAT WE CLAIM IS:

1. A compound of Formula I

£

alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, R1 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl,

15 10 haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,

20 alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl,

25 aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,

alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl,

heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,

alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,

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heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and R1 has the formula

35 wherein:

heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, R²⁵ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, i is an integer from 0 to 9;

40 heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and R26 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl,

alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl,

45 cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and R27 is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,

55 50 aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,

60 arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene,

arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene,

alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene,

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alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,

alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,

65 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene, aralkylthioarylene

aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,

alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,

70 said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,

alxoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylatxy aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, 75 arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

is elected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylakylene, alkylheterocyclylakylene.

80 is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,
heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and
aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and
heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one

85 or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or  $\mathbb{R}^{2s}$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{2r}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which

they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more so radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclylalkylene,

alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,
alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,
alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,
alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and
salkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,

alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,
heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are
optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy;

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and

alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, arkenyl, aralkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkonylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aralkylamino,

aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylaminoarylene arylaminoarkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxyalkyl,

carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino,

alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl;

wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl,

cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally

substituted with one or more radicals independently

selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclyl,

aralkoxy, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, alkynamino, alkylamino, alkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, aralkylsulfonyl, or arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

125 R² has the f

$$\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{31} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{34} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{34} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{34} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{34} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{34} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{$$

wherein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and

m is 0 or 1; and

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R³⁰ and R³¹ are independently selected from hydrogen,

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alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R¹² is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, 135 heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

R³³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(0)R³⁵, -G(0)RR³⁵, -C(0)NR³⁷R³⁸, and -SO₂NR³⁹R⁴⁰, wherein R³⁵, R³⁸, R³⁷, R³⁸, R³⁸ and R⁴⁰ are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

R³⁴ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, 145 alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or R² is -CR⁴¹R⁴² wherein R⁴¹ is aryl, and R⁴² is hydroxy; and R³ is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl,

150 (IV) (V

wherein R⁴³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; and

wherein the R³ pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and 155 purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino,

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alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl

- 165 alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl,
  aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino,
  aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,
  aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl,
  alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl,
- 170 alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR**R** wherein R** is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R** is alkyl or aralkyl; and R* is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,
- cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein 175 R* is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulffnylalkylene,
- alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,
  arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
  aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl,
  alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano,
  nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,
- arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; provided R³ is not 2-pyridinyl when R⁴ is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R¹ is hydrido; further provided R² is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R⁴ is
- 190 hydrido; and further provided R' is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or
- a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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2. A compound of Claim 1 wherein

R¹ is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower
cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower
heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower haloalkyl,
lower hydroxyalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl,
lower mercaptoalkyl, lower alkylthioalkylene, amino,
lower alkylamino, lower arylamino, lower
alkylaminoalkylene, and lower heterocyclylalkylene; or

R¹ has the formula

wherein:

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i is 0, 1 or 2; and

Ris is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R²⁶ is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower 20 alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

R²⁷ is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkynyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl. lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower cycloalkylcycloalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylpheterocyclyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower

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phenylalkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl, lower alkoxyheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkoxyphenylene, lower

35 phenoxyphenylene, lower phenylalkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, lower phenoxyalkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, lower

40 aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkylene, lower phenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower

aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene

45 lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower alkylphenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenylcarbonylphenylene, lower

alkylphenylcarbonylphenylene, lower
50 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylphenylene, lower
alkoxycarbonylalkoxylphenylene, lower

alkoxycalbonylarnoxylphenylene, lower heterocyclylcarbonylalkylphenylene, lower alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, lower alkylthiophenylene, lower phenylalkylthiophenylene, lower

55 heterocyclylthiophenylene, lower phenylthioalklylphenylene, lower phenylsulfonylaminoalkylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, lower

alkylaminosulfonylphenylene; wherein said lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylheterocyclylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclylphenylene, lower phenoxyphenylene, lower phenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower

65 phenoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenylcarbonylphenylene lower alkylthiophenylene, lower heterocyclylthiophenylene, lower

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phenylthioalklylphenylene, and lower alkylsulfonylphenylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

70

R²⁷ is -CHR⁴⁶R⁴⁷ wherein R⁴⁶ is lower alkoxycarbonyl, and R⁴⁷ is selected from lower phenylalkyl, lower
75 phenylalkoxyalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkylthioalkylene, and lower

phenylalkylthioalkylene; wherein said phenylalkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl

90

and nitro; or

R²⁴ and R²⁷ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, lower

alkoxyphenylene, lower alkylphenoxyalkylene, lower 90 alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower phenylalkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino and lower alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene and lower phenoxyalkylene radicals are optionally

alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower

95 substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, lower alkyl and lower alkoxy; and R² is selected from hydrido, halogen, lower alkyl,

R⁷ is selected from hydrido, halogen, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower

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heterocyclylalkylamino, lower phenylalkylamino, lower

phenylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower

heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkynylamino

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aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower

alkylaminoalkylamino, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl,

lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, lower

carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower

heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,

lower alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower

alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower

alkoxycarbonylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylsulfonyl, lower heterocyclyloxy, and lower heterocyclylthio; wherein the aryl, heterocylyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl, and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, phenyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl,

lower alkynyl, phenyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower peroxyclylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower epoxyalkyl, carboxy, lower alkoxy, lower aryloxy, lower phenylalkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower phenylalkylsulfonyl, and phenylsulfonyl; or

125 R² has the formula:

wherein:

j is 0, 1 or 2; and

m is 0

130 R³⁰ and R³¹ are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and R³² is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, 135 heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,

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alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R¹³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(O)R¹⁵, -C(O)OR35, -SO2R36, -C(O)NR37R38, and -SO2NR39R40; 140

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{35}$  is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, arylcycloalkyl, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,

aryloxyalkylene, aralkoxyalkylene, cycloalkyloxyalkylene, arylarylene, arylheterocyclyl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyarylene, 145

alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,

selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, sralkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl, wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylarylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylarylene, and alkylthioalkylene; substituted with one or more radicals independently arylheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyalkylene, cycloalkoxyalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl groups are optionally alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, 155 150

alkylarylsulfonylamino, and R** is selected from aralkyl, R35 is -NR50R51 wherein R50 is alkyl, and R51 is aryl; R35 is CHR48R49 wherein R44 is arylsulfonylamino or amino, alkylamino, and aralkylamino; and 160

keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

wherein R36 is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl, carboxyarylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylaminoarylene, alkenylarylene, arylarylene, aralkyl, aralkenyl, neterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, 165 170

arylcarbonylaminoalkylheterocyclyl, alkylaminoarylene,

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alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, alkylamino, alkylaminoarylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, alkylsulfonylaralkyl, and arylsulfonylheterocyclyl; aralkyl, alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, and keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

175

wherein R³⁷ is selected from hydrogen and alkyl; and alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylarylene wherein R3 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, arylcycloalkyl, arylarylene, cycloalkylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,

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aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene alkylcarbonylcarbonylalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoaralkyl, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, 185

aralkyl, and heterocyclylalkylene groups are optionally aminosulfonylaralkyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, substituted with one or more radicals independently alkylthioarylene, alkylsulfonylaralkyl, and 190

R37 and R38 together with the nitrogen atom to which R38 is -CR52R53 wherein R52 is alkoxycarbonyl, and R53 haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or is alkylthioalkylene; or 195

 $R^{19}$  and  $R^{40}$  have the same definition as  $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  in they are attached form a heterocycle; and claim 1; or 200

R² is -CR⁵⁴R⁵⁵ wherein R⁵⁴ is phenyl and R⁵⁵ is hydroxy; 성

R' is selected from the group consisting of

(VI) (VII) (VIII)

vherein

k is an integer from 0 to 3; and

R⁵⁶ is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and

210 R⁵⁷ is hydrogen or lower alkyl; or

R⁵⁶ and R⁵⁷ form a lower alkylene bridge; and

R⁵⁸ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, aryl,

heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl,

alkylsulfonyl, aralkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, -C(O)R⁵⁹,

215 -SO₂R⁶⁰, and -C(O)NHR⁶⁵;

wherein R** is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylarylene, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, aralkoxy, alkoxyarkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, and aralkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and

wherein R⁶⁰ is selected from alkyl, aryl,
heterocyclyl, alkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, aralkyl,
heterocyclylheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene, alkylamino,
alkylaminoarylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, and
arylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl,
230 heterocyclyl, and aralkyl groups are optionally
substituted with one or more radicals independently
selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy,
haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

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wherein R⁶¹ is selected from alkyl, aryl,
235 alkylarylene, and alkoxyarylene; wherein said aryl group
is optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy,
haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and
cyano; and

240 R³ is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, and

wherein R⁴³ is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkenoxyalkyl and lower aryloxyalkyl; and

245

250 255 purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or alkylcarbonylamino, lower haloalkyl, hydroxy, lower phenylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower alkylsulfinyl, cyano, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower phenylalkenyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower arylamino, lower aralkylamino, nitro, halosulfonyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, halo, more radicals independently selected from lower alkoxyphenylalkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower lower alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, lower hydroxyalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower lower alkenylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower aminoalkyl, alkoxy, amino, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkylamino, wherein the R³ pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and

heterocyclylalkylamino, lower phenylalkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkoxyphenylalkylamino, hydrazinyl, lower alkoxyphenylalkylamino, hydrazinyl, lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR⁴³R⁴³ wherein R⁴³ is lower alkyl or lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁴³ is lower alkyl or lower

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phenylalkyl; and

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R'is selected from hydrido, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, and 5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl; wherein the lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, aryl and 5-10 membered heterocyclyl groups of R' are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, lower aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower

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heterocyclyl, lower haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, lower alkylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

275

3. A compound of Claim 2 wherein

R¹ is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopxopyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloroethyl, pentafluoroethyl,

agninoromecupy, uncontrolly penetration centry, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichloropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichloropropyl, dichloropropyl, ethenyl, difluoropropyl, ethenyl, propenyl, ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, morpholinylethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, thienylmethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, phenylamino,

15 methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, diethylaminoethyl,
 dimethylaminoethyl, ethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl,
 cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl,
 hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, mercaptomethyl, and
 methylthiomethyl; and

20 R² is selected from hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, phenyl, biphenyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl,

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trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl,
trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl,

25 difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl,
 difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl,
 dichloropropyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, pyridinyl,
 isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl,

pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl,

30 benzimidazolyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, piperidinyl,
 piperazinyl, morpholinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl,
 methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino
 N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-n propylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-methyl-N-phenylamino,

N-phenylamino, piperadinylamino, N-benzylamino, Npropargylamino, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropenyl, cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, N,N-

40 dimethylaminoethylamino, N.N-dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, methoxycarbonyl ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, 1,1dimethylethoxycarbonyl, 1,1-

45 dimethylethoxycarbonylaminoethylamino, 1,1dimethylethoxycarbonylaminopropylamino,

piperazinylcarbonyl, and 1,1-dimethylethoxycarbonyl; wherein the aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are

50 optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, benzyl, carboxy, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl,

55 dimethylamino, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, and 1,1-dimethylethylcarbonyl; or

 $R^2$  is -CR*4R5 wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

65 60 purinyl; wherein R3 is optionally substituted with one or aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, chlorophenylmethyl, chlorophenylethyl, fluorophenylmethyl, fluorophenylethyl, dichloromethyl, chloromethyl, hydroxy, difluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, aminosulfonyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo more radicals independently selected from methylthio, isobutyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, R3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, and

70 methoxy, ethoxy, propyloxy, n-butoxy, methylamino, fluorophenylethenyl, chlorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, chlorophenylpyrazolyl, carboxy,

75 cyclopropylamino, nitro, chlorosulfonyl, amino aminoethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, phenylamino, diphenylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, N,Nmethylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino,

ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, 2-

methylbutylamino, propargylamino, aminomethyl,

80 dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylethylamino,

85 90 hydrazinyl, or -NR62R63 wherein R62 is methylcarbonyl or methoxyphenylmethylamino, hydrazinyl, 1-methylmethylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, phenylmethylamino amino, and R⁶³ is methyl, ethyl or phenylmethyl; and

biphenyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylenyl, cyclobutenyl, piperidinyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, isothiazolyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, R' is selected from hydrido, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl

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105 100 95 the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof. methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, groups of R' are optionally substituted with one or more pyrazinyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydropyridinyl, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, ethynyl, radicals independently selected from methylthio, dihydrofuryl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrofuryl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, amino, cyano, nitro, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein

4. A compound of Claim 3 wherein

R1 is hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propargyl,

hydroxyethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl or morpholinylethyl;

10 optionally substituted with one or more radicals dimethylamino, N-phenylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, N,Npyridinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, and piperazinylamino; wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, and pyridinyl groups are R2 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl,

methyl, ethyl, and trifluoromethyl; independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo.

15 or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, quinolinyl; wherein R3 is optionally substituted with one R3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl on

20 pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; R' is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl,

dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl,

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cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of R' are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the

benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, 25

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

5. A compound of Claim 4 wherein

R1 is hydrido or methyl;

R2 is selected from hydrido, methyl or ethyl;

R3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or

quinolinyl; wherein R³ is optionally substituted with one dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; 2

selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, substituted with one or more radicals independently R' is selected from phenyl which is optionally ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy,

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof. trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or 15

6. A compound of Claim 2 wherein

R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, dichloromethyl, trichloroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl,

ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethenyl, propenyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, ដ

dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl,

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morpholinylmethyl, morpholinylethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridinylmethyl, thienylmethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, phenylamino, methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, methylaminoethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, ethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, mercaptomethyl, and methylthiomethyl; and

R2 has the formula:

$$\begin{array}{c} H^{30} \\ -\frac{c}{c} - (cH_2)_1 - \begin{bmatrix} H \\ c \\ H_3 \end{bmatrix}_m & (III) \end{array}$$

wherein:

j is 0, 1 or 2; and

m is 0; and

 $R^{10}$  and  $R^{11}$  are independently selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; 25

R12 is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower

alkylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene, and R33 is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, -C(O)R35 alkylaminoalkyl, lower phenylaminoalkyl, lower lower heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; 30

wherein R15 is selected from lower alkyl, lower -C(0)OR35, -SO2R36, -C(0)NR37R38, and -SO2NR39R40;

35

cycloalkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl selected alkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclyl, phenylphenylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower lower phenylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy, from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl, lower lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylcycloalkyl, lower 40

25

alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower phenylalkoxyalkylene, lower cycloalkyloxyalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower

alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene,

lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenylalkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, lower

50 alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl, lower

phenylcarbonyloxyalkylphenylene, and lower alkylthioalkylene; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower

55 phenylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower cycloalkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower

alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano;

60

R³⁵ is CHR⁴⁰R⁴⁹ wherein R⁴⁶ is phenylsulfonylamino or lower alkylphenylsulfonylamino, and R⁴⁹ is selected from lower phenylalkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, and lower

65

phenylalkylamino; or

R¹⁵ is -NR¹⁹R⁵¹ wherein R⁵⁰ is lower alkyl, and R⁵¹ is

aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl; and

wherein R¹⁶ is selected from lower alkyl, lower

70 haloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkenylphenylene, phenylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylalkenyl, lower heterocyclylheterocyclyl, carboxyphenylene, lower

alkoyphenylene, lower alkoycarbonylphenylene, lower alkylcarbonylaminophenylene, lower alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, lower phenylcarbonylaminoalkylheterocyclyl, lower

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alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylamino, lower
80 alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, lower
81kylsulfonylphenylalkyl, and lower
88 alkylsulfonylphenylalkyl, whorein asid and selected

phenylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, and lower

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alkylsulfonylphenylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein  $\mathbf{R}^{37}$  is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and

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wherein R³⁸ is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and 95 naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower phenylcycloalkyl, phenylphenylene, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower

phenylalkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower 100 alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyphenylene, phenylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylahkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower alkylcarbonylcarbonylalkylene, lower alkylaminoalkylene, lower alkylaminophenylalkyl, lower

105 alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, lower alkylthiophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylalkyl, and lower aminosulfonylphenylalkyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, and lower heterocyclylalkylene groups are

optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

 $R^{38}$  is -CR $^{52}R^{53}$  wherein  $R_{52}$  is lower alkoxycarbonyl,

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115 and  $R_{53}$  is lower alkylthioalkylene; or  $R^{37}$  and  $R^{39}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which

they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring heterocycle;  $\rm R^{19}$  and  $\rm R^{46}$  have the same definition as  $\rm R^{36}$  and  $\rm R^{37}$  in

claim 2; or  $$\rm R^2$  is selected from the group consisting of

(VI) (VII)

(VIII)

wherein

k is an integer from 0 to 2; and R⁵⁶ is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and R⁵⁷ is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and

125

R⁵⁸ is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower phenylalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower

130 lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower phenylsulfonyl, -C(0)R⁵⁹, -SO₂R⁶⁰, and -C(0)NHR⁶¹;

wherein R59 is selected from lower alkyl, lower

haloalkyl, lower cycloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxy, lower phenylalkoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower

alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl; wherein said
140 aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower
heterocyclyl, and lower phenylalkyl groups are optionally
substituted with one or more radicals independently
selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower

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haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino,

nitro, and cyano; and

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wherein R⁶⁰ is selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower

150 heterocyclylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, and lower phenylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl,

and lower phenylalkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano, and

wherein R⁶¹ is selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and napthyl, lower alkylphenylene, and lower alkoxyphenylene; wherein said aryl group is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy,

160

165

keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and
R¹ is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, and
purinyl; wherein R¹ is optionally substituted with one or
more radicals independently selected from methylthio,

aminosulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, aminosulfonyl, methyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, trichloromethyl,

dichloromethyl, chloromethyl, hydroxy,
fluorophenylmethyl, fluorophenylethyl,
chlorophenylmethyl, chlorophenylethyl,
fluorophenylethenyl, chlorophenylethenyl,
fluorophenylpyrazolyl, chlorophenylpyrazolyl, carboxy,

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205 195 190 185 210 200 180 methoxy, ethoxy, propyloxy, n-butoxy, methylamino, radicals independently selected from methylthio, the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl pyrazinyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydropyridinyl, biphenyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylenyl, cyclobutenyl, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino cyclopropylamino, nitro, chlorosulfonyl, amino ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, 2groups of R' are optionally substituted with one or more dihydrofuryl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrofuryl isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl, amino, and R63 is methyl, ethyl or phenylmethyl; and methoxyphenylmethylamino, hydrazinyl, 1-methylphenylmethylpiperidinylamino, phenylmethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, N,Nmethylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino, diphenylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminoethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, phenylamino, methylbutylamino, propargylamino, aminomethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, ethynyl, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein piperidinyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, isothiazolyl, hydrazinyl, or -NR62R63 wherein R62 is methylcarbonyl or methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylethylamino, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, amino, cyano, nitro, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, R4 is selected from hydrido, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl

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dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or

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a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof

7. A compound of Claim 6 wherein
R¹ is hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propargyl,
hydroxyethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl or
morpholinylethyl;

R² has the formula:

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wherein:

j is 0, 1 or 2; and

m is 0; and

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R¹⁰ is hydrogen; and

R¹¹ is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and

R¹² is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and

R¹³ is selected from lower alkyl, -C(0)R¹⁵, -C(0)OR³⁵

-SO₂R³⁶, -C(0)NR³⁷R³⁸, and -SO₂NR³⁹R⁴⁰;

uherein R³5 is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, phenyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, and lower phenylalkoxyalkylene; wherein said phenyl and lower phenoxyalkylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, and lower haloalkyl; and

25 phenylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylheterocyclyl, lower alkylamino; wherein said phenyl and lower heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower

lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene,

wherein R36 is selected from lower alkyl, phenyl

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haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein R¹⁷ is hydrogen; and

wherein R38 is selected from lower alkyl, phenyl, and lower alkylphenylene;

35

wherein R39 and R40 have the same definition as R26 and R27 in claim 2; or

R² is selected from the group consisting of

(VII) (VI) wherein 40

(VIII)

k is an integer from 0 or 1; and Rst is hydrogen; and

Rs' is hydrogen; and

R50 is selected from -C(0)R39 and -SO2R60;

45

alkoxyalkylene; wherein said phenyl group is optionally haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, wherein R⁵⁹ is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, phenyl, lower alkylphenylene, and lower substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower 20

R3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or wherein R60 is selected from lower alkyl; and

nitro, and cyano; and

quinolinyl; wherein R3 is optionally substituted with one dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, or more radicals independently selected from fluoro benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, 22

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amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; and ၀

cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, R' is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the

R' are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, hydroxy; or 65

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof. 2

8. A compound of Claim 7 wherein

R1 is hydrido or methyl; and

quinolinyl; wherein R3 is optionally substituted with one R3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or

dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; and

selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or substituted with one or more radicals independently R' is selected from phenyl which is optionally ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, ខ្ម

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof. 15

9. A compound of Claim 1 wherein R1 is hydrido.

10. A compound of Claim 2 wherein R1 is hydrido.

11. A compound of Claim 3 wherein R1 is hydrido.

12. A compound of Claim 6 wherein R1 is hydrido.

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13. A compound of Claim 3 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is methyl or thyl.

- 14. A compound of Claim 6 wherein  $R^1$  is methyl or y1.
- 15. A compound of Claim 2 wherein R2 is hydrido.
- 16. A compound of Claim 3 wherein R2 is hydrido.
- 17. A compound of Claim 2 wherein R' is optionally substituted phenyl.
- 18. A compound of Claim 3 wherein R* is optionally substituted phenyl.
- A compound of Claim 6 wherein R⁴ is optionally substituted phenyl.
- 20. A compound of Claim 2 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  and  $\mathbb{R}^2$  are selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl.
- 21. A compound of Claim 3 wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl
- 22. A compound of Claim 2 wherein R¹ and R² are selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl; and R⁴ is optionally substituted phenyl.
- 23. A compound of Claim 3 wherein R¹ and R² are selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl; and R⁴ is optionally substituted phenyl.
- 24. A compound of Formula IX

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whereir

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and

R¹ is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower
hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower heterocycyl, lower
aralkyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and
R² is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl
selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6membered heterocyclyl selected from niperidinyl

nembered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower

carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower
20 alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino,
lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower
alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower
alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and
heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or
nore radicals independently selected from halo, lower

heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower

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alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower
alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower
heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower
alkoxycarbonyl; or

R² is -CR⁵⁴R⁵⁵ wherein R⁵⁴ is phenyl and R⁵⁵ is hydroxy;

30

R' is selected from hydrido, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, lower cycloalkyldienyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, naphthyl; wherein R' is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and

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R⁵ is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkyr, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkyleamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower

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atylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxycaralkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkylylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR⁴²⁸ wherein R⁶³ is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁶³ is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁶³ is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁶³ is lower alkyl or lower

phenylalkyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

25. A compound of Claim 24 wherein R¹ is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and R² is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino,

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N.N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N.N-diethylamino, Npropylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino,

10 benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1-

15 dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino,
piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl,

piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl; and

R' is selected from cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals

30 independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and R's is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl,

35

fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxypthylamino, hydroxypthylamino,

40 hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino,

cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl,

- 50 45 methyl or benzyl; or NR⁶²R⁶³ wherein R⁶² is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁶³ is methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl,
- a pharmaceutically-acceptable galt or tautomer thereof.
- 26. A compound of Claim 24 wherein R1 is hydrido.
- 27. A compound of Claim 25 wherein R1 is hydrido.
- 28. A compound of Claim 24 wherein R1 is lower alkyl
- 29. A compound of Claim 25 wherein R1 is lower alkyl.
- 30. A compound of Claim 24 wherein R2 is hydrido.
- 31. A compound of Claim 25 wherein R2 is hydrido
- selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl 32. A compound of Claim 24 wherein R1 and R2 are
- selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl 33. A compound of Claim 25 wherein R1 and R2 are
- carbon atom. 34. A compound of Claim 25 wherein Z represents a
- 35. A compound of Formula X

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wherein

σ alkylaminoalkyl; and lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R1 is selected from lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl,

10 membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, R2 is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl

- 20 15 alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower
- 25 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and

lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower

more radicals independently selected from halo, lower

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heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl; or R² is -CR⁵⁴R⁵⁵ wherein R⁵⁴ is phenyl and R⁵⁵ is hydroxy;

30

R' is selected from 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, and radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and wherein R' is optionally substituted with one or more aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl;

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aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower R⁵ is selected from halo, amino, cyano,

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arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower 45

alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁶³ is lower alkyl or lower lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR⁶²R⁶³ wherein R⁶² is lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower phenylalkyl; or 20

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof

36. A compound of Claim 35 wherein

 $R^{\mbox{\tiny $I$}}$  is selected from methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and 55

ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-R² is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-

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aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, piperadinylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino,

dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino,

imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-65

dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1dimethyl) ethylcarbonyl, (1,1-

piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and ethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl, piperazinylcarbonyl, and 1,1-dimethyldimethyl) ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino, 2

more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-75

R' is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, dimethyl) ethoxycarbonyl; and

independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, 80

benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and 82

R' is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl,

ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, propargylamino, imidazolylamino, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, 90

cyclopropylamino, amino; hydroxy, methylcarbonyl, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, 95

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ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl,

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- methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or NR'8'R'3 wherein R'3 is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R'4 is methyl or benzyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.
- 37. A compound of Claim 35 wherein R1 is lower alkyl.
- 38. A compound of Claim 36 wherein R1 is lower alkyl
- 39. A compound of Claim 35 wherein R2 is hydrido.
- 40. A compound of Claim 36 wherein R2 is hydrido.
- 41. A compound of Claim 35 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is methyl or ethyl, and  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is selected from hydrido, methyl and ethyl.
- 42. A compound of Claim 36 wherein  $R^1$  is methyl or ethyl, and  $R^2$  is selected from hydrido, methyl and ethyl.
- 43. A compound of Claim 35 wherein Z represents a carbon atom.
- 44. A compound of Formula XI

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wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R¹ is selected from lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

R² is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 610 membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, phenylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower

- alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino,
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or 25 more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower

lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower

30  $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

alkoxycarbonyl; or

R' is selected from 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl; wherein R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and

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R⁵ is selected from halo, amino, cyano,

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aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower

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heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR62R63 wherein R63 is lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower 45

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof. alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁶³ is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or 20

R¹ is selected from methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and 45. A compound of Claim 44 wherein propargyl; and

ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-R2 is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, Naminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino,

imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, dimethyl) ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1-10

dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethyl-72

ethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl,

more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, 20

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methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl;

R' is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl,

independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, 25

R⁵ is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, hydroxy; and

30

aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl,

ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, 35

cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, 40

NR62R63 wherein R62 is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R63 is methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, methyl or benzyl; or 45

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

46. A compound of Claim 44 wherein R1 is lower alkyl.

47. A compound of Claim 45 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is lower alkyl.

48. A compound of Claim 44 wherein R2 is hydrido.

49. A compound of Claim 45 wherein R2 is hydrido.

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50. A compound of Claim 44 wherein R¹ is methyl or ethyl, and R² is selected from hydrido, methyl and ethyl

- 51. A compound of Claim 45 wherein  $R^1$  is methyl or ethyl, and  $R^2$  is selected from hydrido, methyl and ethyl
- 52. A compound of Claim 44 wherein  ${\tt Z}$  represents a arbon atom.
- 53. A compound of Formula IX

herein

σ

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and R¹ is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

R² is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl,

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lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower
alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower

lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino

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aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower
heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower
heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower
carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower
o alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino,

- 20 alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower
- 30 R² is -CR⁵⁴R⁵⁵ wherein R⁵⁴ is phenyl and R⁵⁵ is hydroxy; and

alkoxycarbonyl; or

heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower

R' is phenyl that is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower baloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and.

R⁵ is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower

- aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower aralkylamino, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower aralkenyl, lower alkylamino, lower aralkenyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkoxyamino, lower alkylamino, lower al
- 45 heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or -NR⁴³R⁴³ wherein R⁴³ is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁴³ is lower alkylcarbonyl or phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

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thereof.

54. A compound of Claim 53 wherein  $R^1$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl;

R² is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N.N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N.N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino,

dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino,
morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl,
imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino,
methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1-

15 dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl;

R' is phenyl that is optionally substituted with one 25 or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

R⁵ is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, 30 fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino,

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hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methyloarbonyl, 40 ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or . NR⁶Pk³ wherein R⁴ is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R⁶³ is methyl or benzyl; or

methyl or benzyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

thereof.

55. A compound of Claim 53 wherein R¹ is hydrido or lower alkyl. 56. A compound of Claim 54 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is hydrido or lower alkyl.

57. A compound of Claim 53 wherein R1 is hydrido.

58. A compound of Claim 54 wherein R1 is hydrido.

59. A compound of Claim 53 wherein R2 is hydrido.

60. A compound of Claim 54 wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is hydrido.

61. A compound of Claim 53 wherein R' is phenyl substituted with one or more fluoro, chloro or bromo 62. A compound of Claim 54 wherein R' is phenyl substituted with one or more fluoro, chloro or bromo.

63. A compound of Claim 53 wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^2$  are selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl.

selected independently from hydrido, methyl and ethyl. 64. A compound of Claim 54 wherein R1 and R2 are

65. A compound of Claim 53 wherein Z represents a

66. A compound of Formula IX

wherein

hydroxyalkyl and lower alkynyl; and R1 is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and

phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more halo R' is selected from phenyl and benzodioxolyl; wherein R2 is selected from hydrido and lower alkyl; and

radicals; and

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R⁵ is selected from hydrido, halo and

alkylhydrazinyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Z represents a carbon atom; and 67. A compound of Claim 66 wherein

propargyl; and R1 is selected from hydrido, methyl, hydroxyethyl,

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phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro and R' is selected from phenyl and benzodioxolyl; wherein R2 is hydrido; and

10 methylhydrazinyl; or  $R^5$  is selected from hydrido, fluoro, and 1-

thereof. a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

R2 is hydrido; and R1 is selected from hydrido and methyl; and Z represents a carbon atom; and 68. A compound of Claim 67 wherein

ຫ selected from chloro, fluoro and bromo; and a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof substituted with one or more radicals independently R' is selected from phenyl that is optionally R518 selected from hydrido and fluoro; or

salts, of the group consisting of their tautomers and their pharmaceutically acceptable 69. A compound of Claim 1 selected from compounds,

4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

y1]pyridine;

4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[5-methyl-3-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[5-methyl-3-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-

10 yl]pyridine;

4-[3-(4-chlorchpenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[5-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

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4-[5-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

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yllpyridine;

4-[3-methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[5-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl]-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine; 20

4- [3-methyl-5-[3-(phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

yl]pyridine;

4-[3-methyl-5-[2-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-25

2-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol;

3-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol;

1-hydroxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

30

S-(4-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-

pyrazol-3-amine;

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3amine; 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine; 35 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-5-yllpyridine;

4-(5-cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 40

4-[(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)methyl]pyridine;

4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-propyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[3,5-bis(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[4-methyl-2-(2-trifluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

45

4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

4-[5-methyl-3-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

20

yllpyridine;

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-[3-(3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

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4-[3-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

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4-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

4-[5-methyl-3-(3-nitrophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

N, N-dimethyl-4-[5-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3

yl]benzenamine;

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4-[3-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

4-[3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 65

4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4

yl]pyridine;

4-(3-ethyl-4-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

4-[5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[3-ethy]-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[5-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-70

yl]pyridine;

4-[5-(3-ethoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[3-methyl-5-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

75

4-[3-methyl-5-(3-thienyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[5-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yllpyridine;

4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-[5-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

8

ethyl 3- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazole-5-

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; propanoate;

5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-82

5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-

2-amine;

120 115 110 105 100 95 90 5-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4methoxypyridine; 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2yllpyridine; 2-methoxy-5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-2-methoxy-5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4methoxypyridine; 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2. 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2yllpyrimidin-2-amine; 5-{5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-5-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin 5-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin 2-amine; 753

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4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-

yl]pyridine;

methoxypyridine;

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140 130 155 150 145 135 160 125 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-4-{5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine; 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine; 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine 2-methanamine; 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine; 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2yl)pyridine; methoxypyridine;

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4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine 2-carboxamide; 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide; 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine-2-carboxamide; 165

4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine 2-carboxamide;

4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide 170

-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yllpyridine;

4-[5-(4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 4-[5-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-175

4-[5-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-y1)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-1] pyridine;

4-[5-(benzofuran-6-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; yl]pyridine;

4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-/llpyridine; 180

4-[5-(3-chloro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

4-[5-(1-cyclohexyen-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine; 185

4-[5-(1,3-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-/l)pyridine;

4-[5-(5,6-d1hydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-(5-cyclohexyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; 190

yl)pyridine;

[5-(4-methoxy-3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; yl)pyridine;

4-[5-(3-methoxy-4-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-[5-(3-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 195

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2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; 4-[5-(3-furyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyri-dine-2carboxylate; 200

4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-2-

carboxamide;

1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-2-

yl]ethanone;

202

N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-2-

yl)pyridin-2-amine

3-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

3-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl~1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-3-

210

carboxylate;

4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-3carboxamide;

1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-3-

yl]ethanone; 215

3-bromo-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-2-

yl)pyridin-3-amine;

2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;

4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine; 2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-220

yl) pyrimidine;

(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;

N, N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl)pyrimidin-2-amine; 225 4-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-

pyrazole;

3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(3-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole;

3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(2-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole; 4-(3-furyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;

4-(2-furyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole; 230

4-(3-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole

265 260 255 250 245 240 235 N, N-dimethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-N-ethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-N-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3pyrazol-3-amine; pyrazol-3-amine; 5-(3-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1Hpyrazol-3-amine dihydrate; 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3methylpyridine; 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylpyridine; 4-(1-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; 2-methyl-4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-(5-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole; 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; 3-methyl-4-(5-oxazolyl)-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole; 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(5-thiazolyl)-1H-pyrazole; 4-(5-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole; 2-methyl-4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-lH-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-(3-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;

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N, N-diethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-

300

yllpyrimidine, dihydrochloride;

pyrazol-3-amine;

5-(4-chlorophenyl)- N,N-diethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-

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295 290 285 280 275 270 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-1-{5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[2-(phenylmethyl)amino]-4-1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)yllpiperazine trihydrochloride; pyrazol-3-amine hydrate (2:1); 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-propyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-(phenylmethyl)piperazine; trihydrochloride; pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine, yl]piperazine; 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yllpiperazine trihydrochloride; 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate; methylpiperazine; 1,1-dimethylethyl-4-{5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)pyrazol-3-amine monohydrate; 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3pyrazol-3-amine; 1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;

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1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate;

N-[5-[4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]1,3-propanediamine, trihydrochloride monohydrate;
1,1-dimethylethyl [2-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]ethyl]carbamate;
1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-

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1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4pyrimidinyl>-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate; pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate; 1,1-dimethylethyl 4:[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4piperazinecarboxylate; 305

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4ethylpiperazine; 310

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,2-ethanediamine;

4-[3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

- [3-(3-ethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; yl)pyridine;

315

1-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

1-[3-ethyl-5-(3-ethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine; 320

!- [3-cyclopropyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

5-cyclopropy1-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1Hoyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; pyrazole-1-ethanol; 325

|- (3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol; 330

1-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone, 1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone;

2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-Ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylate; 1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid; 335

pyrazole-1-ethanol; 340

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4-[3-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3carboxylic acid;

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-

1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3yl]carbonyl]piperazine; methanol; 345

1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-

1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate; 4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine; 350

4-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyridine;

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; 355

4-{3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine; yl]pyridine; 360

4.[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4yllpyridine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol; 4- [3-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 365

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol; 370

4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-

pyridinecarbonitrile; 375

4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-

4-{3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylp 2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; yridine; 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-y)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrid 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; pyridinecarboxamide; 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; Methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; pyridinecarboxylic acid; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2pyridinecarboxylate; pyridinecarboxamide; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-2-pyridinamine; 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-{3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl) 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl- $\alpha$ -phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H -yl] -2-methylpyridine; pyrazole-5-methanol; yl]ethyl]morpholine; 761

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2-methyl-4-{1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4

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-yl]pyridine;

4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

415 4-[3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[1-methyl-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

420 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine;

4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine;

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridi

425 4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; enyl)pyridine; (E)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(2-phenyleth

yl) - 2-pyridinamine; (S)-4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(2-methylbut

phenyl)methyl]- 2-pyridinamine; 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxy-

430

N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-2-pyridinemethanamine;

N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-2-pyridinemethanamine;

435 2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-lH-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-IH-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

4-{1-methyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl 4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

440 N-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyra zol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;

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N-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyraz ol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;

445 methylhydrazino)pyridine; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(1-

2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]p

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoro-

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pyridine;

450 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methylpyridine; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methylpyridine;

4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-flu oropyridine;

455 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazo
1e-1-ethanamine;
2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

460 (phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-pyridinamine; N'-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-N,N-dimethyl-1,2-ethanediamine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}-N-[1-

N - (4-(5-(4-index-opineny)) - in pyrador 4-yil - z-pyridinnyil N,N-dimethyl-1,2-ethanediamine; 2,4-bis[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-iH-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-4-

465 morpholineethanamine;
3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole1-ethanol;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl]-2-pyridinamine;
470 4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-

pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine;
(E)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-{2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethenyl]4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-N,N-dimethyl-

475 1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-pyridinamine;

480 4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine;
3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4 pyridinyl]-N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;
N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3 (or 5)-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-

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485 [[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-4-piperadinyl-2pyridinamine,

N,N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-490 1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;

4-[1-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1Hpyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine;
2-[[4-[3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyridinyl]amino]ethanol;

495 2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethanol;

3-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1-propanol;

3 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 4 - [2 - [[(4 - fluorophenyl) methyl] amino] 4 - pyridinyl] - 1H - pyrazole - 1 - ethanol;

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5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;

N,N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;

N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-morpholinepropanamine;

N' - [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] 510 N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine;
5- (4-fluorophenyl) -N-2-propynyl-4- (4-pyridinyl) -1Hpyrazol-3-amine;

3-(4-fluorophenyl) -4-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;

515 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]
4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
4-[3-[(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]quinoline;
N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-

yl]glycine methyl ester; 520 N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-

yl]glycine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl)pyridine;

4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

525 yl]pyridine;

4,4'-(1H-pyrazole-3,4-diyl)bis[pyridine];

4-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-

piperidinamine;

530 2-Chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-

yl]pyrimidine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone

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pyrimidinamine; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-

pyrimidinamine; 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-

2-pyrimidinamine;

540 N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2pyrimidinamine;

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-

methoxyphenyl) methyl] -2-pyrimidinamine;

545 N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine;

N- (phenylmethyl) acetamide;

Ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-

pyrimidinyl] carbamate;

4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

550 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;

4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine; and

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

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their tautomers and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, of the group consisting of 70. A compound of Claim 1 selected from compounds,

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71. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

72. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

73. A compound of claim 1 that is 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

74. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(1-methylhydrazino)pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

75. A compound of claim 1 that is 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

76. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-cyclopropyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

77. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

78. A compound of claim 1 that is 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

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79. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

80. A compound of claim 1 that is 2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

81. A compound of claim 1 that is

4-[3-(3,4-diflurophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4 -yl)pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

82. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof. 83. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

84. A compound of claim 1 that is

4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol

5-y)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yllpyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

85. A compound of claim 1 that is

4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

86. A compound of claim 1 that is 4-[3-(3fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.

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87. A compound of claim 1 that is 5-(4-

fluoropheny1)-N-2-propyny1-4-(4-pyridiny1)-1H-pyrazo1-3amine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer
thoreof

- 88. A substituted pyrazole that specifically binds to an ATP binding site of p38 kinase.
- 89. A compound of claim 88 having the formula:

•

R¹ is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units; and

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 ${\bf R}^2$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical that binds with p38 kinase at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase; and

R¹ is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality; and

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R* is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units;

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provided R³ is not 2-pyridinyl when R⁴ is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R¹ is hydrido; further provided R² is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R⁴ is hydrido; and further provided R⁴ is not

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methylsulfonylphenyl; or

- a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.
- 90. A compound of claim 89 wherein R² is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical that binds with Lya₅₂, Glu₆₉, Leu₁₂, Ile₆₂, Leu₁₄, Leu₁₄, and Thr₁₀₃ sidechains at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase, said radical being substantially disposed within a hydrophobic cavity form
- binding site of p38 kinase, said radical being substantially disposed within a hydrophobic cavity formed during said binding by p38 kinase at the ATP binding site.
- 91. A compound of claim 89 wherein R³ is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality that hydrogen bonds with the N-H backbone of Met_{10f} of p38 kinase.

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- 92. A compound of claim 89 wherein  $R^1$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 250 atomic mass units.
- 93. A compound of claim 89 wherein R* is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 250 atomic mass units.
- 94. A compound of claim 89 wherein

 $\mathbf{R}^1$  is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units; and

R² is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical wherein said radical binds with Lys₂₂, Glu₄₉, Leu₁₃, Ile₆₂, Leu₄₄, Leu₁₀₁, and Thr₁₀₃ sidechains

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at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase, said radical being substantially disposed within a hydrophobic cavity formed during said binding by p38 kinase at the ATP binding site; and

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R' is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality that hydrogen bonds with the N-H backbone of Met. of p38 kinase; and

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R' is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units.

- 95. A compound of claim 94 wherein R¹ and R² are independently selected from hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl and heterocyclyl radicals and have a combined molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units.
- 96. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of Claims 1; or a pharmaceutically acceptable sait thereof.
- 97. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 96 wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 3; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 98. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 96 wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 4; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 99. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 96 wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 5; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 100. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 96

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wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 6; or a pharmaceutically acceptable sait thereof.

101. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of Claim 24; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

102. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 101 wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 25; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of Claim 25; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

104. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 103 wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 36; or a pharmaceutically acceptable sait thereof

105. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of Claim 44; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

106. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 105 wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 45; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

107. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of Claim 53; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

108. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 107

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wherein said compound is selected from the compounds of Claim 54; or a pharmaceutically acceptable sait thereof

- 109. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the of compounds of Claim 66; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 110. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the compounds of Claims 69; or a pharmaceutically salt thereof.
- 111. A pharmaceutical composition of Claim 110 wherein said compound is 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 112. A method of treating a TNF mediated disorder, said method comprising treating the subject having or susceptible to such disorder with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula I

wherein

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R1 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl,

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haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl,
hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,
arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,
alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl,
15 heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl,
alkylthicalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl,

- 15 heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl,
- 20 arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl,
  alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,
  heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,
  alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl,
  alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,
  25 heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,
  aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene,
  alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,
- aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

$$-\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{100} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = \frac$$

R1 has the formula

wherein:

35

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R25 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,

40 aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

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R²⁶ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl,

45

alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and R²⁷ is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,

cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyatylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,

alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene,

60 arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,

65 alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene, aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,

alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylarylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene,

alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl,

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alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

80 R²⁷ is -CHR²⁸R²⁹ wherein R²⁸ is alkoxycarbonyl, and R²⁹ is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and

85 heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or

R²⁶ and R²⁷ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more

90 heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,

alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy;

95

100 and

R² is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino,

heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoalkylamino, arylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio,

arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,

carboxyantyremnio, anxwycarbony, mecescyclytalkoxycarbonylatkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino,

120 115 alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, substituted with one or more radicals independently cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl,  ${\tt alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino}, \ {\tt and} \ {\tt heterocyclylsulfonyl};$ selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,

arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or R² has the formula:

125

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and

m is 0 or 1; and

130

alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl,  $R^{30}$  and  $R^{31}$  are independently selected from hydrogen,

135 heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, R³³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,

140  $R^{16}$ ,  $R^{37}$ ,  $R^{38}$ ,  $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and  $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{39}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein  $R^{35}$ R³³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(0)R³⁵,

145 alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or R34 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl,

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quinolinyl, purinyl,  $R^2$  is -CR $^{42}R^{42}$  wherein  $R^{41}$  is aryl, and  $R^{42}$  is hydroxy; and  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl,

150

aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; wherein R⁴³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,

160 155 cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio wherein the R' pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and

165 aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hýdroxy, hydroxyalkyl,

170 alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR44R45 wherein R44 is alkylcarbonyl or alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, amino, and R45 is alkyl or aralkyl; and

175 R4 is optionally substituted with one or more radicals cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R' is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,

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independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,

180

alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycsrbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,

nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,
arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;
provided R³ is not 2-pyridinyl when R⁴ is a phenyl ring
containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R¹ is hydrido;
further provided R² is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl,
unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R⁴ is
hydrido; and further provided R⁴ is not
methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

113. A method of treating a p38 kinase mediated disorder, said method comprising treating the subject having or susceptible to such disorder with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula I

Ξ

wherein

R¹ is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,

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10 cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, 15 alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkyl, alkylamino, alkylthioalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino,

20 alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl,

alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, arkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene,

arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

35 R¹ has the formula

wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;  $R^{2s}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,

40 heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,

heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and

alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, R26 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl,

45

- aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and R27 is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl
- 55 50 alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,
- alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene,
- 60 aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene,
- 65 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,
- aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,
- 70 arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,
- 75 aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene

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independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, are optionally substituted with one or more radicals

80 is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or  $\mathbb{R}^{27}$  is -CHR²⁸R²⁹ wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{28}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $\mathbb{R}^{29}$ 

heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene

- 85 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and
- nitro; or or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one  $\mathbb{R}^{26}$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which
- 90 radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,
- 95 optionally substituted with one or more radicals heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,
- 100 independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy;
- 105 alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, R² is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl,
- 110 alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino,
- carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl,

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alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,

115 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino,

alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl;

wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl,

cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally

substituted with one or more radicals independently

aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl, epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, alkylamino, alkylamino, alkylamino,

125 alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

R² has the formula:

$$\frac{R^{30}}{-\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{R^{32}}{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{R^{32}}{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{R^{32}}{\frac{1}{4}}$$
(II)

wherein:

130 j is an integer from 0 to 8; and m is 0 or 1; and R¹⁰ and R¹⁰ and R¹⁰ and R¹⁰ are independently selected from hydrogen,

alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, 135 alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

135 arkoxyalkyl, and alkyldarbonyloxyalkyl; and
R¹³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,
heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,
aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,
alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and

R³³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(0)R³⁵,
-C(0)OR³⁵, -SO₂R³⁶, -C(0)NR³⁷R³⁹, and -SO₂NR³⁹R⁴⁰, wherein R³⁵,
R³⁶, R³⁷, R³⁹ and R⁴⁰ are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and
heterocyclyl; and

heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

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, 192 R²⁴ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or R² is -CR⁴¹R⁴² wherein R⁴¹ is aryl, and R⁴² is hydroxy; and R² is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl,

150 quinolinyl, purinyl,

(IV)

3

wherein R⁴³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; and

155

wherein the R² pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, aralkyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy,

alkylsulfinyl, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino,

aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl,
 alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl,
 alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl,
 aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino,
 aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,

aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR***** wherein R*** is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R**** is alkyl or aralkyl; and

R' is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,

175

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185 190 180 alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R4 is further provided R2 is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals provided  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is not 2-pyridinyl when  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is a phenyl ring arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R1 is hydrido; aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

methylsulfonylphenyl; or

hydrido; and further provided R4 is not

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114. A method of treating inflammation, said method comprising treating the subject having or susceptible to inflammation with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula I

herein

R1 is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl,

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alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,
cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene,
10 heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl,
haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl,
hydroxyalkynyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,
arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,
alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl,

15 heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl,

20 arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl,
 alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,
 heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,
 alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl,
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,
 heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,
 aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene,
 alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,
 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,
 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,

heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or R1 has the formula

30

alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,

arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,

R1 has the formula

wherein:

35

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R²⁵ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,
heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,

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alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and 40

R²⁶ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl,

45

cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, R27 is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,

alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, 20

alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkylaminoalkylene, aryļaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, 55

arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, 9

heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene, 65

aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,

cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,

alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, arylthioalklylarylene, arylbulfonylaminoalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, 2

alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, 75

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arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or R27 is -CHR28R29 wherein R28 is alkoxycarbonyl, and R28 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, 89

heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or 85

 $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said 8

alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,

independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and optionally substituted with one or more radicals alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, 95

R' is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, and 100

heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, 105

arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, 110

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carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylami

- alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl.

  120 aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,
- alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl 125 arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

R² has the formula:

alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,

herein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and

m is 0 or 1; and

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R³⁰ and R³¹ are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

- 135 R¹² is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;
- 140 R³³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(O)R³⁵,
  -C(O)OR³⁵, -SO₂R³⁶, -C(O)NR³⁷R³⁰, and -SO₂NR³⁵R⁴⁰, wherein R³⁵,
  R³⁶, R³⁷, R³⁹, R³⁹ and R⁴⁰ are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and

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heterocyclyl; and

R* is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or R* is -CR**R** wherein R** is aryl, and R** is hydroxy; and R** is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl,

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wherein R43 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; and

- wherein the R¹ pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio,
- carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio,

  160 alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,

  aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino,

  alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino,

  cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino,

  aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl,

  165 alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl,
- 165 alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl,
   alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl,
   aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino,
   aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,
   aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl,
- alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR"R"s wherein R" is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R's is alkyl or aralkyl; and

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R* is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,
cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein
R* is optionally substituted with one or more radicals
independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl,
alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio,
alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl,

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alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene,
alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,
arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,
aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl,
alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano,
nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,
arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;
provided R³ is not 2-pyridinyl when R⁴ is a phenyl ring
containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R³ is hydrido;
further provided R² is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl,
unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R⁴ is
hydrido; and further provided R⁴ is not

methylsulfonylphenyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer 115. A method of treating arthritis, said method comprising treating the subject having or susceptible to arthritis with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Pormula I

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wherein

R¹ is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, 10 heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl,

15 heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkiylthioalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkynylaulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl,

20 arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylsminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,

heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,

30 alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R1 has the formula

herein

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i is an integer from 0 to 9;

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R²⁵ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,

40

- alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and R²⁶ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl,
- alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl,
  45 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and
  R²⁷ is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl.
- aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylarylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylarylene,
- alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,
- 55 alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene,
- 60 arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,
- alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,
  65 alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,
  heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,
  cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,

aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,

arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,

alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein

said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,

heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,

alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,

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aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,

- 75 alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or
- 60 R²⁷ is -CHR²⁸R²⁹ wherein R²⁹ is alkoxycarbonyl, and R²⁹ is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and
- 85 heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or

R²⁴ and R²⁷ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said 90 heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more

- radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl alkylardno and
- 95 alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and
- R² is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino,
- 105 heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio,

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carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, 110

selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylBulfonyl; substituted with one or more radicals independently wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally 115

epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkyleulfonyl, 120

arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or 125

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and

m is 0 or 1; and

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alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene R30 and R31 are independently selected from hydrogen, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl,

R12 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and 135

heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

 $-C(0)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(0)NR^{37}R^{39}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein  $R^{35}$ ,  $R^{13}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(0)  $R^{15}$ , 140

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R16, R17, R18, R18 and R40 are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and R34 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, R2 is -CR41R42 wherein R41 is aryl, and R42 is hydroxy; and R3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or quinolinyl, purinyl, 145

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aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; wherein R' is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, (12

wherein the R3 pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, 155

alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, 160

alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, 165 170

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alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl,

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arylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{44}R^{45}$  wherein  $R^{44}$  is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{49}$  is alkyl or aralkyl; and

R' is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl,

180 alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,

arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,

nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; provided R³ is not 2-pyridinyl when R¹ is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R¹ is hydrido; further provided R³ is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R¹ is

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer hereof.

hydrido; and further provided R4 is not

methylsulfonylphenyl; or

116. A method of treating a p38 kinase mediated disorder, said method comprising treating the subject having or susceptible to such disorder with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula I

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wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and  $R^1$  is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower

10 hydroxyalkyl and lower alkynyl; and
R² is selected from hydrido and lower alkyl; and
R⁴ is selected from phenyl and benzodioxolyl; wherein
phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more halo
radicals; and

15 R⁵ is selected from hydrido, halo and alkylhydrazinyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

mediated disorder is selected from the group of disorders consisting of bone resorption, graft vs. host reaction, atherosclerosis, arthritis, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, psoriasis, topical inflammatory disease state, adult respiratory distress syndrome, asthma, chronic pulmonary inflammatory disease, cardiac reperfusion injury, renal reperfusion injury, thrombus, glomerulonephritis, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, inflammatory bowel disease and cachexis.

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118. The method of Claim 112 wherein the TNF mediated disorder is inflammation.

- 119. The method of Claim 112 wherein the TNF mediated disease is arthritis.
- 120. The method of Claim 112 wherein the TNF mediated disorder is asthma.
- 121. The method of claim 112 wherein the compound is 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 122. The method of claim 112 wherein the compound is 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or a tautomer thereof.
- 123. The method of Claim 113 wherein the disorder is a p380 kinase mediated disorder.
- 124. The method of Claim 113 wherein the p38 kinase mediated disorder is selected from the group of disorders consisting of bone resorption, graft vs. host reaction, atherosclerosis, arthritis, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid
  - authritis, gout, psoriasis, topical inflammatory disease state, adult respiratory distrass syndrome, asthma, chronic pulmonary inflammatory disease, cardiac reperfusion injury, renal reperfusion injury, thrombus, glomerulonephritis, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, inflammatory bowel disease and cachexia.
- 125. The method of Claim 113 wherein the p38 kinase mediated disorder is inflammation.
- 126. The method of Claim 113 wherein the p38 kinase

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mediated disorder is arthritis.

127. The method of Claim 113 wherein the p38 kinase mediated disorder is asthma.

128. The method of Claim 116 wherein the disorder is a p38 $\alpha$  kinase mediated disorder.

mediated disorder is selected from the group of disorders consisting of bone resorption, graft vs. host reaction, atherosclerosis, arthritis, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, psoriasis, topical inflammatory disease state, adult respiratory distress syndrome, asthma, chronic pulmonary inflammatory disease, cardiac reperfusion injury, renal reperfusion injury, thrombus, glomerulonephritis, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, inflammatory bowel disease and cachexia.

130. The method of Claim 116 wherein the p38 kinase mediated disorder is inflammation.

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131. The method of Claim 116 wherein the p38 kinase mediated disorder is arthritis.

132. The method of Claim 116 wherein the p38 kinase mediated disorder is asthma.

133. A method of preparing pyrazoles of Formula I

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10 ហ arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, R¹ is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl

15 alkyleulfinyl, alkenyleulfinyl, alkynyleulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl,

alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,

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heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,

25 arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene

heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

30

R1 has the formula

wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

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40 35 heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, R²⁵ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,

alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, R27 is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, R26 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl,

**4**5 alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,

50 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene,

60 55 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,

65 aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,

cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,

heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,

alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,

70 alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,

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aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalklylarylene groups arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl,

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alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or R²⁷ is -CHR²⁸R²⁹ wherein R²⁸ is alkoxycarbonyl, and R²⁹ is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,

heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, 80 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and

they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,

alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoryarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkorycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy;

R² is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl,

alkylamino, alkonlamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino cycloalkyl

105 alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio,

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arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl,

carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,
alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,
alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino,
alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl,
wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl,
cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally

substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,

120 alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, or

has the formula:

125 wherein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and m is 0 or 1; and

Rio and Ri are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene,

130 aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and R²² is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, 135 alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

R¹³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(0)R¹⁵, -C(0)OR³⁵, -C(0)OR³⁷, -C(0)OR³⁷, and -SO₂NR³⁷R⁴⁰, wherein R³⁵,

140 hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and  $R^{36},\ R^{37},\ R^{38},\ R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  are independently selected from heterocyclyl; and

R2 is -CR41R42 wherein R41 is aryl, and R42 is hydroxy; and alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or R34 is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl,

145 quinolinyl, purinyl, R3 is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl,

aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; wherein R⁴³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,

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more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or wherein the R³ pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and

155 alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio,

160 aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl,

aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl,

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170 amino, and R45 is alkyl or aralkyl; and arylhydrazinyl, or -NR $^{44}R^{45}$  wherein  $R^{44}$  is alkylcarbonyl or

R' is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R' is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,

175 alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene,

180 alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,

nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

said method comprising the steps of forming an acyl hydrazone and condensing to form the substituted

185

thereof,

hydrazide. hydrazone is formed by reaction of a ketone with an acyl 134. The process of Claim 133 wherein the acyl

condensation is performed at a temperature from about 25 °C to about 200 °C. 135. The process of Claim 133 wherein the

136. A method of preparing pyrazoles of Formula I

710

wherein

R¹ is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkenyl, haloalkenyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, aralkynyl, aralkyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,

arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,
alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl,
heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl,
alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene,
alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino,
15 alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino,

alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, arkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfonyl, akenylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocylylsulfonyl, alkylsminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,

alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,

25 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,

arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,

alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,

heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,

arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and

aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene,

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30 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene, or R¹ has the formula

wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

35

R²⁵ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

40 R²⁶ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkynyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl, and R²⁷ is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,

aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,
45 cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,
cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene,
alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,
alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,

50 alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,

aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,

alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl,

alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,

60 arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,

heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,

- 65 said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, arylthioalklylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,
- 70 alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,
- 75 alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, are optionally substituted with one or more radicals

arylthioalklylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups

is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,  $\mathbb{R}^{27}$  is -CHR²⁰R²⁹ wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{20}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $\mathbb{R}^{29}$ 

- 80 aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and nitro; or or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and heterocylcyl groups are optionally substituted with one
- 85 heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,  $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which
- 90 alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and
- 95 independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; optionally substituted with one or more radicals heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are

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100 aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, R² is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl

arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino,

105 alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocyclyloxy, alkylthio,

110 cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,

120 115 substituted with one or more radicals independently alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,

arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or R2 has the formula:

P31 (CH2) - CC - Z (III)

125

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and

m is 0 or 1; and

alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene,  $\mathbb{R}^{10}$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{21}$  are independently selected from hydrogen,

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aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and R²² is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,

135 alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

R³³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(O)R³⁵, -C(O)OR³⁵, -C(O)NR³⁷R³⁹, and -SO₂NR³⁷R⁴⁰, wherein R³⁵, R³⁷, R³⁹, R³⁹, R³⁹ and R⁴⁰ are independently selected from 140 hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

R³⁴ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or R² is -CR⁴¹R⁴² wherein R⁴¹ is aryl, and R⁴² is hydroxy; and R² is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl,

quinolinyl, purinyl,

145

(NI)

Ξ

wherein R¹³ is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,
150 aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl;
and

wherein the R² pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, aralkyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylaikoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkynlamino, alkynlamino, cycloalkylamino,

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cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino,

aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR"*** wherein R*** is alkylcarbonyl or

amino, and R⁴⁵ is alkyl or aralkyl; and
R⁴ is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,
cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein
R⁴ is optionally substituted with one or more radicals

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independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, aryloxy, aryloxy,

aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

185 thereof, said method comprising the steps of treating a substituted ketone with an acyl hydrazide to give the pyrazole. 137. The process of Claim 136 wherein it is carried out in an acidic solvent.

138. The process of Claim 137 wherein the acidic solvent is acetic acid.

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139. The process of Claim 137 wherein the acidic solvent is an organic solvent containing an acid.

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# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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and making address of the ISA. European Pean Cittics, P.B. 5518 Patentian 2 NL -2280 HV Rishark Tel. (-24170) 340-200, Tx. 31 651 apo rt, Fax: (-21-70) 340-2016	September 1998	Date of the actual completion of theirtemational search	deferry the general state of the air which is not to be of particular delenance or to be of the particular delenance or to be of particular delenance or the particular de	Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	W0 96 03385 A (SEARLE & CO: LEE LEN (US); PENNING THOMAS D (US); KRAMER STEVEN) 8 FEBRUARY 1996 CITED IN the application see abstract; claims 1,8,10 see page 10 - page 13 see page 24 - page 26 see page 41 - page 44 us 5 559 137 A (ADAMS JERRY L ET A 24 September 1996 CITED IN the application see abstract; claim 1. example 1 -/-	CHARLET OF EXCEPTION, WITH PROCESSOR, WHERE APPROPRIES, Of the relevant passages	C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	Occumentation earthed other than minimumdocumeretion to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Bedrando data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search learns used).	Minimum documentation searched (datastication system foliowed by datastication symbols). IPC 6 C07D A61K	8 SEARCHED	A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 6 C0/D401/04 A61K31/415 A61K31/44 A61K31/505 C07D401/1 C07D409/14 C07D413/14 C07D405/14 C07D471/04 C07D477/1 C07D433/02 //(C07D471/04, 237:00, 231:00), (C07D471/04, 237:00, 230:00), (C07D471/04, 237:00, According to Informational Parient Classification (IPC) of the both national dissufficient on or IPC According to Informational Parient Classification (IPC) of the both national dissufficient on or IPC
Authorized officer Paisdor, 8	24/09/1998	Date of mailing of the international search report	"The last occurring a published life the termination life dis- celled to indeversal the principle or theory underlying the cell to undeversal the principle or theory underlying the invention.  "An observation for public the collection of the control to protect the region of cells the controlles of the principle and invention through or cells the controlles of the principle and invention and the collection of the cells	X Patent family members are listed in arriex.	AMER AMER  1 -/	levant passages		such documents are included in the fields so	don symbols)	and the Control of th	44 A61K31/505 C07I 6/14 C07D471/04 C07I 7/231:00),(C07D471/04,23
		ch report	waterial ling data waterial ling data ory undanying the animal invention be considered to be considered to acronize animal acro amend invention are of the acro animal acro an	) аготеж.	1-139	Relevant to claim No.		arched			C07D401/14 C07D417/14 C07D417/14 04,237:00,

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FIELDS	According to intermediated Petern Classefication(IPC) or to both national dissefication and IPC 8. PELLOS SEARCHED	and IPC	
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actronic d	Electronic class base consulted during the international search (name of class base and, where practical, search ferms used)	and, where practical, search terms used)	
a section	C. POCCIMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Catagory	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	ri pessegae	Refevent to claim No.
« ×	CATIVIELA C ET AI: "On the synthesis of 3(5)-(carbomethoxy)-4-hetarylpyrazoles" J. HETROCYCL. CHEM. (JHTCAD, 0022152X):88: VOL.25 (3); PP.851-5, YF002077334 Univ. Zaraqoza; Inst. Clenc. Mater. Araqon; Zaraqoza; So009; Spain (ES) see page 851; examples 3E,3F,4E,4F see page 854	nesis of azoles" 1152X):88; 4 Aragon; 4 -/	1-3, 9-11,15, 16,20,21
	Further documents are listed in the condituation of box C.	X Patent family members are listed in annex.	in annex.
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	NL - 2280 HV Rijawitk Ted. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo rd. Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Paisdor, B	

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## in tional Application No PCT/US 98/10436 INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

C.(Continue	C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Catagory *	Clation of occurrent, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	FISCHER U ET AL: "1,3-0)polar additions to 7-methylthieno'2,3-cipyridine 1,1-dioxide HELV. CHIM. ACTA (HCACAV,0018019X);80; VOL,63 (6); PP 1719-27, XP00207335	1-5, 9-11, 15-22
×	F. ron manife. a Normal and Co., A. Communication of the page 1719; example 4 see page 1720; examples 10,13 see page 1721; examples 16,17,19,20	88-95
: ∢	CHENICAL ABSTRACTS, vol. 098, no. 1, 3 January 1983 Columbus, Ohio, US; abstract no. 004498, POPOVA A RETAL: "Synthesis of Account o	1-3, 9-11,15, 16,20,21
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×	Pearl River; N. Y. see page 981; examples 1-5 see page 982; table I see page 983; table II	88-95
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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

ernational application No.

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Penalty on Protest  The additional pageth have ward accompanied by the angilland's protest
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international Search Report is restricted to the invention list maniforation the claims, it is covered by claims Nos.:
3. As only some of the required additional search here were binely pard by the applicant, this international Search Report covers only those claims for which less were pard specifically claims Nos.:
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional lee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional lee.
1. As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international Search Report covers all searchable claims.
This international Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
Box il Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of Item 2 of first sheet)
<ol> <li>Claims Not: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>Claims logs:</li> <li>Chairs note:</li> <li>person of the international Application that do not compty with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meanwhal international Search can be carried out, specifically:</li> </ol>
]
This international Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
Box i Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of Item 1 of first sheet)

Form PCT/ISA/210 (continuation of first sheet (1)) (July 1992)

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